



**Homes and
Community Renewal**

Kathy Hocu, Governor RuthAnne Visnauskas, Commissioner/CEO

Annual Procurement Report

Fiscal Year 2021 – 2022

For the Period Commencing April 1, 2021 and Ending March 31, 2022

June 9, 2022

***NEW YORK STATE AFFORDABLE
HOUSING CORPORATION***



**Homes and
Community Renewal**



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HOUSING CORPORATION***

Annual Procurement Report

For the Period Commencing April 1, 2021 and Ending March 31, 2022

Annual Procurement Report Index

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TAB 1

Listing of Pre-Qualified Panel



Listing of Pre-Qualified Panel 2021-2022

Audit Services Pre-qualified Panel of the:

- ▶ New York State Affordable Housing Corporation
 - Accounting Firm of Susan Rich, CPA d/b/a Long Island Financial Management Services²
 - BCA Watson Rice¹
 - Cohn Reznick LLP
 - EFPR Group, LLP (*formerly known as Toski & Co., CPAs*)
 - Les S. Thompson & Co., LLP¹
 - Lumsden & McCormick LLP
 - Padilla and Company LLP
 - RSM US (*formerly known as McGladrey LLP*)
 - Tabriztchi & Co., CPA, P.C.
 - Wei Wei & Co., LLP¹

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¹Minority-Owned Business Enterprise

²Women-Owned Business Enterprise

³Minority and Women-Owned Business Enterprise

TAB 2

Summary of AHC's Procurement Activities

Procurement Report for New York State Affordable Housing Corporation

Fiscal Year Ending: 03/31/2022

Run Date: 05/25/2022
 Status: UNSUBMITTED
 Certified Date: N/A

Procurement Information:

Question	Response	URL (If Applicable)
1. Does the Authority have procurement guidelines?	Yes	https://hcr.ny.gov/procurement-and-contract-information
2. Are the procurement guidelines reviewed annually, amended if needed, and approved by the Board?	Yes	
3. Does the Authority allow for exceptions to the procurement guidelines?	No	
4. Does the Authority assign credit cards to employees for travel and/or business purchases?	No	
5. Does the Authority require prospective bidders to sign a non-collusion agreement?	Yes	
6. Does the Authority incorporate a summary of its procurement policies and prohibitions in its solicitation of proposals, bid documents, or specifications for procurement contracts?	Yes	
7. Did the Authority designate a person or persons to serve as the authorized contact on a specific procurement, in accordance with Section 139-j(2)(a) of the State Finance Law, "The Procurement Lobbying Act"?	Yes	
8. Did the Authority determine that a vendor had impermissible contact during a procurement or attempted to influence the procurement during the reporting period, in accordance with Section 139-j(10) of the State Finance Law?	No	
8a. If Yes, was a record made of this impermissible contact?		
9. Does the Authority have a process to review and investigate allegations of impermissible contact during a procurement, and to impose sanctions in instances where violations have occurred, in accordance with Section 139-j(9) of the State Finance Law?	Yes	
10. As required by Section 2880 of the Public Authorities Law, has the Authority prepared a statement on its prompt payment policy?	Yes	Attachment Included
11. As required by Section 2880 of the Public Authorities Law, has the Authority prepared a report on the scope and implementation of its prompt payment policy?	Yes	Attachment Included
12. Is the Authority subject to Article 15-A of the Executive Law?	Yes	
13. Has the Authority designated a person or persons to oversee its MWBE program?	Yes	
14. Does the Authority maintain a current and updated list of qualified certified MWBEs?	Yes	
15. Does the Authority provide notices to professional and other organizations that serve MWBEs as to the types of services procured by the Authority?	Yes	
16. Did the Authority establish a goal for participation by MWBEs in its procurement contracts?	Yes	
a. If yes, what was the goal (percentage of total procurements) for the reporting period?	.3%	
b. What was the actual percentage of total procurements awarded to MWBEs for the reporting period?	0%	

Procurement Report for New York State Affordable Housing Corporation

Fiscal Year Ending: 03/31/2022

Run Date: 05/25/2022
 Status: UNSUBMITTED
 Certified Date: N/A

Procurement Transactions Listing:

1. Vendor Name	Automatic Data Processing, Inc.	Type Of Procurement	Financial Services
Transaction Number	1974	Award Process	Authority Contract - Non-Competitive Bid
Procurement Description	PAYROLL SERVICES	Award Date	10/01/05
Amount Expended for Fiscal Year	\$24,872.00	Begin Date	10/01/05
Amount Expended for Life to Date	\$195,976.00	Renewal Date	
Does the Contract have an End Date	No	End Date	
Current or Outstanding Balance	\$24,872.00	Amount	\$220,848.00
Number of Bids or Proposals Received Prior to Award of Contract	1	Fair Market Value	\$220,848.00
Is the Vendor a NYS or Foreign Business Enterprise?	NYS	Explain why the Fair Market Value is less than the Amount	
Is the Vendor a Minority or Women – Owned Business Enterprise?	No	Status	OPEN
Exemption from the Publication Requirements of Article 4C of the Economic Development Law?	Yes	Were MWBE Firms Solicited as Part of this Procurement Process?	No
If Yes, basis for Exemption	Single Source	Number of Bids and Proposals Received from MWBE Firms	0
Address Line 1	1 ADP Blvd		
Address Line 2			
City	ROSELAND		
State	NJ		
Postal Code	07068		
Plus 4			
Province/Region			
Country	United States		

Procurement Report for New York State Affordable Housing Corporation

Fiscal Year Ending: 03/31/2022

Run Date: 05/25/2022
 Status: UNSUBMITTED
 Certified Date: N/A

Procurement Transactions Listing:

2. Vendor Name	Ernst & Young LLP	Type Of Procurement	Financial Services
Transaction Number	3103	Award Process	Authority Contract - Competitive Bid
Procurement Description	AUDIT SERVICES	Award Date	09/16/15
Amount Expended for Fiscal Year	\$13,600.00	Begin Date	09/16/15
Amount Expended for Life to Date	\$76,454.00	Renewal Date	
Does the Contract have an End Date	Yes	End Date	09/15/21
Current or Outstanding Balance	\$0.00	Amount	\$90,054.00
Number of Bids or Proposals Received Prior to Award of Contract	6	Fair Market Value	
Is the Vendor a NYS or Foreign Business Enterprise?	NYS	Explain why the Fair Market Value is less than the Amount	
Is the Vendor a Minority or Women – Owned Business Enterprise?	No	Status	OPEN
Exemption from the Publication Requirements of Article 4C of the Economic Development Law?		Were MWBE Firms Solicited as Part of this Procurement Process?	Yes
If Yes, basis for Exemption		Number of Bids and Proposals Received from MWBE Firms	0
Address Line 1	5 Times Square		
Address Line 2			
City	NEW YORK		
State	NY		
Postal Code	10035		
Plus 4			
Province/Region			
Country	United States		

Additional Comments

TAB 3

Procurement and Contract Guidelines
(As amended on September 12, 2013)

**PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACT GUIDELINES OF
THE NEW YORK STATE HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY,
STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY,
NEW YORK STATE AFFORDABLE HOUSING CORPORATION,
STATE OF NEW YORK MUNICIPAL BOND BANK AGENCY,
AND TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCING CORPORATION
ESTABLISHING STANDARDS
FOR THE USE, AWARD, MONITORING AND REPORTING
OF PROCUREMENT CONTRACTS**
(effective as of December 15, 2005, revised as of September 12, 2013)

ARTICLE I

1. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY

- a. Statement of Purpose. These Guidelines are adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Acts and §2879 of the Public Authorities Law, as guidelines of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (collectively hereinafter referred to as "Agencies" or each individually as "Agency") and, in accordance therewith, are to be reviewed and approved by the Members and Directors of each respective Agency at least annually.
- b. Applicability. These Guidelines apply to the Procurement by the Agencies of goods or services in the actual or estimated amount of \$5,000 or more.
- c. Title. Outside of this document, these Guidelines may be referred to as the "Procurement and Contract Guidelines" and herein may be referred to as "Guidelines."

ARTICLE II

2. DEFINITION OF TERMS

- a. Definitions. The following terms shall, for purposes of these Guidelines, have the following meanings unless the context shall clearly indicate some other meaning:
 - i. "Act" or "Acts" shall mean, either individually, or collectively, the Acts of each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State

of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation.

- ii. "Agency" or "Agencies" shall mean, either individually or collectively, each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation.
- iii. "Affiliated Agencies" shall mean all of the affiliated and co-located Agencies, being the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, including the Housing Trust Fund Corporation, a subsidiary of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, located in Albany, New York.
- iv. "Annual Procurement Report" shall mean the annual report required by Article XII hereof.
- v. "Article 15-A of the Executive Law" or "Article 15-A" shall mean, the statute that governs the participation by Minority Group Members and women with respect to Agency Contracts.
- vi. "By-Laws" shall mean the By-Laws adopted by the Members and Directors of each Agency.
- vii. "Contact" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, any oral, written or electronic communication from a Contractor or Vendor, or their representatives, with any Agency, under circumstances where a reasonable person would infer that the communication was intended to influence any Agency's conduct or decision regarding an Agency Governmental Procurement.
- viii. "Contract" shall mean a written agreement whereby an Agency undertakes Procurement, and shall include, but not be limited to, accepted Purchase Orders and Procurement Contracts. Contracts in excess of \$25,000 for goods and services and Contracts in excess of \$100,000 for the acquisition, construction, demolition, replacement, major repair, or renovation of real property and improvements thereon are subject to the Agencies' MWBE Directives. Additionally, pursuant to Article 15-A, solely for the purpose of providing the opportunity for meaningful participation for certified MWBEs in the performance of Agency Contracts, Agency Contracts shall

include leases of real property by any Agency to a Lessee where: (a) the terms of such leases provide for the construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon by such Lessee; and (b) the cost of such construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon shall exceed the sum of \$100,000.

- ix. "Contractor" shall mean a supplier of goods or services to any Agency pursuant to a written Contract.
- x. "Counsel" shall mean an attorney in the regular employment of any Agency.
- xi. "Critical Contract" shall mean a Contract which must be awarded within a set time period because delay of the award would have a serious adverse effect on the contracting Agency that outweighs the benefits of advertisement in the "New York State Contract Reporter," as determined by the President, and a Senior Officer designated by the President. Examples of Critical Contracts include Contracts related to bond issuances. All Emergency Selection Contracts shall be Critical Contracts. Emergency Foreign Business Enterprise Contracts are not Critical Contracts unless the Agency independently determines those Contracts to be Critical Contracts.
- xii. "Designated Contact" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, a Contact made between an Offerer and the Agency's Designated Contact Officer(s), as set forth in Article VII of these Guidelines.
- xiii. "Designated Contact Officer(s)" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, the person(s) the Agency appoints to such position, in accordance with the provisions of the Lobbying Law, who may be the recipient of Designated Contacts, as set forth in Articles VII and XI of these Guidelines.
- xiv. "Designated MWBE Officer(s)" shall mean the senior staff member(s) the Agency appoints to such position, who reports directly to the President to oversee the Agencies' MWBE Program, as set forth in Articles VI and XI of these Guidelines.
- xv. "Determination of Responsibility" shall mean, in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, a final determination required to be made by the Agency of the proposed Contractor or Vendor to whom the Contract is to be awarded in accordance with Public Authorities Law § 2879 (3) (b)

(iii). For Determinations of Responsibility hereunder, the Lobbying Law requires that proposed Contractors and Vendors disclose findings of non-responsibility against them within the previous four years by any other governmental agency.

- xvi. "Director(s)" shall mean the Directors of each of the State of New York Mortgage Agency and State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and collectively, both of them.
- xvii. "Discriminatory Jurisdiction" shall mean any other county, nation, province, state or political subdivision thereof which employs a preference or price distorting mechanism to the detriment of, or otherwise discriminates against, a New York State Business Enterprise in the Procurement of goods or services by the same, or a non-governmental entity influenced by the same.
- xviii. "Disparity Study of 2010" or "Disparity Study" shall refer to the disparity study commissioned by the Empire State Development Corporation ("ESDC"), pursuant to Article 15-A, and published on April 29, 2010.
- xix. "Emergency Foreign Business Enterprise Contract" shall mean any Contract awarded on an emergency or critical basis or where the New York State Commissioner of Economic Development (hereinafter referred to as the "Commissioner") waives provisions otherwise applying to Contracts with Foreign Business Enterprises which are equal to or greater than \$1,000,000, pursuant to Article VIII of these Guidelines.
- xx. "Emergency Selection Contract" shall mean any Contract exempt from competitive selection due to an Agency determination of an emergency justifying such exemption.
- xxi. "Employee" shall mean an employee of any Agency, whether full or part time.
- xxii. "Ethics Officer" shall mean the person the Agency appoints to such position for purposes of administering matters in connection with the State Ethics laws, or any other State law which requires the existence of such an officer to review, monitor and impose sanctions related to Procurement matters including, but not limited to, Lobbying Law Directives.
- xxiii. "Foreign Business Enterprise" shall mean a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation, which offers for sale, lease or other form of exchange, goods sought by any Agency and which are substantially produced outside the State, or services sought by any Agency, and which are substantially performed outside the State.

- xxiv. "Formal Contract" shall mean a Contract which is required to be in writing and formally executed by the Contractor and the Agency.
- xxv. "Formal Solicitation" shall mean a Request for Proposal process.
- xxvi. "Governance Committee Member(s)" shall mean the members of each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, and collectively, all of them.
- xxvii. "Governmental Procurement" shall mean the (a) public announcement, public notice, or public communication to any potential Vendor of a determination of a need for a Procurement, which shall include, but not be limited to, the public notification of the specifications, bid documents, RFPs, or evaluation criteria for a Procurement Contract, (b) solicitation for a Procurement Contract, (c) evaluation of a Procurement Contract, (d) award, approval, denial or disapproval of a Procurement Contract, or (e) approval or denial of an assignment, amendment (other than amendments that are authorized and payable under the terms of the Procurement Contract as it was finally awarded or approved by the State's comptroller, as applicable), renewal or extension of a Procurement Contract, or any other material change in the Procurement Contract resulting in a financial benefit to the Offerer.
- xxviii. "Guidelines" shall mean these Guidelines, as they may be amended from time to time.
- xxix. "Impermissible Contact" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, any Contact that is not a Designated Contact.
- xxx. "Informal Solicitation" shall mean a Request for Bid process.
- xxxi. "Invitation for Bid" process or "IFB" shall mean the informal solicitation, by way of a statement of qualification, proposal and/or, as appropriate, price bid from at least three prospective Contractors or Vendors, one of which shall be from a MWBE, if possible, for Procurements not expected to exceed \$50,000. Procurements anticipated to exceed \$25,000 or more must include MWBE participation goals.
- xxxii. "Lessee" shall have the same meaning defined in Article 15-A.

- xxxiii. "Lobbying Law Directives" shall mean, in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, the requirements of the provisions of the Lobbying Law, and as set forth in Article VII of these Guidelines.
- xxxiv. "Lobbying Law" shall mean the provisions of the Legislative Law and the State Finance Law enacted on August 23, 2005, Chapter 1 of the laws of 2005 and amended on March 20, 2010, Chapter 4 of the laws of 2010.
- xxxv. "Member(s)" shall mean the members of each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation, and collectively, all of them.
- xxxvi. "Minority Owned Business Enterprise" or "MBE" shall mean any business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation, that is:
- (1) at least 51% owned by one or more Minority Group Members, or in the case of a publicly-owned business, at least 51% of the common stock or other voting interests of which is owned by one or more Minority Group Members;
 - (2) an enterprise in which the minority ownership is real, substantial and continuing;
 - (3) an enterprise in which the minority ownership has, and exercises, the authority to control independently the day-to-day business decisions of the enterprise;
 - (4) an enterprise authorized to do business in the State, independently owned and operated, and not dominant in its field;
 - (5) an enterprise owned by an individual or individuals, whose ownership, control and operation are relied upon for certification, with a Personal Net Worth that does not exceed \$3.5 million, as adjusted annually on the first of January for inflation according to the consumer price index of the previous year; and
 - (6) an enterprise that is a Small Business.
- xxxvii. "Minority and/or Women-Owned Business Enterprise" or "MWBE" shall mean any business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation, that meets the qualifications for an MBE, a WBE, or both an MBE and a WBE.

xxxviii. "Minority Group Member" shall mean a United States citizen or permanent resident alien who is and can demonstrate membership in one of the following groups:

- (1) Black persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin;
- (2) Hispanic persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Dominican, Cuban, Central or South American of either Indian or Hispanic origin, regardless of race;
- (3) Native American or Alaskan native persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America; or
- (4) Asian and Pacific Islander persons having origins in any of the Far East countries, Southeast Asia, the Indian sub-continent or the Pacific Islands.

xxxix. "MWBE Director" shall mean the director of the division of minority and women's business development in the Department of Economic Development.

xl. "MWBE Directives" shall mean the requirements of the Agencies' MWBE Program in accordance with the provisions in §2879 of the Public Authorities Law and Article 15-A, and as set forth in Article VI of these Guidelines.

xli. "MWBE Program" shall mean the Agencies' Procurement procedures and policies for providing opportunity for meaningful participation of certified businesses in the performance of Agency Contracts, as more fully described in Article VI of these Guidelines.

xlii. "New York State Business Enterprise" or "NYSBE" shall mean a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation, which offers for sale or lease or other form of exchange, goods which are sought by any Agency and which are substantially manufactured, produced or assembled in the State, or services which are sought by any Agency and which are substantially performed within the State.

xliii. "Offerer" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, an individual or entity, or any employee, agent or consultant or person acting on behalf of such individual or entity, that contacts any Agency about an Agency Governmental

Procurement during the Restricted Period of such Agency Governmental Procurement, whether or not the caller has a financial interest in the outcome of the Governmental Procurement.

- xliv. "Officer" shall mean any person so defined in the By-Laws of the Agencies.
- xlv. "Permissible Contact" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, a Designated Contact.
- xlvi. "Permissible Subject Matter Communication" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, the communications set forth as such in Article VII of these Guidelines.
- xlvii. "Personal Net Worth" shall have the same meaning defined in Article 15-A.
- xlviii. "Personal Services" shall mean any services performed for fee, commission or other compensation by persons or organizations who are not providing such services as Officers or Employees of any Agency or any State agency or public corporation.
- xlix. "Preferred Source" shall mean the status afforded to certain contractors or vendors for purposes of Procurement under §162 of the State Finance Law.
 - 1. "President and Chief Executive Officer" or "President" shall mean the Senior Officer having such title according each Agency's By-Laws.
 - li. "Procurement" shall mean the acquisition of goods, materials and services including, but not limited to, Personal Services, by any Agency. The term goods shall include, but not be limited to, personal property, including furniture, fixtures, stationery and supplies. Services shall include, but not be limited to, the performance of legal, accounting, management, consulting, investment banking, planning, training, statistical, research, public relations, architectural, engineering, surveying or other Personal Services of a consulting, professional or technical nature for a fee, commission or other compensation by a person or persons who are not providing such service as Officers or Employees of any Agency or any State agency or public corporation.

- lii. "Procurement and Contract Guidelines" shall mean the guidelines to Procurement of goods or services by the Agencies, adopted by the Agencies' Members and Directors on December 15, 2005 and revised as of September 14, 2010, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts and §2879 of the Public Authorities Law, as guidelines of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation.
- liii. "Procurement Contract(s)" shall mean, (a) *(following the definition in §2879 of the Public Authorities Law)* any written agreement for Procurement in the actual or estimated amount of \$5,000 or more or (b) *(following the definition in the Lobbying Law for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000)* any Contract, including an amendment, extension, renewal, or change order to an existing Contract (other than amendments, extensions, renewals, or change orders that are authorized and payable under the terms of the Contract as it was finally awarded), for a Governmental Procurement.
- liv. "Procurement Contract Officer" shall mean the person appointed by the President to such position, as set forth in Article XI of these Guidelines.
- lv. "Procurement Record" shall mean documentation of the decisions made and the approach taken in the Procurement process together with other documentation with respect to Contracts and Contractors/Vendors, as set forth in these Guidelines.
- lvi. "Purchase Order(s)" shall mean written authorization to a Vendor to deliver specified goods or services at a stipulated price.
- lvii. "Quarterly Procurement Report(s)" shall mean the quarterly reports required by Article XII, as described herein.
- lviii. "Request for Proposal" or "RFP" shall mean the formal solicitation, by way of a detailed description of services and/or related work required by any Agency, of a comprehensive response from qualified potential Contractors or Vendors, indicating the manner in which each would perform the tasks involved and the compensation requested, which response would be the basis for a contractual agreement. *(It is generally expected that a qualifying response to an RFP would be sufficiently comprehensive to supply all essential information necessary to enter into a Contract.)*

- lix. "Request for Qualification or "RFQ" shall mean a request for statement of qualifications, which shall contain detailed information, so as to enable recipients to determine the desirability of participating in the selection process and to develop a competitive statement. An RFQ may request other information in addition to qualifications. *(An RFQ requests less information than an RFP. The response may or may not provide enough information upon which to base a Contract, but if it is not sufficient to base a Contract upon, supplementary information would likely be necessary to determine the scope of tasks to be performed under the Contract.)*
- lx. "Restricted Period" shall mean, for purposes of applying the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000, the period of time commencing with the earliest determination of a Procurement need by any Agency to any potential Contractor or Vendor, including, but not limited to, any oral or written communication, notice, advertisement or solicitation of an RFP, invitation for bids, or solicitation of proposals, or any other method for soliciting a response from contractors or vendors intending to result in a Procurement Contract with the Agency and ending with the Agency's approval of the final Contract award.
- lxi. "Senior Officer" shall mean a Senior Officer as defined in the By-Laws of the Agencies.
- lxii. "Senior Vice President and Counsel" shall mean the Senior Vice President and Counsel of the Agencies.
- lxiii. "Single Source Contract" shall mean a Contract awarded without competitive procedures as a result of a determination by the Agency, approved in writing by the President and a Senior Officer designated by the President, that one firm is uniquely qualified or has a unique advantage with respect to the provision of a particular service or good, such that competitive procedures are rendered futile.
- lxiv. "Small Business" shall have the same meaning defined in Article 15-A.
- lxv. "Sole Source Contract" shall mean a Contract awarded without competitive procedures as a result of a determination by the Agency, approved in writing by the President and a Senior Officer designated by the President, that there is only one source for a particular service or good, such that competitive procedures are rendered futile.
- lxvi. "State" shall mean the State of New York.
- lxvii. "Vendor" shall mean a supplier of goods or services to any Agency.

Ixviii. "Women-Owned Business Enterprise ("WBE")" shall mean a business enterprise, including a sole proprietorship, partnership or corporation that is:

- (1) at least 51% owned by one or more United States citizens or permanent resident aliens who are women or, in the case of a publicly-owned business, at least 51% percent of the common stock or other voting interests of which is owned by United States citizens or permanent resident aliens who are women;
- (2) an enterprise in which the ownership interest of women is real, substantial and continuing;
- (3) an enterprise in which the women ownership has, and exercises, the authority to control independently the day-to-day business decisions of the enterprise;
- (4) an enterprise authorized to do business in the State, independently owned and operated, and not dominant in its field;
- (5) an enterprise owned by an individual or individuals, whose ownership, control and operation are relied upon for certification, with a Personal Net Worth that does not exceed \$3.5 million, as adjusted annually on the first of January for inflation according to the consumer price index of the previous year; and
- (6) an enterprise that is a Small Business.

b. Construction of Language. Any other capitalized terms used herein shall have the meaning given by the By-Laws. Except where the context otherwise requires, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa.

ARTICLE III

3. USE OF PROCUREMENT CONTRACTORS AND VENDORS

a. Threshold Criteria for Use of Procurement Contractors for Personal Services. The general responsibilities of the Agencies are performed by Employees. Accordingly, it is the policy of the Agencies that before Personal Services are used, it first be considered whether it would be more appropriate for Employees to provide such services. Personal Services Contractors may be used when it has been determined:

- (1) that such service is necessary or convenient to the performance of any Agency's responsibilities, and;
- (2) (x) that such service is not available from Employees, or;
(y) that the performance of such service requires it be undertaken by someone independent of the Agencies, or;
(z) that use of personnel of any Agency for such service would not be efficient or cost effective.

Such determination shall be made by a Senior Officer except that, in the case of Personal Services set forth below in this Article, such determination may be made by Senior Officers as they may deem administratively appropriate. Non-Personal Services Contracts shall be entered into when any Agency requires goods, materials and non-Personal Services to function effectively and efficiently.

- b. Areas Requiring Use of Procurement Contracts for Personal Services. Personal Services Contracts have typically been and are anticipated to be executed in the following areas, pursuant to a determination of appropriateness in accordance with the requirements of subparagraph a. of this Article:

Types of Services, Responsibilities and Description of Services to be Provided.

- i. Appraisal. Provide appraisals, analyses and reports with respect to properties which are or may be the subject of Agency loans or loans insured by the Agency.
- ii. Architectural and Engineering. Provide professional architectural and/or engineering services relative to the construction of properties which are or may be the subject of Agency loans, or loans insured by the Agency.
- iii. Audit and Accounting. Provide audit services pertaining to the year-end preparation of financial statements for the Agency in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles. Perform special audits as requested.
- iv. Custody & Safekeeping Services. Provide custody and safekeeping services to secure Agency investments and receive and evaluate underlying collateral for secured Agency investments.
- v. Equipment Maintenance. Provide maintenance for the routine service or repair of office and data processing equipment.
- vi. Information Technology Consulting. Provide analyses and recommendations on the Agencies' data processing structure and operations.

- vii. Information Technology Services. Provide report generating and printing services, computer systems hardware, programming and related services to the Agency(s).
- viii. Investment Banking. Provide: (a) financial advisory services; (b) marketing services for Agency bond issues; and (c) recommendations and analyses with respect to Agency investments, and the preparation, sale, marketing and distribution of Agency bond issues.
- ix. Legal. Provide legal services, opinions and analyses related to bond and note financings, real estate matters, corporate matters, litigation matters and labor matters.
- x. Management Consulting. Provide analyses and recommendations concerning the Agencies' organizational structure and the management of its operations.
- xi. Minority Business Enterprise Consultants. Provide technical assistance in the Agencies' effort to facilitate MBE participation in Agency programs.
- xii. Printing. Provide: (a) financial printing services based upon specifications and details developed by the Agency; (b) technical printing services relative to the reproduction of loan and insurance documents; (c) graphic, layout and printing services in connection with production of the Agencies' annual report(s); and any special reports that may be required; and (d) other printing and offset services.
- xiii. Training. Provide supervisory and other skills training to Agency Officers and Employees.
- xiv. Trustee Banking Services. Provide banking services to monitor the timely receipt of payments, retirement of debt, collateral evaluations and other services as required by the various bond resolutions.
- xv. Others. The examples of Personal Services listed above in clauses (i) through (xiv) reflect anticipated Personal Services and are not meant to be exhaustive; other services, in other areas, may be utilized subject to these Guidelines.

These Personal Services are not required to be provided as Personal Services Contracts, and may sometimes be performed by Agency staff.

ARTICLE IV

4. SELECTION OF PROCUREMENT VENDORS AND CONTRACTORS.

- a. Preferred Selection Criteria and Approach. It is the preference of the Agencies that Vendors and Contractors shall be selected from as broad a spectrum of providers as is practicable, and that Contracts be awarded and purchases be made consistent with the quality of services, or goods and materials required, at fair and reasonable prices. In addition, it is the preference of the Agencies to encourage the participation and utilization of MWBEs in accordance with the MWBE Directives, as set forth in Article VI of these Guidelines and to encourage the participation of New York State Business Enterprises. Contracts shall be regulated in accordance with Lobbying Law Directives, and as set forth in Article VII of these Guidelines.
- b. Selection on a Competitive Basis. It is the preference of the Agencies that Procurement, unless otherwise prescribed, be by competitive process, and that the process be as competitive as is possible. It is the policy of the Agencies that the selection of Procurement Contractors and Vendors be exempt from the competitive process only under certain exceptional circumstances as specified herein. As appropriate, the following competitive processes may be used in order to select Contractors and Vendors:
 - i. Competitive Lowest Price Bid for Goods or Materials. Solicitation of at least three price bids, one of which shall be from a MWBE, if feasible, for specified Procurement, other than Personal Services (goods and materials), to be awarded to qualifying Contractors or Vendors primarily on the basis of the lowest price. Competitive bids are to be solicited when the goods and materials required are of a standardized nature that may reasonably be made the subject of specifications to which bidders respond with required qualification data and price offers.
 - ii. Invitation for Bid (“IFB”) process for Contracts Not Expected to Exceed \$50,000. If a Senior Officer determines it is appropriate, an Agency may commence an informal Procurement process by soliciting statements of qualifications, proposals and, as appropriate, price bids from at least three prospective Contractors or Vendors, one of which shall be from a MWBE, if feasible, for Procurements not expected to exceed \$50,000. Procurements valued at \$25,000 or more must include MWBE participation goals. Award of a Contract within this method is made on the basis of an evaluation of the characteristics, quality and cost of such statements of qualifications and proposals.
 - iii. RFP (without negotiation). Solicitation of specific proposals which indicate an understanding of identified financial, organizational, logistical and technical requirements and/or problems, and which detail elements of

performance, including techniques and procedures as well as prices. Award of a Contract within this method is made on the basis of a formal evaluation of the characteristics, quality and cost of such proposals.

- iv. RFP with Competitive Negotiations. Solicitation of qualifying potential Contractors or Vendors who have submitted materials pursuant to: (a) an RFP to further negotiate their proposals; (b) an RFP which stated that the Agency might further negotiate proposals; or (c) a determination by the Agency, subsequent to issuing an RFP, that further negotiation is appropriate or that the RFP should be revised to permit further negotiations. Further negotiation may include, but shall not be limited to, prices for Contract award on the basis of a formal evaluation of the characteristics, quality and cost of such proposals.
- v. Pre-qualified Panel. The Agency may select Contractors for any Procurement activity from a qualified panel of potential Contractors, selected on the basis of an RFP or RFQ. The purpose of using a pre-qualified panel is to allow aspects of the competitive process to be addressed early in a phased selection process. This is so that Vendors and Contractors on the panel can be subsequently engaged on an accelerated or more efficient basis. In accordance therewith, panels shall be administered so that the Contract award is based upon a formal evaluation of qualifications and/or the subsequent negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation for specific services actually required. At such time as a panel is created, the Agency shall document for the Procurement Record with respect to that panel, which aspects of the competitive process (a) are being addressed prior to the panel's establishment and (b) shall be fulfilled subsequent to the establishment of the panel. The award of assignments to respective Vendors on a panel need not be based purely on competitive selection processes, to the extent that assignments based on distribution of workload, distribution of risk, and/or a policy of rotation intended to benefit the Agency are reasonable. Panels shall be identified to the Agency Procurement Contract Officer, reported in the Annual Procurement Contract Report, and reviewed and recertified annually to the Agencies' Procurement Contract Officer by the Agency Officer in charge of administering the panel.
- vi. State Contract. Any Agency can enter into Contracts with eligible Vendors, where the State has engaged in a competitive process to create eligible Vendors; and an Agency can enter into a Contract with those Vendors for such services upon comparable terms, provided a Senior Officer determines this is appropriate.
- vii. GSA Contract (or contract of the U.S. General Services Administration or US GSA). Any Agency can enter into Contracts with eligible Vendors, where the US GSA has engaged in a competitive process to create eligible

Vendors; and an Agency can enter into a Contract with those Vendors for such services upon comparable terms, provided a Senior Officer determines this is appropriate.

viii. Affiliated Agency Contract or Affiliated Agency Competitive Selection Process. Whenever an Affiliated Agency has completed a competitive process to create a list of Vendors eligible for the provision of goods or services, any other Agency can enter into a Contract with those Vendors for such services, if for the same services and upon comparable terms. Whenever an Affiliated Agency has engaged in a competitive process, and that process has not yet created a list of eligible Vendors, and an Agency can complete that process to create eligible Vendors, the Agency may do so in order to enter into a Contract with those Vendors for such services for which Vendors are ultimately determined eligible to provide, provided a Senior Officer determines this is appropriate.

c. Selection on a Non- Competitive Basis. The competitive processes established above in this Article shall not apply or are hereby waived in the following situations:

i. Preferred Source Providers. Every Agency Procurement shall be conducted in accordance with §162 of the State Finance Law, which, in certain instances, affords Preferred Source status to certain Contractors and Vendors to advance special social and economic goals and precludes the use of competitive selection procedures.

ii. Existing Centralized State Contracts. Any Agency may carry out a Procurement using existing centralized State Contracts pursuant to which the Agencies are eligible to procure goods and/or services, according to the State negotiated terms.

iii. Existing GSA Contracts. Any Agency may carry out a Procurement using existing centralized GSA Contracts pursuant to which the Agencies are eligible to procure goods and/or services, according to the State negotiated terms.

iv. Emergency. When an emergency requires that selection of a Contractor or Vendor cannot be delayed long enough for the use of a competitive procedure because immediate action is required, the President, and a Senior Officer designated by the President, may award a Contract, as the President and the designated Senior Officer deems appropriate, without competitive procedures or following less than the full complement of competitive procedures which would otherwise be required. Circumstances requiring such immediate action must be significant, such as those affecting property of the Agency(s), life, health or safety. Emergencies should only arise out

of accident or other unforeseen occurrence. The circumstances under which such Contract was entered into shall be set forth and maintained in the Procurement Record. Such record should, among other things, address whether such circumstances should have been foreseen. Consideration should always be given to whether a Contract entered into on an emergency basis can be supplanted by a subsequent Contract entered into through a competitive process. If the Emergency Contract exceeds \$100,000 in amount or one year in duration, the Contract must be taken to the next Agency Governance Meeting or Board Meeting for approval. The emergency nature of the Contract must be shown in the Quarterly Procurement Report covering the period in which the Contract was executed.

- v. Sole Source Contract. Sole Source Contracts may be awarded without competitive procedures as a result of a determination by the Agency, approved in writing by the President and a Senior Officer designated by the President. For purposes of determining whether a Contract is a Sole Source Contract, the Agency shall identify if there is only one source for a particular service or good, such that competitive procedures are rendered futile.
- vi. Single Source Contract. Single Source Contracts may be awarded without competitive procedures as a result of a determination by the Agency, approved in writing by the President and a Senior Officer designated by the President. Competitive procedures may be considered futile for purposes of determining whether a Contract is a Single Source Contract, if, among other things, the submission of bids or proposals by other Contractors or Vendors would not afford them a meaningful likelihood of selection. Any time the Agency considers it appropriate, the Agency may conclusively reach such a determination by relying upon the determination of the State or an Affiliated Agency that a Vendor is uniquely qualified, if the Agency seeks to enter into a Contract or contract with those Vendors for such services upon comparable terms.
- vii. Inconsistent Industry Selection Process with Competitive Price Assurance. Where practice in an industry does not normally involve competitive submission of proposals and where it is determined that it would be cost-effective to award such Contract or otherwise select from among possible Vendors in some other manner, provided steps are taken to assure that the cost is comparable to that generally charged for similar goods or services, and that the Procurement Record contains written evidence of these steps, a Contract may be awarded without competitive process.

- viii. Competitive Proposal Exception for Contracts Not Expected to Exceed \$5,000. In the case of Contracts not expected to exceed \$5,000, if it is determined that soliciting at least three Vendors is not appropriate, such Contract may be awarded without soliciting competitive proposals, if a clear scope of goods or services is utilized and due consideration is given to the market value of such goods or services.
- ix. Option to Waive Competition for Certain Kinds of Contracts. Notwithstanding any other provision of law requiring competition, the competitive process may be waived to include Contracts for the purchase of goods or services from Small Businesses or certified MWBEs, or goods or technology that are recycled or remanufactured, in amounts at or below \$200,000.

ARTICLE V

5. STANDARDS AND PRACTICES FOR COMPETITIVE SELECTION OF CONTRACTORS.

It is the policy of the Agencies to seek out the maximum practicable number of qualified Vendors interested in offering their goods or services to the Agencies and to establish certain minimum standards for their selection. The following standards shall apply:

- a. Advertisement Requirements for Competitive Source Selection Methods. The solicitation of bids, proposals, offers or submissions of qualification data from Vendors with respect to Contracts shall be made by the Agencies in a manner determined by the President, or a Senior Officer designated by the President, to be the most cost effective for providing reasonable competition for the Agencies' Contracts. This may include advertisement in appropriate newspapers or trade journals, direct mailings to firms considered qualified and such other outreach mechanisms as are consistent with the policy of these Guidelines, including outreach efforts to MWBEs in accordance with the provisions of Article VI herein and the Agencies' MWBE Goal Plan ("MWBE Goal Plan"), and including providing information with respect thereto via the Agencies' website. In addition, in the case of Procurement Contracts in the actual or estimated amount of \$50,000 or more, and in the establishment of pre-qualified panels, as of January 1, 1990, the Agencies shall advertise all such opportunities in the "New York State Contract Reporter" or "Reporter," the official weekly listing of bidding opportunities for the State published by the New York State Department of Economic Development, and any other publication as required by State law, unless the Contract is determined to be a Critical Contract. Already advertised Contract opportunities being re-bid or re-solicited within 45 business days after proposals were originally due, pursuant to publication in the "Reporter," are not required to be published again. Contracts determined to be Single Source Contracts need not be advertised in the "Reporter,"

but in many instances such advertising should be done to assist in the determination that a Contract is a Single Source Contract.

- b. Minimum of Three Prospective Vendors for Competitively Bid Procurement Contracts. For all Procurement Contracts required to be selected on a competitive basis, the Agency shall solicit statements of qualifications, proposals and, as appropriate, price bids from at least three prospective Vendors. In the case of Contracts not expected to exceed \$5,000, the Agency shall solicit prices, statements of qualifications and proposals from at least three prospective Vendors unless the Agency affirmatively determines it is not appropriate. The Agency shall include at least one MWBE, if feasible, in all Procurement processes for contracts not expected to exceed \$25,000.
- c. Requirements for Agency Bid Documents. Except for Procurement Contracts for which the Agency(s) would be expending funds received from another state, the Agencies shall include in all bid documents provided to potential bidders a statement that information concerning the availability of State subcontractors and suppliers is available from the State Department of Economic Development, which shall include the directory of certified MWBEs, and an affirmative statement that it is the policy of the Agencies to encourage the use of State subcontractors and suppliers, and to promote the participation of MWBEs, where possible, in the Procurement of goods and services. Additional requirements for Agency Bid Documents relating to the Agencies policies to promote the participation of New York State Business Enterprises is more fully described in Article VIII.8.a. of these Guidelines.

The Agencies shall also require that solicitation documents set forth the expected degree of MWBE participation based, in part, on (1) the potential subcontract opportunities available in the prime Procurement Contract; and (2) the availability of MWBEs to respond competitively to the potential subcontract opportunities.

- i. Required Bid Notices to Professional and other Organizations serving MWBEs. In an effort to award Procurement Contracts to MWBEs in compliance with the Agencies' MWBE Procurement goals, as set forth in the Agencies' MWBE Goal Plan, the Agencies shall provide notice of Governmental Procurements, along with any other notice required by law, to professional and other organizations serving MWBEs that provide the types of services procured by the Agencies. Professional and other organizations can include, but is not limited to, social networking websites, magazines, and/or newspapers catering to a majority of MBE and/or WBE clientele. For the purposes of these Procurement efforts and for other Agency Procurement efforts, the Agencies shall establish procedures for maintaining list(s) of qualified MWBEs. In addition, the Agencies shall establish procedures for maintaining lists to include media outlets and other organizations serving MWBEs. The Agencies will provide such list(s) to

Contractors in the Procurement process, requiring that potential Contractors shall consult and contact appropriate MWBEs to solicit their bids, in accordance with Article VI of these Guidelines.

- ii. Lobbying Law Directives. All Agency solicitations for proposals, bid documents and specifications for Procurement Contracts shall incorporate a summary of the Agencies' policies and prohibitions regarding Contacts under the Lobbying Law, pursuant to the Lobbying Law Directives as described in Article VII of these Guidelines and in the Agencies' Lobbying Reform Law Policies.
 - iii. Promoted Contracts. All Agency solicitations shall follow the directives for the participation of promoted Contracts, as is more fully described in Article VIII of these Guidelines.
- d. Criteria for Selection. Procurement Contracts shall be entered into based on an evaluation of all proposals or bids received, considering all relevant factors, including, but not limited to terms, costs, goods or services offered, experience and capabilities, financial security, reputation in the field, staff availability, personnel expected to be involved and possible conflicts of interest. Where a Senior Officer determines that there is a suitably neutral and reliable publisher or publicly available industry ratings or evaluations of products or firm qualifications, such ratings or evaluations may be allowed to substitute, in whole or in part, as determined to be appropriate, for required submission of qualifications where it is determined that requiring independent submission of such from Vendors would be duplicative. The criterion for selection are not intended to supersede the fact that the Agencies have certain promoted Contracts and certain prohibited Contracts and Contracts subject to limitations, as set forth in Article VIII of these Guidelines.
- e. Compliance with Additional Procedures for Requests for Proposals and Requests for Qualifications. The Agencies shall also comply with any additional procedures issued by it, from time to time, with respect to the conduct of Requests For Proposals and Requests For Qualifications.

ARTICLE VI.

6. MWBE PROGRAM ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES FOR MWBE PARTICIPATION AND UTILIZATION IN AGENCY PROCUREMENTS

The requirements of the Agencies' MWBE Program, in accordance with the provisions of §2879 of the Public Authorities Law, Article 15-A, and the directives of the Governor, and as set forth in this Article, shall be referred to as the Agencies' MWBE Directives. The Agencies shall work to increase MWBE participation and utilization through certain Procurement procedures, as described in the Agencies' consolidated Annual MWBE Goal

Plan and these Guidelines, and incorporated in the Agencies' MWBE Program. These procedures shall include (i) the appointment of a Designated MWBE Officer(s) by the President to oversee the Agencies' MWBE Program, as described more fully in Article XI of these Guidelines, (ii) the establishment of appropriate goals for participation by MWBEs in Procurement Contracts awarded by the Agencies and (iii) the utilization of MWBEs as subcontractors and suppliers by Contractors having Procurement Contracts with the Agencies.

The Agencies have established numerical participation target goals identified in their MWBE Goal Plan based on the findings of the Disparity Study and directives from the Governor. For each new Contract, the Agencies shall gauge the appropriateness of the Procurement goals by considering the availability of Contractors to perform the Contract's anticipated scope of services, weighted by the extent those scope of services represent the total Contract price.

In the event the projected goals cannot be achieved, the Agencies will provide adequate documentation of a good faith effort to meet these goals in its submission of its Annual MWBE Goal Plan.

The Agencies, for the purposes of reaching these goals, shall establish procedures for maintaining list(s) of qualified and certified MWBEs, that have expressed an interest in doing business with the Agencies, and ensuring that such lists are updated periodically, but no less than once annually, and include a firm profile that will, if possible, describe the firm's history, key personnel and core work areas. The Agencies shall also consult the list(s) of certified MWBEs maintained by the Department of Economic Development, pursuant to Article 15-A.

The Agencies shall update these MWBE participation goals annually in an effort to (1) obtain the maximum feasible participation of MWBEs in Agency Contracts, (2) evaluate each Contract to determine the appropriateness of the goal, and (3) examine Agency goals to determine if their implementation will duplicate or conflict with any federal law. The Agencies shall waive the applicability of these goals to the extent of such duplication or conflict. These MWBE goals are subject to change by industry and region pursuant to findings contained within the Disparity Study of 2010, future Disparity Studies by the ESDC and Agency findings evidencing relevant industry and region-specific availability of certified MWBEs

- b. Requirements to Conduct Procurements to Ensure Maximum Participation and Utilization by MWBEs. To enable the Agencies to achieve the maximum feasible portion of the Agencies' goals established in their MWBE Goal Plan, that eliminates barriers to participation by MWBEs in the Agencies' Procurements, Agency MWBE Directives shall include:
 - i. Measures and Procedures. The Agency shall establish measures and procedures to: (a) ensure that certified MWBEs shall be given the

opportunity for maximum feasible participation in the performance of Agency Contracts; and (b) to assist in the Agencies' identification of those Agency Contracts for which certified MWBEs may best bid to actively and affirmatively promote and assist their participation in the performance of Agency Contracts so as to facilitate the Agencies' achievement of the maximum feasible portion of the goals for Agency Contracts to such businesses. The Agencies' measures and procedures shall include the following MWBE Directives:

- (1) For competitive Procurements requiring a minimum of three bids, quotes must be obtained from at least one MBE or WBE. If not feasible, the reasons for not doing so shall be documented in writing and included in the Procurement record. Agency staff issuing solicitations will comply with this requirement whenever MWBEs are available for goods or services being procured;
- (2) Encouraging Contractors to consider partnering with MWBEs, if feasible; and practicable; and
- (3) For non-competitive Procurements, Agency staff issuing the solicitation shall strongly consider using a certified MWBE, if available, and if the MWBE meets the needs of the Agency.

- ii. Designation of the Division of Minority and Women-Owned Business Development ("Division of MWBEs"). The Agencies shall designate the Division of MWBEs to certify and decertify MWBEs for the Agencies.
- iii. Expected Degree of MWBE Participation. The Agencies shall require that each Contract solicitation set forth the expected degree of MWBE participation, as set forth in Article VI of these Guidelines.:
- iv. Current List of MWBEs. The Agencies shall provide a current list of certified MWBEs to each prospective Contractor, as set forth in Article VI of these Guidelines.
- v. Joint Ventures and MWBE Participation Goals. The MBE portion or the WBE portion of joint ventures shall count toward meeting the Agencies' MWBE participation goals. A firm owned by a Minority Group Member who is also a woman may be certified as a MBE, a WBE, or both, and may be counted towards either a MBE goal or a WBE goal, in regard to any Contract or any goal, set by the Agencies, but such participation may not be counted towards both such goals. Such an enterprise's participation in a Contract may not be divided between the MBE goal and the WBE goal.

- vi. Waiver of Obligations of Contractor relating to MWBE Participation. The Agencies may waive obligations of the Contractor relating to MWBE participation after a showing of good faith effort to comply with the MWBE participation requirements, pursuant Chapter 174 and Chapter 175 of the laws of 2010 that amend §2879 of the Public Authorities Law and Article 15-A, §313, subdivision six, respectively, both enacted on July 15, 2010.

- vii. Verification of MWBE Participation. The Agencies shall verify that MWBEs listed in a successful bid are actually participating to the extent listed in the project for which the bid was submitted, including verification that the procured primary Contractors are truly providing for the participation of MWBEs as described in the Procurement Contract. Participation of MWBEs shall be verified by (i) electronically monitoring and tracking the utilization, prompt payment and unauthorized substitutions of MWBE subcontractors and (ii) the provision of the following data, by the Contractor to the Agency, for each MWBE subcontract:
 - (1) name(s) of the MWBE subcontractor;
 - (2) total dollar amount of the MWBE's participation;
 - (3) scope of work of the MWBE subcontractor; and
 - (4) dates of participation.

- viii. In the implementation of this section of this Article, the Agencies shall:
 - (1) consider, where practicable, the severability of construction projects and other bundled Contracts; however, unbundling must be conducted within the constraints of the Agencies' need to ensure efficiency and limit costs;
 - (2) implement its MWBE Program to enable the Agencies to evaluate each Contract to determine the appropriateness of the goal, as set forth in this Article, which shall include:
 - (a) increasing MWBE outreach and communication efforts by use of the internet to facilitate access to information and build relationships between MWBEs and potential partners by:
 - (i) Posting a list on the Agencies' website of Agency contracting staff; and

- (ii) Requiring Agency staff to include certified MWBEs in the solicitation lists for Procurements not expected to exceed \$25,000;
 - (b) consider the number and types of MWBEs located in the region in which the Agency Contract is to be performed;
 - (c) consider the total dollar value of the Agency Contract, the scope of work to be performed, and the project size and term;
 - (d) consider whether the Contractor has advertised in general circulation media, trade association publications, and minority-focus and women-focus media and, in such event,
 - (i) whether or not certified MWBEs that have been solicited by the Contractor exhibited interest in submitting proposals for a particular project by attending a pre-bid conference; and
 - (ii) whether certified MWBEs which have been solicited by the Contractor have responded in a timely fashion to the Contractor's solicitations for timely competitive bid quotations prior to the Agency's bid date;
 - (e) consider whether there has been written notification to appropriate certified MWBEs that appear in the directory of certified MWBEs, and
 - (f) consider whether the Contractor can reasonably structure the amount of work to be performed under subcontracts in order to increase the likelihood of participation by certified MWBEs.
3. consider compliance with the requirements of any federal law concerning opportunities for MWBEs which effectuates the purpose of this Article; and
4. consult the most recent disparity study, pursuant to Article 15-A.

ARTICLE VII

7. REQUIRED DESIGNATIONS AND DISCLOSURES UNDER LOBBYING LAW DIRECTIVES IN THE SELECTION OF PROCUREMENT VENDORS AND CONTRACTORS.

Contacts shall be regulated in accordance with Lobbying Law Directives as follows:

For any Governmental Procurement or Contract made subject to the Lobbying Law, the Agency shall notify every potential Contractor or Vendor that the Agency has a Designated Contact Officer(s) who is the only Agency representative(s) permitted to receive Designated Contacts from the Contractors or Vendors, or their representatives, during the Restricted Period with respect to such Governmental Procurement (*effective June 10, 2010, the Agencies have designated, the Vice President and Deputy Counsel or when appropriate, an Agency Senior Officer with technical knowledge of the Governmental Procurement, as the Designated Contact Officer(s) for all Governmental Procurement for which such appointment is required*). A Contractor or Vendor is restricted from making Contacts with the Agency(s) from the date of any public announcement, public notice, or public communication by any Agency to any potential Vendor of a determination of a need for a Governmental Procurement through final award and approval of the Procurement Contract by the Agency to anyone other than the Designated Contact Officer(s) with respect to the Governmental Procurement unless such communication is any one of the following Permissible Subject Matter Communications:

- (a) the submission of written proposals in response to a Request for Proposals, invitation for bids or any other method for soliciting a response from Offerers intending to result in a Procurement Contract;
- (b) the submission of written questions by a method set forth in a RFP, or invitation for bids, or any other method for soliciting a response from Offerers intending to result in a Procurement Contract, when all written questions and responses are to be disseminated to all Offerers who have expressed an interest in the RFP, or invitation for bids, or any other method for soliciting a response from Offerers intending to result in a Procurement Contract;
- (c) participation in a demonstration, conference or other means for exchange of information in a setting open to all potential bidders provided for in a RFP, invitation for bids, or any other method for soliciting a response from Offerers intending to result in a Procurement Contract;

- (d) complaints by an Offerer regarding the failure of the person or persons designated by the Agency pursuant to this section to respond in a timely manner to authorized Offerer Contacts, made in writing to the office of general counsel of the Agency, provided that any such written complaints shall become a part of the Procurement Record;
- (e) Offerers who have been tentatively awarded a Contract and are engaged in communications with the Agency solely for the purpose of negotiating the terms of the Procurement Contract after being notified of tentative award;
- (f) communications between designated staff of the Agency and an Offerer to request the review of a Procurement Contract award;
- (g) communications by Offerers in protests, appeals or other review proceedings (including the apparent successful bidder and his or her representatives) before the Agency conducting the Governmental Procurement seeking a final administrative determination, or in a subsequent judicial proceeding; or
- (h) communications between Offerers and governmental entities that solely address the determination of responsibility entity of an Offerer.

Unless the communication(s) is any one of the above Permissible Subject Matter Communications, the Vice President and Deputy Counsel or the designated Senior Officer are the only representative(s) of the Agencies permitted to receive Contacts from bidders, potential Contractors or Vendors, or their representatives, during the Restricted Period with respect to an Agency Governmental Procurement.

All Agency solicitations for proposals, bid documents and specifications for Procurement Contracts shall incorporate a summary of the Agencies' policies and prohibitions regarding Contacts under the Lobbying Law. All potential Contractors or Vendors must complete and return to the Agency with their proposal or bid response to an Agency solicitation, the *Affirmation of Understanding of and Agreement*, and *Potential Contractor or Vendor Disclosure of Prior Non-Responsibility Determinations*, Lobbying Law Forms 1 and 2, respectively. Form 1 is a written affirmation of a Contractor's or Vendor's understanding of the Governmental Procurement lobbying procedures of the Agencies and Form 2 requires the potential Contractor or Vendor to certify that all information provided to the Agencies with respect to the Lobbying Law is complete, true and accurate. Prior to awarding a Procurement Contract to which these provisions apply, the Agency shall make a final Determination of Responsibility. All solicitations for proposals by the Agency shall require that potential Contractors or Vendors disclose to the Agency any findings of non-responsibility against them within the previous four years by any other governmental agency and must contain certifications that the same are complete, true and accurate.

For Contractors or Vendors who fail to comply with the Agencies' Lobbying Law Directives, refer to Article VIII of these Guidelines and the Agencies' Lobbying Reform Law Policies.

ARTICLE VIII

8. PROMOTED AND PROHIBITED CONTRACTS & CONTRACTS SUBJECT TO OTHER LIMITATIONS

Notwithstanding the general practices of the Agencies with respect to selection of Contractors and Vendors and adherence to competitive practices, as set forth in in these Guidelines, the following shall apply or be given weight in order that certain Contracts, or the award thereof, may be promoted, prohibited or subject to certain limitations.

a. Promoted Contracts. It is the policy of the Agency to promote certain contracts as follows:

i. Minority- and Women-Owned Business Enterprises. It is the policy of the Agencies to promote and encourage the use of MWBEs and New York State subcontractors and suppliers in competition for Procurement Contracts. Furthermore, for Procurements anticipated to be in the amount of \$25,000 or less, if the performance of any Contract requires or permits the use of a subcontractor, it is preference of the Agencies to encourage the participation of MWBEs, as set forth in these Guidelines. The Agencies encourage bidders to include demonstrations that their selection promotes the use of MWBEs in bid responses, for example, through proposals for joint ventures with MWBEs. Procurements exceeding \$25,000 must include MWBE participation goals in solicitation documents.

In order to promote and assist participation by, and facilitate the awarding of a fair share of Contracts to, MWBEs, the Agencies have identified the following services as those areas or types of Contracts for which MWBEs may best bid: Archival Off-Site Services; Audit/Accounting Services; Appraisal Services; Architectural/Engineering Services; Equipment Maintenance Services; Information Technology Consulting/Services; Investment Banking Services; Legal Services; Management Consulting Services; and Printing Services; and Temporary Employee Services.

ii. New York State Business Enterprises and New York State Residents. It is the goal of the Agencies to promote the participation of New York State Business Enterprises and New York State residents in Procurement Contracts. Accordingly, the following procedure shall apply:

- (1) The Agencies shall collect and consult the specifications of NYSBEs in developing specifications for any Procurement Contract for the purchase of goods where possible, practicable, feasible and consistent with open bidding, except for Procurement Contracts for which the Agency would be expending funds received from another state. The Agencies shall, where feasible, make use of the stock item specification forms prepared by the State Commissioner of General Services, and where necessary, consult with the State Commissioner of the Office of General Services, in developing such specifications and make such determinations;
- (2) The Agencies shall, with the cooperation of the Department of Economic Development and through cooperative efforts with Contractors and Vendors, (i) notify NYSBEs of opportunities to participate as subcontractors and suppliers on Agency Procurement Contracts in amounts estimated to be equal to or greater than \$1,000,000 and (ii) promulgate procedures which will assure compliance by Contractors and Vendors with such notification. Once awarded the Contract, such Contractors shall document their efforts to encourage the participation of NYSBEs as suppliers and subcontractors on Procurement Contracts equal to or greater than \$1,000,000, pursuant to §2879 of the Public Authorities Law;
- (3) The Agencies shall, with the cooperation of the Community Services Division of the Department of Labor and through cooperative efforts with Contractors and Vendors, notify New York State residents of employment opportunities arising out of Procurement Contracts let by the Agencies in an amount estimated to be equal to or greater than \$1,000,000. Contractors shall, as supplementary materials to their bids, document their efforts to provide such notification.
- (4) The Agency shall include in all bid documents, (i) a statement notifying potential bidders located in foreign countries that the Agency may assign or otherwise transfer offset credits created by the Procurement Contract to third parties located in New York State and (ii) a provision for the assignment or other form of transfer of offset credits created by such Procurement Contracts, directly or indirectly, to third parties located in the State. Such assignment or other form of transfer shall be in accordance with the written directions of the Commissioner of Economic Development. The Agency shall cooperate with the Department of Economic Development in efforts to get foreign countries to recognize offset credits assigned or transferred to third parties located in New York State created by the Agency's Procurement Contracts.

- iii. Businesses with Anti-discriminatory Employment Practices. It is the Agencies' policy to have procedures in place that will ensure, to the extent of the Agencies' ability, that Contractors and Vendors comply with the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972, as amended.

For any Contractor or Vendor with fifteen or more employees responding to an RFP, RFQ, IFB or other type of invitation for bids, included with such response must be a statement disclosing whether the Contractor or Vendor is currently operating under or negotiating, or has at some time in the last five years operated under or negotiated, a conciliation agreement with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"); has been, at some time in the last five years, or is currently the subject of a civil action brought against it by the EEOC; has been, at some time in the last five years, or is currently the subject of an action brought against it by the EEOC for permanent, temporary or preliminary relief; has operated, at some time in the last five years, or is currently operating under an order of a court to take affirmative action as a result of a civil action brought against it by EEOC.

The Agencies shall state in each Contract entered into with a Contractor or Vendor with fifteen or more employees, that it is an unlawful employment practice for such Contractor or Vendor to fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual with respect to the individual's compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, or to limit, segregate, or classify employees or applicants for employment in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect an individual's status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, or because an individual opposed any practice made unlawful by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, or because he or she made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under that Title; and that it shall be an unlawful employment practice to print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

The Agencies shall state in each Contract entered into with a Contractor or Vendor with fifteen or more employees, that such Contractor or Vendor shall (1) make and keep such records relevant to the determinations of whether unlawful employment practices have been or are being committed, (2) preserve such records for such periods as the EEOC shall prescribe by regulation, and (3) make such reports therefrom as the EEOC shall prescribe by regulation or order.

The Agencies shall state in each Contract entered into with a Contractor or Vendor with fifteen or more employees, that such Contractor or Vendor must post and keep posted in conspicuous places upon its premises where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted a notice prepared or approved by the EEOC setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, pertinent provisions of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and information pertinent to the filing of a complaint.

The Agencies' goal is to award Contracts to those Contractors and Vendors who have evidenced compliance with the laws of the State prohibiting discrimination in employment. The Agencies recognize that this goal may be achieved by awarding Procurement Contracts to those firms who have demonstrated that they do not discriminate with respect to employment.

For all Personal Services Contracts over \$25,000, and for all Contracts for goods and materials over \$100,000, bidders shall submit to the Agencies data regarding the race and gender of their partners, members and employees by job category. Bidders whose Affirmative Action plans are not found acceptable to the Agencies shall be rejected.

- b. Prohibited Contracts and Contracts Permitted Subject to Specified Exceptions or Limitations. It is the policy of the Agencies that certain Contracts be prohibited or permitted only subject to certain exceptions or limitations as follows.
 - i. Special Criteria Rule for Evaluation of Architects, Engineers and Surveyors. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "Professional Firm" shall be defined as any individual or sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture, engineering, or surveying. The Agency shall not refuse to negotiate with a Professional Firm solely because the ratio of the "allowable indirect costs" to direct labor costs or the hourly rate in any labor category of the Professional Firm exceeds a limitation generally set by the Agency in the determination of the reasonableness of the estimated cost of services to be rendered by the Professional Firm, but rather the Agency should also consider the reasonableness of cost based on the total estimated cost of the service of the Professional Firm which should include, among other things, all the direct labor costs of the Professional Firm for such services plus all "allowable indirect costs," other direct costs, and negotiated profit of the Professional Firm. For purposes of this subparagraph, "allowable indirect costs" of a Professional Firm are defined as those costs generally associated with overhead which cannot be specifically identified with a single project or Contract and are considered reasonable and allowable under specific Contract or allowability limits.

- ii. Contracts with Businesses with Operations in Northern Ireland. In accordance with the MacBride Fair Employment Principles (Chapter 807 of the Laws of 1992), the Agencies shall not enter into Procurement Contracts with Vendors who have operations in Northern Ireland unless the Agencies receive contractual assurance that the Contractor shall take lawful steps in good faith to conduct any business operations in Northern Ireland in accordance with the MacBride Fair Employment Principles (as described in §165 of the New York State Finance Law), and agrees to permit independent monitoring of its compliance with such principles.

- iii. Contracts with Foreign Business Enterprise. The Agencies shall notify the New York State Commissioner of Economic Development (“Commissioner”) of the award of a Procurement Contract for the purchase of goods from a Foreign Business Enterprise in an amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000, simultaneously with notifying the successful bidder therefor. The Agencies shall not thereafter enter into a Procurement Contract for said goods until at least 15 days have elapsed, except for Procurement Contracts awarded as Emergency Selection Contracts or where the Commissioner waives the provisions of this section. The notification to the Commissioner shall include the name, address and telephone and facsimile numbers of the Foreign Business Enterprise, a brief description of the goods or services to be obtained pursuant to the proposed Procurement Contract, the amount of the proposed Procurement Contract, the term of the proposed Procurement Contract, and the name of the individual at the Foreign Business Enterprise or acting on behalf of the same who is principally responsible for the proposed Procurement Contract. *(The purpose of such notification is solely to allow the Commissioner to use the information to provide notification to NYSBEs of opportunities to participate as subcontractors and suppliers on such Procurement Contracts; to promote and encourage the location and development of new business in the State; to assist NYSBEs in obtaining offset credits from foreign countries; and to otherwise investigate, study and undertake means of promoting and encouraging the prosperous development and protection of the legitimate interest and welfare of NYSBEs, industry and commerce.)*

- iv. Contracts with Discriminatory Jurisdiction Business Enterprises. The Agencies shall not, except as hereinafter provided, solicit bids from, or enter into a Procurement Contract with, a Foreign Business Enterprise which has its principal place of business in a jurisdiction that discriminates against New York businesses, as contained on the list prepared by the Commissioner pursuant to §165(6)(b) of the State Finance Law. *(Currently, as of the date of these revisions of these Guidelines, the states of Alaska, Hawaii, Louisiana, South Carolina, West Virginia and Wyoming have discriminatory policies against New York State bidders.)* The Agencies may waive this section only when the President, or a Senior Officer

designated by the President, determines in writing that it is in the best interest of the State to do so.

v. Vendors Failing to Comply with Lobbying Law Directives. The Agencies shall not enter into Contracts with Contractors or Vendors when:

- (1) proposed Vendor or Contractor has failed to timely disclose accurate and complete information or otherwise cooperate with the Agencies in administering the Lobbying Law Directives; or
- (2) there has been a finding that an Offerer has knowingly and willfully violated the provisions set forth in Article VII . of these Guidelines and the Agencies' Lobbying Reform Law Policies. This finding shall also result in a determination of non-responsibility against the Offerer. (*Violations of the Lobbying Law are expected to typically involve Contacts made to persons at the Agencies other than the Designated Contact Officer(s).*)

The Agencies shall not enter into Contracts in the case of either (1) or (2) of this subparagraph (v), section (b) of this Article, unless the Agencies determine that the award of the Procurement Contract:

- (a) is necessary to protect public property or public health or safety, and
- (b) that the Contractor or Vendor is the only source capable of supplying the required goods or services within the necessary time frame.

In order for the Agency determinations in (1) and (2) (a) and (b) above to be effective as exceptions, the above required findings, including a statement describing the basis of such determination by the Agency must be made a part of the Procurement Record.

Any subsequent determination of non-responsibility due to violations of the requirements of the Lobbying Law, if such determination is separated by less than four years, shall result in the proposed Vendor or Contractor being rendered ineligible to submit a proposal on or be awarded any Procurement Contract for a period of four years from the date of the second final determination of non-responsibility.

vi. Contracts with Former Agency Officers and Employees. The Agencies shall not enter into Contracts which contemplate, violate or affirmatively, by their terms, allow former Officers and Employees of the Agencies to violate §73 (8) (a) of the State Ethics Law. Specifically, and not by way of limitation, (except for employment contracts pursuant to which former Employees resume employee status to again work directly for the Agencies), the Agencies shall not enter into Contracts which provide for or

permit a former Officer or Employee of the Agencies, either as an individual contracting directly with the Agencies or as an officer or employee of a private business entity, to appear, practice, communicate or otherwise render services before the Agencies or receive compensation for any such services rendered by such former Officer or Employee on behalf of any person, firm, corporation or other entity in relation to any case, proceeding, application or transaction:

- (1) with respect to which such Officer or Employee was directly concerned and in which he or she personally participated during the period of his or her service or employment, or which was under his or her active consideration or over which that Employee or Officer exercised decision-making power during the performance of his or her official duties at the Agencies, or
- (2) in connection with any matter before the Agencies or its business for a period of two years after termination of such service or employment.

If the President deems it appropriate, the preceding prohibitions may be temporarily waived provided that, prior thereto, the State Ethics Commission grants an exception in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 523 of the Laws of 2004, or, for employees who left Agency employment before December 31, 1996 and otherwise qualify, a waiver has been granted pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 229 of the Laws of 1995. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the preceding prohibitions shall not apply when a former Officer or Employee carries out official duties as an elected official or employee of a federal, state or local government, or any agency of such government. Thus, a former Employee may appear, practice, communicate or render compensated services before the Agencies if he or she is acting as an elected official or employee of a federal, state or local government or one of its agencies. This exception applies only to government officials and employees; it does not apply to paid consultants of government entities.

In addition, in determining whether or not to enter into Contracts with respect to which any former Officer or Employee of the Agency plays a role, and with respect to the ethical administration thereof, the Agencies shall give due consideration to whether the execution or administration of the Contract raises an appearance of impropriety.

The Agencies shall, as it deems appropriate, include provisions in its Contracts to effect the purposes of this section.

ARTICLE IX

9. GENERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS AND CONTINUING EVALUATION OF PROCUREMENT CONTRACTS IN EFFECT FOR LIMITED TERMS.

- a. General Contract Provisions. The Agencies shall include general Contract provisions in its Procurement Contracts, as follows:
- i. In Writing and Duly Executed. All Procurement Contracts shall be in writing and shall, at a minimum, be duly executed by an individual empowered to do so in accordance with the Agency By-Laws and, as the case may be, the provision for delegation of signing authority thereunder.
 - ii. Scope and Description. Procurement Contracts shall specifically provide for a scope of services indicating the nature of the work to be performed or goods to be provided, and for the time for performance, the monitoring or reviewing of that performance by personnel of the Agencies, any conditions generally applicable to Contracts with the Agency(s), any applicable provisions for insurance, and, where appropriate, any permitted use of supplies, facilities or personnel of the Agencies.
 - iii. Compensation and Payment Terms. Such Procurement Contracts shall also state the compensation for the goods or services, and the terms of payment including the conditions for receiving payment from the Agencies.
 - iv. Non-collusion. Formal Contracts shall, whenever appropriate, include Contractor Certifications that:
 - (1) The prices in the bid(s) or proposal(s) were arrived at independently, without collusion, consultation, communication, or agreement for the purpose of restricting competition, or as to any matter relating to such prices with any other Contractor or with any competitor.
 - (2) Unless otherwise required by law, the prices which have been quoted in the bid(s) or proposal(s) were not knowingly disclosed by a Contractor prior to the opening of bid submissions, directly or indirectly, to any other Contractor or to any competitor.
 - (3) No attempt was made or will be made by the Contractor to induce any other person, partnership or corporation to submit or not submit bid(s) or proposal(s) for the purpose of restricting competition.

- v. False or Inaccurate Lobbying Law Directives Certifications. Every Governmental Procurement with an estimated annual expenditure over \$15,000 shall contain:
 - (1) certifications that the representations required by the Lobbying Law Directives, if applicable, are complete, true and accurate, and
 - (2) a provision authorizing the Agency(s) to immediately terminate such Contract in the event that any certification in accordance with the provisions of the Lobbying Law Directives is found to be intentionally false or intentionally inaccurate.

- vi. Prohibitions and violations in Contracts. In accordance with § 316-a of Article 15-A, Contracts shall include a provision expressly providing that any Contractor who willfully and intentionally fails to comply with the minority and women-owned participation requirements, as set forth in such Contract shall be liable to the Agencies for liquidated or other appropriate damages and shall provide for the appropriate remedies on account of such breach. If the Agencies elect to proceed against a Contractor for breach of Contract, the Agency shall be precluded from seeking enforcement pursuant to §316 of Article 15-A, provided however, that the Agency shall include a summary of all enforcement actions undertaken in its Annual MWBE Goal Plan, in accordance with subdivision three of §315 of Article 15-A and Article XII of these Guidelines.

- b. Continuing Evaluation of Procurement Contracts in Effect for Limited Terms.
 - i. Limitation of Contract Terms. In order that the Agencies may enter into new Procurement Contracts for the Procurement covered as soon as might be desirable, Procurement Contracts should not commit the Agency(s) to continue to use Contractors for longer than is desirable to achieve the Contract objectives, such as obtaining the Contractor's commitment to perform services at a reasonable price. Unless specifically permitted by a resolution of the Agency's Members or Directors, Procurement Contracts shall be for a term not exceeding one year and shall be terminable by the Agency, at its option, without cause, within a period that is less than a year into the future.

 - ii. Continuing Evaluation of Procurement Contracts and Panels. Every Procurement Contract under which services are currently being performed or goods or materials provided shall be continually evaluated by a designated Officer or Employee. Such Officer or Employee shall review and approve all bills to be paid and continually evaluate the Contractor's performance. Such Officer or Employee shall continually give consideration to whether the further use of the Contractor's services and continuation of the Procurement Contract is desirable. Such consideration

shall extend to making a determination, at least annually, of when it would be most appropriate and effective to award the Procurement Contract again through a new competitive selection process such as a new Request for Proposals. A determination not to enter into a new competitive award process immediately can be supported, in part, by verification that services are still being provided at competitive rates, but such verification shall not be determinative of whether a new competitive process should commence. Part of the required annual review and recertification to the Agencies' Procurement Contract Officer of Agency panels shall be a consideration of whether it would be appropriate and effective to renew the competitive selection process for Procurement Contracts with firms on the panels, including, but not limited to, doing so through the issuance of a new Request for Qualifications to reestablish the panel. Any determination not to enter into a new competitive award process, as a result of which a Contract would exceed a projected five years without a new competitive award process being conducted, shall require the affirmative concurrence of each Agency's Governance Committee included in a resolution adopted by each Agency's Governance Committee, as required by Article X of these Guidelines. Such affirmative concurrence shall not be required in relation to Single Source Contracts, Sole Source Contracts, existing State Contracts or existing GSA Contracts.

ARTICLE X

10. REQUIRED AGENCY APPROVALS

- a. Directors' or Members' and/or Governance Committees' Approval. All Contracts where compensation is expected to be in an amount of \$100,000 or more, as well as any Contracts involving services to be provided in excess of one year, shall require initial approval of the Directors or Members of each Agency's Governance Committee or the Agency's Members or Directors. Unless specifically permitted by a resolution of the Agency's Governance Committee or the Members or Directors, Procurement Contracts shall be for a term not exceeding one year and shall be terminable by the Agency(s), at its option, without cause, within a period that is less than a year into the future. The President, or a Senior Officer designated by the President, may submit other Contracts as he or she deems appropriate to the Members or Directors for their consideration and approval.
- b. Directors' or Members' and/or Governance Committees' Annual Review. The Directors and Members shall, at least annually, review any Contract lasting more than a year, each January, as part of the approval of the Annual Report on Procurement Contracts. The Governance Committees will annually review Contracts bundled with similar like goods and/or services. Contracts considered as lasting for more than a year for this purpose shall include Contracts where the

Contract itself, by virtue of its stated terms, has a period of longer than a year, and in addition, shall include Contracts where, by virtue of renewal or execution of new or subsequent Contracts, without an intervening Contractor or Vendor Selection Process, the Agency's contractual relationship with the Vendor or Contractor continues for more than a year. Annual approval or review by each Agency's Governance Committee shall be as follows:

- i. Provided that timely annual review for each Contract is effected, firms on Agency panels can be brought for annual review:
 - (1) collectively, or in such combinations as are deemed appropriate, on a single annual review anniversary, or
 - (2) individually based on the dates that Procurement Contracts first required Member and/or Director approval.
- ii. Any determination not to enter into a new competitive award process, pursuant to which a Contract would exceed a projected five years without a new competitive award process, shall require the affirmative concurrence of each Agency's Governance Committee included in a resolution adopted by each Agency's Governance Committee. Such affirmative concurrence shall not be required in relation to Single Source Contracts, Sole Source Contracts, existing State Contracts, or existing GSA Contracts. In any case, any Contract in excess of a \$100,000 in amount or more than one year in duration must be initially approved by the Agency's Governance Committee and annually reviewed by the Agency's Governance Committee.
- c. Execution of Procurement Contracts. All Procurement Contracts shall be executed by the President, or a Senior Officer, as defined under the Agencies' By-Laws or by such Vice President to whom execution authority has been appropriately delegated in writing by a Senior Officer.
- d. Approval of Procurement Contracts by the Senior Vice President and Counsel. The Senior Vice President and Counsel shall approve, as to legal compliance, all Procurement Contracts. The consideration shall include the legal form and efficacy of the Procurement Contract. The Agencies' Legal Department may evidence such approval by Counsel by:
 - i. Signing "Approved as to form" on any Formal Contract so approved;
 - ii. In connection with a closing managed by the Legal Department, approving the closing and, as necessary, delivering accompanying opinions in connection therewith; or

- iii. Making such arrangements as are acceptable to the Counsel to assure that the form of Contract is legally acceptable and approved by Agency Counsel.

ARTICLE XI

11. ADMINISTRATION OF PROCUREMENT, RECORDS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF AGENCY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

- a. Procurement Record. A Procurement Record shall be maintained for each Procurement requiring any Formal Contract and such other Procurement as the Procurement Contract Officer deems appropriate, or as State law requires, identifying, with supporting documentation, decisions made by the Agency during the Procurement process. The Procurement Record shall include, but not be limited to, documentation of: (1) the determination of the method of Procurement from among the available methods permissible under these Guidelines (*particularly, if there is a determination of an Emergency Selection Contract, Sole Source Contract or Single Source Contract*); (2) the process to be used to determine best value, the manner in which the selection of evaluation criteria and the evaluation process shall be conducted, and the evaluation criteria, which, whenever possible, shall be quantifiable; and (3) the basis of award and circumstances leading to the selection of the Vendor, including the alternatives considered, the rationale for selecting the specific Vendor and the basis upon which cost was determined reasonable. To the extent practicable, the Agencies shall document all aspects of the solicitation process in advance of the initial receipt of offers. Each amendment to an existing Contract, and the justification for each, shall also be included in the Procurement Record. Determinations of emergency with respect to Emergency Selection Contracts and Emergency Foreign Business Enterprise Contracts shall be included in the Procurement Record.

Annual certifications of panels should be made a part of the Procurement Record.

With respect to the Lobbying Law Directives, the Procurement Record shall include complete information related to: (i) written certifications by the Contractors or Vendors with respect to affirmations that the Contractor or Vendor understands the Lobbying Law Directives and (that the Agency(s) has been informed in writing of the Vendor's prior determinations of non-responsibility over the previous four years, and that this information is complete, true and accurate; (ii) Determinations of Responsibility by the Agency;; (iii) findings of non-responsibility, whether by the Agency(s) or by other governmental entities; (iv) a record of all Contacts during the Restricted Period, including the name of the person making the Contact, as well as that person's organization, address, telephone number, place of principal employment, occupation, and whether the person/organization making the Contact was the Offerer or was retained, employed or designated by or on behalf of the Offerer to appear before or communicate with the Agency; ;(v) if applicable, a

statement regarding the basis for any required finding that the Agency may enter into a Contract with a Contractor or Vendor who has previously been the subject of any determinations of non-responsibility; and (vi) any determination to terminate a Contract pursuant to the Lobbying Law Directives .

The Procurement Record is a place where the Agencies can clearly document, as considered appropriate, the need for the Contract; required specifications; and the ways in which a competitive field, fair and equal opportunity for Vendors, which shall include, but not be limited to, certified MWBEs, and a fair and balanced method of selection have been ensured.

The Procurement Record shall be maintained at least throughout the period the Contract and any extensions thereof are in effect and for a reasonable period of time thereafter.

- b. Procurement Contract Officer. The Procurement Contract Officer's responsibilities shall include keeping such portions of the Procurement Record as the Procurement Contract Officer deems appropriate, monitoring compliance with proper contracting procedures and adherence to these Guidelines.

Among the Procurement Contract Officer's responsibilities shall be the determination of when certain portions of these Guidelines shall apply to a Contract by virtue of Contract expenditures, in the aggregate, or sequential periods of time, reaching applicable thresholds stated herein. In addition, for Contracts of less than \$500 per year, which are terminable at any time by the Agency(s) with less than 90 days notice, the Procurement Contract Officer may determine that such Contracts shall be considered Contracts not exceeding one year for purposes of these Guidelines.

The Procurement Contract Officer may provide guidance and counsel about proper administration of the Procurement process and Contracts but shall not be a principal directly responsible for administering any Agency Contract. The Procurement Contract Officer should be available for counsel and guidance respecting the Procurement selection process but should not be directly involved as an actual selector of Vendors.

The Procurement Contract Officer shall encourage and promote good Procurement practices, including but not limited to, proper and coordinated management of Contracts, desirable Vendor selection practices, and informed and careful bill approval procedures. Among other things, it is generally desirable that there be a single individual designated to manage each Procurement Contract, including renewals and amendments thereto, reporting thereon, and bill approvals, (*and excluding receipt of Designated Contracts*), and that individuals managing different Contracts in the same area or from the same Vendors coordinate their work.

The Procurement Contract Officer shall, from time to time, issue such reports on Procurement as shall be appropriate or required including the Procurement Reports required under these Guidelines.

The Procurement Contract Officer shall notify the Office of General Services of all Contractors who, with respect to the Lobbying Law, have been the subject of determinations of non-responsibility by the Agency or who have been debarred.

The Procurement Contract Officer should periodically review and assess the adequacy of these Guidelines and, as appropriate, recommend changes for approval.

The Procurement Contract Officer may grant temporary technical exceptions to these Guidelines for Contracts, other than Formal Contracts, provided that such exceptions appear in the Procurement Contract Record, and that attorneys under the supervision of the Senior Vice President and Counsel determine the exceptions legally appropriate.

- c. Designated Contact Officer(s). The Agencies have designated the Vice President and Deputy Counsel, or when appropriate, an Agency Senior Officer with technical knowledge of the Governmental Procurement, as the Designated Contact Officer(s) for all Governmental Procurement for which such appointment is required. In accordance with the provisions of the Lobbying Law Directives, the Designated Contact Officer, for any given Governmental Procurement or Procurement Contract, is intended to be, by virtue of his or her designation as such, the recipient of any Designated Contacts with respect to the Governmental Procurement for which he or she has been designated. The Designated Contact Officer shall have ready access to, and shall refer to, as appropriate, the Contractors' and Vendors' written affirmations of their understanding of the Agencies' Governmental Procurement lobbying procedures along with all disclosures Contractors or Vendors have provided of any findings of any determinations of non-responsibility against them under the Lobbying Law. Prior to the Agencies' awarding of a Procurement Contract to which these provisions apply, it shall be the Designated Contact Officer's responsibility to consult with the Ethics Officer and to likewise consult at any appropriate time thereafter.

- d. Designated MWBE Officer(s). The Agencies' President shall appoint a Designated MWBE Officer(s) to oversee the Agencies' MWBE Program established to promote and assist: (i) participation by certified MWBEs in the Agencies' Procurement opportunities and facilitation of the award of Procurement Contracts to such enterprises; (ii) the utilization of certified MWBEs as subcontractors and suppliers by entities having Procurement Contracts with the Agencies; and (iii) the utilization of partnerships, joint ventures or other similar arrangements between certified MWBEs and other entities having Procurement Contracts with the Agencies. The Designated MWBE Officer(s) shall be familiar with the

Procurement of the types of construction, financial, legal or professional services utilized by the Agencies, report directly to the Agencies' President and, either directly or through their designees, participate in the Procurement process.

- e. Ethical Administration of Contracts, Compliance with the Lobbying Law Directives: Responsibility of Officers and Employees. It shall be the responsibility of the Procurement Contract Officer, the Ethics Officer, the Designated Contact Officer(s), the MWBE Officer(s), and all Officers and Employees to ensure that Contracts of the Agencies are administered ethically with due regard for all State ethics laws and Lobbying Law Directives. Determinations respecting ethical contract administration shall be made by the Ethics Officer, to whom any allegations of impropriety or unethical administration may be reported. The Ethics Officer shall also be responsible for reviewing, investigating, monitoring and imposing sanctions relating to any noncompliance with Lobbying Law Directives. The Procurement Contract Officer shall report to the Ethics Officer such allegations of impropriety or unethical administration of Procurement, or violations of the Lobbying Law Directives, as may come to the Procurement Contract Officer's attention. Agency Officers and Employees including, but not limited to, the Designated Contact Officer(s), shall report to the Ethics Officer any allegations of impropriety or unethical administration of Procurement or violations of the Lobbying Law Directives that come to their attention. If the Ethics Officer determines that sufficient cause exists to believe that an allegation concerning a violation of the Lobbying Law Directives is true, the Ethics Officer shall give the respective Contractor or Vendor reasonable notice that an investigation is ongoing and an opportunity to be heard in response to the allegation.

Prior to the awarding of a Procurement Contract by the Agency to which the Lobbying Law Directives' provisions apply, and any time thereafter, it shall be the Ethics Officer's responsibility to consult with the Designated Contact Officer(s) and make other appropriate inquiries so as to make the findings as to whether there were any certifications in relation to the provisions of the Lobbying Law Directives that were intentionally false or intentionally inaccurate so that the Agency would have right to terminate such Contract. If the Agency(s) terminates a Procurement Contract under these termination provisions, it shall be the Designated Contact Officer's responsibility to provide the statement describing the basis for such action for inclusion in the Procurement Record.

In order to comply with the Lobbying Law Directives, all Employees must cooperate and participate in the recording of Contacts with respect to which the Lobbying Law Directives apply. The record of a Contact shall include the name, address, telephone number, place of principal employment, and occupation of the person or organization. Employees must also inquire about, and record, whether the person or organization making the Contact was the Offerer, or was retained by the Offerer to contact the Agency(s) about the Procurement. Employees must

report all recorded Contacts to the Procurement Contract Officer for inclusion in the Procurement Record of the Procurement Contract.

If the Ethics Officer finds a knowing and willful violation of the Lobbying Law Directives by any Employee, the Ethics Officer shall report the violation to the President.

It is expected that the Ethics Officer will confer, as appropriate, with the Senior Vice President and Counsel with respect to allegations of unethical conduct or violations of the Lobbying Law Directives or other violations of law and nothing in any of the forgoing is to be taken to preclude individuals from also contacting the Senior Vice President and Counsel directly with respect to any such allegations.

ARTICLE XII

12. REPORTS ON PROCUREMENT

- a. Annual Procurement Report (“Annual Report”). Within 90 days after the conclusion of each fiscal year shared by the majority of the Affiliated Agencies (*October 31*), *excluding the Housing Trust Fund Corporation*, the Members and Directors of the Agencies shall approve an Annual Report summarizing Procurement activity for the period of the Annual Report. Such Annual Report will include these Guidelines, an explanation of these Guidelines and any amendments thereto since the last Annual Report. The Annual Report describing Procurement activity shall include: (a) a listing of all Procurement Contracts entered into; (b) all Contracts entered into with NYSBEs and the subject matter and value thereof; (c) all Procurement Contracts entered into with certified MWBEs and the subject matter and value thereof, all referrals made and all penalties imposed, pursuant to §316 of Article 15-A; (c) all Contracts entered into with Foreign Business Enterprises and the subject matter and value thereof; (d) the selection process used to select such Contractors; (e) all Procurement Contracts which were exempt from the publication requirements of Article 4-C of the Economic Development Law, the basis for any such exemption; and (f) the status of existing Procurement Contracts.

Such Annual Report shall list for each Contract the following information:

- i. a description of the duties performed by the Contractor;
- ii. the date of the Contract and its duration;
- iii. the total value of the Contract;
- iv. the full name and address of the Contractor;

- v. the status of the Contract, including the amount spent or other considerations given pursuant to the Contract during the reporting period and for the life of the Contract to date;
- vi. whether the Contractor is a certified Minority or Women-Owned Business Enterprise; and
- vii. the total number of bids or proposals received prior to the award of the Contract.

The Annual Procurement Report, after being approved by the Members and Directors, shall be filed to the Division of the Budget and the Department of Audit and Control using the Public Authorities Reporting Information System (“PARIS”) on-line Reporting System, with copies of this report to the Department of Economic Development, the Senate Finance Committee and the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

Copies of the Annual Procurement Report shall also be available to the public upon reasonable request at the Agencies' main office.

- b. Quarterly Procurement Report(s) (“Quarterly Report(s)”). Within 90 days after the conclusion of each quarter of the fiscal year shared by the majority of the Affiliated Agencies (*January 31, April 30, July 31 and October 31 and excluding the Housing Trust Fund Corporation*), the Agencies’ Members and Directors shall review a Quarterly Report. Each Quarterly Report shall describe the quarter's Procurement activity and shall include the same summary of activity information as is required in the Annual Procurement Report.
- c. Consolidation of Procurement Reports. The Annual Procurement Reports and the Quarterly Procurement Reports for each of the Affiliated Agencies (excluding the Housing Trust Fund Corporation), may, respectively, as determined by the President and a Senior Officer designated by the President, be consolidated annual or quarterly reports for all the Affiliated Agencies (excluding the Housing Trust Fund Corporation), to the extent that the President or designated Senior Officer determines that doing so will be more elucidating.
- d. Annual MWBE Goal Plan (“MWBE Goal Plan”). The Agencies shall report, annually, to the Governor, Legislature and the MWBE Director, on various issues pertaining to Procurements relating to MWBE, in accordance with Article VI of these Guidelines and Article 15-A, including but not limited to:
 - i. the annual goals, identified in the Agencies’ Annual MWBE Goal Plan, for Contracts with MWBEs;

- ii. providing adequate documentation of a good faith effort to meet the Agency goals described in the Agencies' Annual MWBE Goal Plan, in the event that the Agency projected goals cannot be achieved;
- iii. the number of actual Contracts issued to MWBEs;
- iv. the activities undertaken to promote and encourage Procurement opportunities of Minority Group Members and women and promote and increase participation by certified businesses with respect to Agency Contracts and subcontracts;
- v. Agency Contracts for leases of real property by the Agency(s) to a Lessee where: the terms of such leases provide for the construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon by such Lessee; and the cost of such construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon exceeds the sum of \$100,000;
- vi. a summary of all enforcement actions undertaken by the Agency against a Contractor for breach of Contract pursuant to §316-a of Article 15-A and Article IX. of these Guidelines; and
- vii. a summary of all waivers, defined in Article VI of these Guidelines, permitted by the Agencies during the period covered by the MWBE Report, including:
 - (1) a description of the basis of the waiver request; and
 - (2) the rationale for granting any such waiver.

ARTICLE XIII

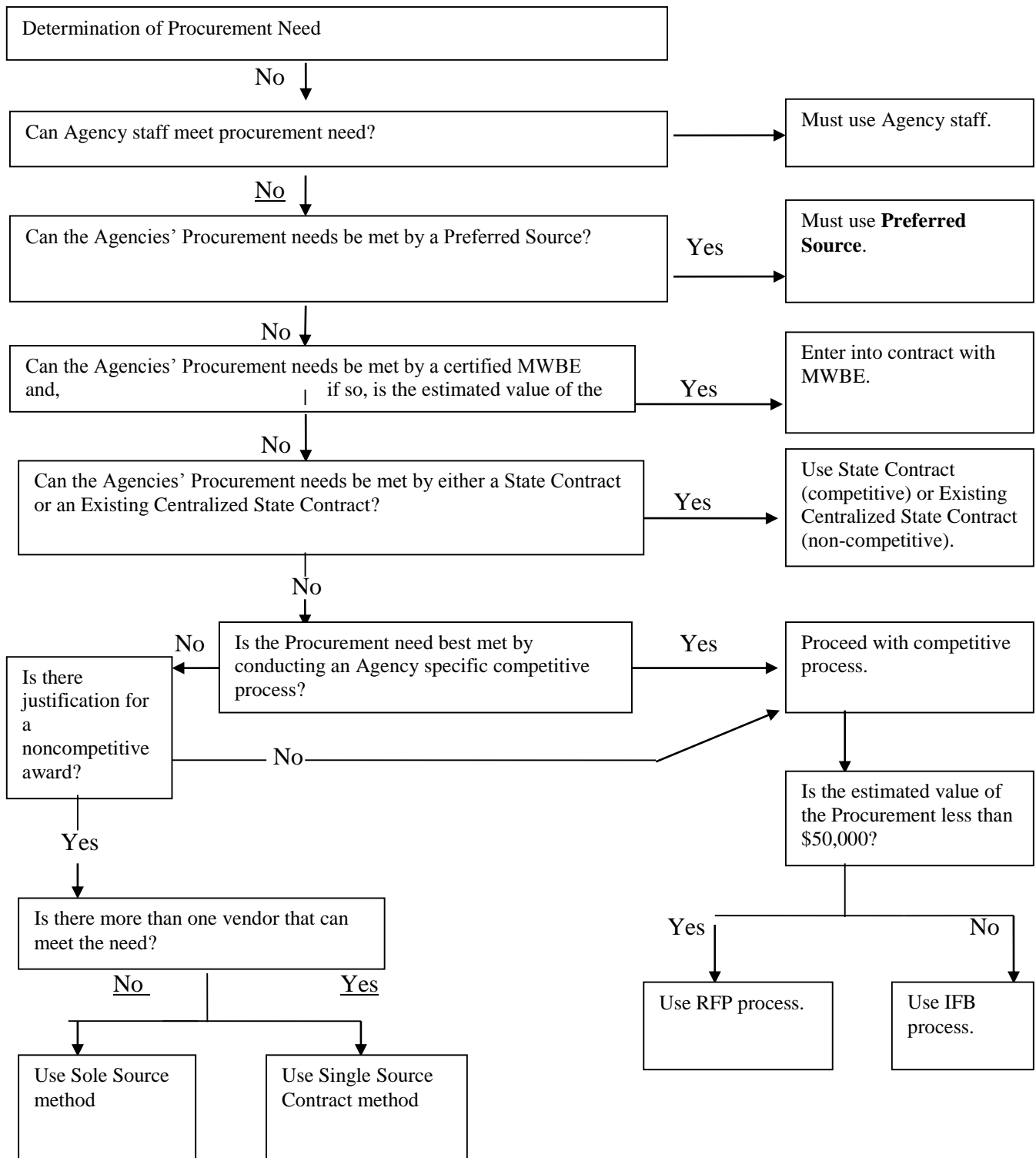
13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- a. Powers of Amendment. Any modification or amendment of these Guidelines may be made by a Supplemental Resolution adopted at any duly constituted Members' or Directors' meeting; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment shall abrogate the rights and duties of existing Agency Contracts, the terms of which were established pursuant to these Guidelines; and further provided that the President may make non-material changes in these Guidelines.
- b. Supplementation with Procedural Handbooks, Practice Manuals and Other Directives. These Guidelines are only intended to provide the general framework for Agency Procurement practices. These Guidelines are not intended to preclude

supplementation of the Guidelines through the promulgation of more specific procedural handbooks, practice manuals, or other directives and guidance as may be issued from time to time, including as example, and not by way of limitation, more specific procedures for conduct of Requests For Proposals and Requests For Qualifications. It is also not intended that the existence of these Guidelines should prevent or supplant the issuance of additional Agency guidelines or regulations to deal specifically with Lobbying Law Directives and/or MWBE Directives, if appropriate.

- c. No Recourse under these Guidelines. No provision of these Guidelines shall be the basis for any claim based upon these Guidelines against any Member, Director, Officer or Employee of the Agency(s) or the Agency(s) itself.
- d. Effect upon Existing Agencies' Contracts. These Guidelines shall not abrogate the rights and duties of Agency Contracts with third parties executed prior to the effective date of these Guidelines.

SELECTING A PROCUREMENT PROCESS.



TAB 4

Explanation of AHC's Procurement and Contract Guidelines

Explanation of consolidated Procurement and Contract Guidelines of the Agencies, as revised and in effect, September 12, 2013

The consolidated Procurement and Contract Guidelines (the “Guidelines”) were (i) adopted on December 15, 2005, (ii) revised on June 14, 2007, June 11, 2008, and September 14, 2010 respectively, and (iii) most recently revised on September 12, 2013, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, the State of New York Mortgage Agency, the New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, the State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and the Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (individually, “Agency,” and collectively, the “Agencies”), and Section 2879 of the Public Authorities Law.

The Guidelines were revised on September 12, 2013 to (i) incorporate certain substantive amendments intended to improve the procurement process, (ii) align our minority and women-owned business (“M/WBE”) procedures with New York State (“State”) law, and (iii) implement some definitional changes.

The substantive amendments include the addition of provisions to: (i) increase the monetary threshold from \$15,000 to \$50,000 for request for proposal (“RFP”) processes in order to make the procurement process less burdensome, and a change that is in line with recent statutory changes made to the requirement to post contract opportunities in the State’s Contract Reporter for solicitations, which similarly increased the threshold amount from \$15,000 to \$50,000; (ii) permit the Agencies to rely on the procurement processes of the Federal Government Administration (“GSA”) for the purchase of goods and services, allowing the Agencies to piggy back on Federal procurements as they are permitted to do for State Contract procurements; (iii) provide for the initial approval and annual review of Contracts by each Agency’s Governance Committee, with the Agencies’ Board approving and/or reviewing Contracts annually each January as part of their approval of the Agencies’ consolidated annual procurement report (a change that was previously authorized through charter amendments for the Governance Committees); (iv) require the Agencies’ the President/CEO to authorize all Agency determinations of Single Source Contracts, Sole Source Contracts, Critical Source Contracts and Emergency Contracts after any such determination is made by an Agency Senior Officer; and (v) require any Emergency Contracts be brought before the Governance Committee for approval at the next scheduled meeting. The changes in (iv) and (v) above are intended to tighten control processes in situations where non-competitive procurement methods are used.

In addition to these changes, certain changes were made to improve our MWBE procurement contract procedures. The Guidelines were amended to (a) increase the monetary threshold amount for the waiver of competitive processes for M/WBEs from \$100,000 to \$200,000 to mirror the statutory limit for this type of exception to competitive processes under the amendments to Article 15-A of the State’s Executive Law; and (b) delete the M/WBE goals in the Guidelines and replace them with a reference to the goals in the Agencies’ Annual M/WBE Goal Plan.

Finally, certain definitional changes have been implemented. The defined term “Uniquely Qualified Source Contract” was replaced with “Single Source Contract” to mirror the State’s term for this procurement method, and Housing Trust Fund Corporation was added as an agency to the defined term “Affiliated Agencies” for purposes of procurement processes. This last change is intended to align the Agencies with HTFC, all now part of HCR.

EXPLANATION OF CONSOLIDATED
PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACT GUIDELINES
OF THE AGENCIES
(as revised and in effect, September 12, 2013)

The consolidated Procurement and Contract Guidelines (“Guidelines”), pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of each of the New York State Housing Finance Agency, State of New York Mortgage Agency, New York State Affordable Housing Corporation, State of New York Municipal Bond Bank Agency and Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation (individually, “Agency,” and collectively, the “Agencies”) and Section 2879 of the Public Authorities Law, apply to the Agencies’ procurement of goods and services. As defined in the Guidelines, “Procurement” means the acquisition of goods, materials and services including, but not limited to, personal services, by any Agency. “Procurement Contract” is defined, (a) following the definition in Section 2879 of the Public Authorities Law, as any written agreement for Procurement in the actual or estimated amount of \$5,000 or more, and (b) following the definition in the Lobbying Law in relation to any Agency Governmental Procurement with actual or anticipated annualized expenditures in excess of \$15,000 in amount, as any Contract, including an amendment, extension, renewal, or change order to an existing Contract (other than amendments, extensions, renewals, or change orders that are authorized and payable under the terms of the Contract as it was finally awarded), for a Governmental Procurement. (Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms adhere to their respective definitions in the Guidelines.)

A. Selection of Procurement Contractors and/or Vendors (Article IV of the Guidelines)

In selecting Procurement Contractors and/or Vendors, it is the preference of the Agencies that Contractors and Vendors be selected from as broad a spectrum of providers as is practicable, and that any Contract (defined as a written agreement whereby an Agency undertakes Procurement, including accepted Purchase Orders and Procurement Contracts) be awarded and purchases be made consistent with the quality of services or goods and materials required, at fair and reasonable prices. In addition, it is the preference of the Agencies to encourage the participation and utilization of minority owned business enterprises (“MBEs”) and women-owned business enterprises (“WBEs”) (and collectively, “MWBEs”) in accordance with the MWBE Directives in the Guidelines and to encourage the participation of New York State Business Enterprises (“NYSBES”).

B. Competitive Processes (Article IV of the Guidelines)

The following are the main competitive processes provided for in Article IV of the Guidelines: (i) a competitive lowest price bid for goods and materials; (ii) an invitation for bids process (*new terminology*) for Contracts not expected to exceed \$50,000 (*revised amount*) in amount; (iii) a request for proposal (“RFP”) without negotiation; (iv) an RFP with competitive negotiations; (v) use of a pre-qualified panel; (vi) use of a State Contract; (vi) U.S. General Services Administration Contracts (“GSA Contracts”) (*new addition*) and (vii) use of an Affiliated Agency Contract, and Affiliated Agency Contract shall include the Housing Trust Fund Corporation (“HTFC”) (*new addition*) entered into as a result of a competitive process, or the use of an Affiliated Agency competitive selection process as the basis for entering into a Contract and such Affiliated Agency competitive process shall include processes conducting by HTFC (*new addition*).

C. Selection of Contractors and Vendors through a Competitive Selection Process (Article IV of the Guidelines)

In selecting Contractors and Vendors through a competitive selection process, certain standards and practices are required to be considered, including: (i) advertisement requirements including outreach efforts to MWBEs and providing information with respect thereto via the Agencies’ website; and (ii) criteria for selection, including but not limited to, terms, costs, goods or services offered, reputation and experience. For procurements not expected to exceed \$50,000 (*revised amount*) in amount, the Agency shall solicit prices, statements of qualifications and proposals from at least three prospective Vendors, including at least one MWBE, if feasible.

D. Selection of Contractors and Vendors on a Non-Competitive Basis (Article IV of the Guidelines)

In the selection or use of Contractors or Vendors, the following Contracts may be awarded without engaging in any one of the competitive processes set forth above: Preferred Source providers; existing centralized State Contracts; existing GSA Contracts (*new addition*); Emergency Selection Contracts where the selection of a Contractor or Vendor cannot be delayed; Sole Source Contracts; Single Source Contracts (*new terminology*); instances where practice in an industry does not normally involve competitive selection processes and an Agency determination that entering into a Contract is deemed cost-effective for the Agency; and the purchase of goods and services from Small Businesses and certified MWBEs, or goods or technology that are recycled or remanufactured, in amounts of \$200,000 (*revised amount*) or less. Determinations to enter into Emergency Selection Contracts, Sole Source Contracts and Single Source Contracts must be made by an Agency Senior Officer and the President (*revised language*).

E. Requirements for Agency Bid Documents (Article V of the Guidelines)

For Procurements in the actual or estimated amount of \$50,000 (*revised amount*) or more, the Agency shall advertise all such opportunities in the “New York State Contract Reporter. The Agencies shall include in all bid documents to potential bidders a statement that information concerning the availability of subcontractors and suppliers is available from the State Department

of Economic Development, which shall include the directory of certified MWBEs, and an affirmative statement that it is the policy of the Agencies to encourage the use of State subcontractors and suppliers, and to promote the participation of NYSBEs and MWBEs, where possible, in the Procurement of goods and services.

The Agencies also require that solicitation documents set forth the expected degree of MWBE participation based, in part, on (i) the potential subcontract opportunities available in the prime Procurement Contract, and (ii) the availability of MWBEs to respond competitively to the potential subcontract opportunities. In addition, the Agencies shall:

1. provide notice of Governmental Procurements, along with any other notice required by law, to professional and other organizations serving MWBEs that provide the types of services procured by the Agencies. For the purposes of these Procurement efforts, and for other Agency Procurement efforts, the Agencies shall maintain lists of qualified MWBEs and will provide such list(s) to Contractors in the Procurement process, requiring that potential Contractors consult and contact appropriate MWBEs to solicit their bids, in accordance with Article VI of the Guidelines;
2. incorporate a summary of the Agencies' policies and prohibitions regarding Contacts under the Lobbying Law, in accordance to the Lobbying Law Directives as described in Article VII of the Guidelines; and
3. follow the directives for the participation of promoted Contracts, as more fully described in Article VIII of the Guidelines;

F. MWBE Program (Article VI of the Guidelines)

The Agencies shall implement procedures for MWBE participation and utilization in Agency Procurements, including:

- (i) appointing a Designated MWBE Officer by the President to oversee the Agencies' MWBE Program;
- (ii) establishing appropriate numerical MWBE participation target goals (to be updated annually) for each new Procurement Contract awarded by the Agencies and for the utilization of MWBEs as subcontractors and suppliers by Contractors having Procurement Contracts with the Agencies. In addition, the MBE portion or the WBE portion of joint ventures shall count toward meeting the Agencies' MWBE participation goals. In the event that the projected goals cannot be achieved, the Agencies will provide adequate documentation of a good faith effort to meet these goals in their submission of their Annual MWBE Officer Report.

- (iii) establishing procedures for maintaining lists of qualified and certified MWBEs, that have expressed an interest in doing business with the Agencies, and ensuring that such lists are updated at least annually;
- (iv) establishing measures and procedures to ensure that certified MWBEs will be given the opportunity for maximum feasible participation in the performance of Agency Contracts and to assist in the Agencies' identification of those Agency Contracts for which certified MWBEs may best bid to actively and affirmatively promote and assist their participation in the performance of Agency Contracts so as to facilitate the Agencies' achievement of the maximum feasible portion of the goals for Agency Contracts to such businesses;
- (v) designating the Division of Minority and Women-Owned Business Development to certify and decertify MWBEs for the Agencies;
- (vi) requiring that each Contract solicitation set forth the expected degree of MWBE participation, as set forth in the Agencies' Annual MWBE Goal Plan (*new addition*).
- (vi) submitting a waiver by the Agency of obligations of Contractor relating to MWBE participation after a showing of good faith effort to comply with the MWBE participation requirements; and
- (vii) verifying that MWBEs listed in a successful bid are actually participating to the extent listed in the project for which the bid was submitted.

In implementing the MWBE Directives, the Agencies shall:

- (1) consider, where practicable, severability of construction projects and other bundled Contracts; however, unbundling must be conducted within the constraints of the Agencies' need to ensure efficiency and limit costs;
- (2) implement its MWBE Program to enable the Agencies to evaluate each Contract to determine the appropriateness of the goal, as set forth in the Agencies' Annual MWBE Goal Plan (*new addition*);
- (3) consider compliance with the requirements of any federal law concerning opportunities for MWBEs that effectuates the purpose of Article VI of the Guidelines; and
- (4) consult the most recent disparity study, pursuant to Article 15-A of the Executive Law ("Article 15-A").

G. Lobbying Law Directives (Article VII of the Guidelines)

For any Contract made subject to the “Lobbying Reform Law,” the Agency is required to notify every potential Contractor or Vendor that the Agency has a “Designated Contact Officer,” who is “knowledgeable of the procurement” and is the only Agency representative permitted to receive Contacts from Contractors or Vendors, or their representatives, during the “Restricted Period” with respect to such Governmental Procurement. In addition to observing the Lobbying Reform Law’s proscriptions on Contacts, all potential Contractors or Vendors must complete and return to the Agency with their proposal or bid response to an Agency solicitation, a written affirmation of a Contractor’s or Vendor’s understanding of the Governmental Procurement lobbying procedures of the Agency, as well as disclose prior determinations of non-responsibility as a result of Lobbying Law violations over the preceding four years. Any violation of the Lobbying Reform Law over the preceding four years is considered an adverse factor in the Contractor or Vendor selection process.

H. Promoted and Prohibited Contracts & Contracts Subject to Other Limitations (Article VIII of the Guidelines)

Notwithstanding the general practices of the Agencies with respect to selection of Contractors and Vendors and adherence to competitive practices, as set forth in the Guidelines, Article VIII of the Guidelines require that certain Contracts may be “promoted,” “prohibited” or “subjected to certain limitations.”

It is the goal of the Agencies to both promote and assist participation by MWBEs in competition for Procurement Contracts, and award a fair share of Procurement Contracts to MWBEs. The Agencies also seek to promote the participation of New York State Business Enterprises.

In addition, as it is the goal of the Agencies to award Contracts to those Contractors or Vendors who have evidenced compliance with the laws of the State prohibiting discrimination in employment, the Agencies will seek to achieve this goal by awarding Procurement Contracts to those firms who have demonstrated that they do not discriminate with respect to employment. The Agencies have also promulgated procedures for ensuring Contractor or Vendor compliance with the Equal Opportunity Act of 1972.

Under the Guidelines, certain Contracts will be prohibited or permitted only subject to certain exceptions or limitations as follows: (i) with respect to evaluation of Architects, Engineers and Surveyors, the Agencies shall consider special criteria including the reasonableness of cost based on the total estimated cost of any legal entity permitted by law to practice such professions; (ii) in accordance with the MacBride Fair Employment Principles, the Agencies shall not enter into Procurement Contracts with Contractors or Vendors who have operations in Northern Ireland unless assurance is made that lawful steps in good faith have been made to comply with the MacBride Principles; (iii) with respect to Contracts with a Foreign Business Enterprise, the Agencies shall notify the State Commissioner of Economic Development of the award of a Procurement Contract for the purchase of goods from said Foreign Business Enterprise in an amount equal to or greater than \$1,000,000. Thereafter, the Agencies shall not enter into a

Procurement Contract for said goods until at least 15 days have elapsed, except where a Contract is awarded due to Emergency. The Agencies shall not solicit bids from or enter into a Procurement Contract with a Foreign Business Enterprise which has its principal place of business in a jurisdiction that discriminates against New York business, pursuant to Section 165 (6)(b) of the State Finance Law.

In addition to the consideration of Contractor or Vendor non-compliance with Lobbying Law Directives, with respect to Contracts with former Agency Officers and Employees, the Agencies shall not enter into Contracts which contemplate, violate or affirmatively, by their terms, allow former Officers and Employees of the Agencies to violate Section 73(8)(a) of the State Ethics Law.

I. General Contract Provisions (Article IX of the Guidelines)

All Procurement Contracts shall be in writing and duly executed by an individual empowered to do so in accordance with Agency By-Laws. Procurement Contracts shall specifically provide for a scope of services indicating the nature of the work to be performed or goods to be provided, and for the time for performance, and the monitoring or reviewing of performance. Additionally, Procurement Contracts shall also state compensation and payment terms and indicate that prices in bids were arrived at independently without collusion. In addition to a provision authorizing the Agency to immediately terminate any Contract in the event that any Lobbying Law certification is found to be intentionally false or inaccurate, Contracts shall also include “a provision expressly providing that any Contractor who willfully and intentionally fails to comply with minority and women-owned participation requirements, as set forth in the Contract, shall be liable to the Agencies for liquidated or other appropriate damages and shall provide for the appropriate remedies on account of such breach”.

In order that the Agencies may enter into new Procurement Contracts for the Procurement covered as soon as they may desire, Procurement Contracts should not commit the Agency(s) to continue to use Contractors for longer than is desirable to achieve the Contract objectives. Unless specifically permitted by a resolution of the Agency’s Members or Directors, Procurement Contracts should be for a term not exceeding one year, and should be terminable by the Agency, at its option, without cause, within a period that is less than a year into the future. A designated Officer or Employee shall perform a continuing evaluation of Procurement Contracts and Panels.

J. Agency Approvals (Article X of the Guidelines)

All Contracts where compensation is expected to be \$100,000 or more, as well as any Contracts involving services to be provided over a period of more than one year, require initial approval and annual review of the Governance Committee of each Agency (*new addition*). The Members and Directors shall, at least annually, approve and/or review any Contract lasting more than a year, each January, as part of the approval of the Annual Report on Procurement Contracts. All Procurement Contracts shall be executed by the President and CEO, or a Senior Officer, as defined under Agency By-Laws or by such Vice President to whom execution authority has been appropriately delegated in writing by a Senior Officer or as otherwise provided for in the Bylaws.

The Senior Vice President and Counsel, or his/her designee(s), shall approve as to legal compliance all Procurement Contracts.

K. Procurement Record (Article XI of the Guidelines)

A “Procurement Record” shall be maintained for each Procurement requiring any Formal Contract and such other Procurement as the Procurement Contract Officer deems appropriate, or as State law might require, identifying, with supporting documentation, decisions made by the Agency during the Procurement process. Additionally, the Procurement Contract Officer shall be charged with responsibilities that include the retention of such portions of the Procurement Contract Record as the Procurement Contract Officer deems appropriate, monitoring compliance with proper contracting procedures and adherence to the Guidelines.

L. Reports on Procurement (Article XII of the Guidelines)

1. Annual Procurement Report

Within ninety days after the conclusion of each fiscal year shared by the majority of the Agencies, the Members or Directors of the Agency shall approve an Annual Procurement Report, summarizing procurement activity for the period of the report. Such report shall include for each Procurement Contract listed (including MWBEs): a description of the duties performed by the Contractor; the date of the Contract and its duration; the total value of the Contract; the full name and address of the Contractor; the status of the Contract including the amount spent or other considerations given pursuant to the Contract during the reporting period and for the life of the Contract to date; whether the Contractor is a Minority or Women-Owned Business Enterprise; and the total number of bids or proposals received prior to the award of the Contract.

The Annual Procurement Report, after being approved by the Members and Directors, shall be filed using the Public Authorities Reporting Information System (“PARIS”) on-line reporting system.

2. Quarterly Procurement Report

Within ninety days after the close of each quarter of the fiscal year shared by the majority of the Affiliated Agencies, the Agencies shall prepare and deliver to the Members and Directors a report summarizing procurement activity for the period of the report.

3. Annual MWBE Officer Report

The Agencies annually file an MWBE Officer Report that includes: (i) Agency annual MWBE goals; (ii) documentation of a good faith effort to meet Agency goals, in the event that these goals cannot be achieved; (iii) the number of actual Contracts issued to MWBEs; (iv) the activities undertaken to promote and

encourage Procurement opportunities of MWBEs and increase participation by certified MWBEs; (v) Agency Contracts for leases of real property by the Agency to a Lessee (a) where the terms of such leases provide for the construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon by such Lessee and (b) the cost of such construction, demolition, replacement, major repair or renovation of real property and improvements thereon exceeds the sum of \$100,000; (vi) a summary of all enforcement actions undertaken by the Agency against a Contractor for breach of Contract; and (vii) a summary of all waivers, permitted by the Agencies during the period covered by the MWBE Officer Report.

TAB 5

AHC's Prompt Payment Policy

**THE PROMPT PAYMENT POLICY STATEMENT OF THE
New York State Affordable Housing Corporation**

Article I

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

101. This Policy Statement is adopted pursuant to Section 2880 of the Public Authorities Law.

Article II

DEFINITION OF TERMS

201. Definitions. For the purpose of this policy statement, the following terms shall have the following meanings unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise:

"Agency" shall mean the New York State Affordable Housing Corporation.

"Contract" shall mean an enforceable agreement entered into by the Agency and a contractor, including purchase orders. Bond Resolutions and Purchase Agreements are not contracts within the meaning of this Section.

"Contractor" shall mean any persons or organizations providing goods, property or services to the Agency pursuant to a contract.

"Designated Payment Department" shall mean that department within the Agency to which a proper invoice is to be submitted by a contractor.

"Prompt Payment" shall mean payment of a debt due and owing by the Agency before interest accrues thereon pursuant to the specifications herein.

"Proper Invoice" shall mean a written request for contract payment setting forth the description, price and quantity of goods, property or services provided by a contractor in such form, and supported by such other substantiating documentation, as the Agency may reasonably require.

"Receipt of Invoice" shall mean either (a) the date on which a proper invoice is received by the designated payment department, or (b) the date on which the Agency receives the purchased goods, property or services covered by the proper invoice, whichever is later. "Set-off" shall mean the reduction by the Agency of a payment due to a contractor by an amount equal to the amount of an unpaid legally enforceable debt owed by the contractor to the Agency.

Article III

RULES AND REGULATIONS

301. Payment Request Procedure. Most contractors who are owed money by the Agency shall send a proper invoice to the attention of Accounts Payable, the designated payment department of the Agency. Accounts Payable will log the reception date of the invoice, and send the document to the unit within the Agency that received the purchased goods, property or services from the contractor for review and verification.

A small group of contractors will not have to request payment because their contracts provide for automatic payment at predetermined intervals without the necessity of an invoice. Accordingly, review and verification of the work of these contractors will take place prior to each scheduled payment date.

302. Schedule for Prompt Payment. The Agency will adhere to the following schedule for prompt payment:

- a. For invoices received between April 29, 1988, and July 1, 1989, payment will be made within 45 calendar days after receipt of a proper invoice.

- b. For invoices received after July 1, 1989, payment will be made within 30 calendar days, excluding legal holidays, after receipt of a proper invoice.
- c. For contracts with predetermined payment dates, payment will be made on each such date.

This schedule will not apply in those instances where payment is being delayed for any of the exceptions listed in section 305 or tolled for any of the reasons listed in section 306 of this policy statement.

303. Interest Computation. If the Agency fails to meet the prompt payment schedule set out above, the Agency will pay interest to the affected contractors at the rate equal to that set by the State Tax Commission for corporate taxes.

304. Funds Available to Pay Interest Penalties. The Agency will pay penalties with monies drawn from earnings on investments, and Agency fees and charges, for both personal services contracts and non-personal services contracts, the two types of contracts entered into by the Agency.

305. Situations Which Justify Extension of Payment Time for Proper Invoices. The following facts or conditions constitute exceptions to the prompt payment schedule set forth in section 302:

- a. statutory or contract provisions requiring an inspection or an audit prior to payment.
- b. a requirement for state appropriation to authorize payment.
- c. a requirement for federal government examination of a proper invoice prior to payment.
- d. extraordinary delay between the provision of goods, property or services by a contractor and the receipt of a proper invoice by the Agency.

- e. failure by a contractor to submit documents required by agreement prior to payment.

In addition, the Agency is not responsible for the processing time taken by the State Department of Taxation and Finance, the State Division of the Budget, the Office of the State Comptroller, or any other external entity that is required by statute or regulation to approve or process Agency payments.

306. Reasons Which Justify the Tolling of Payment Time for Invoices. The following facts or conditions toll the prompt payment schedule set forth in section 302:

- (1) the existence of defects in the goods, property or services delivered.
- (2) the existence of defects in the invoice.
- (3) suspected improprieties of any kind.

307. Tolling Regulations. In order to toll the prompt payment schedule without penalty, the Agency has fifteen days after receipt of an invoice to send a contractor notification of defects or improprieties. Agency notification shall be in the form of a standardized letter. In the event that the Agency fails to act within fifteen days, once the defect or impropriety is corrected, the number of days allowed for payment is reduced by the number of days between the fifteenth day and the date of notification. In the event that the Agency's contentions are proved unreasonable, the date by which contract payment shall be made is calculated from the date of receipt of invoice.

For those contracts which provide for scheduled payments without an invoice the same fifteen day regulations apply as above.

Article IV

REPORTS

401. Statement Filing. Within thirty days of the adoption of this statement, and of any amendments hereto, the Agency shall file copies with the State Comptroller, the State Director of the Budget, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and the Chairman of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

402. Annual Report. Within ninety days after the end of each fiscal year following January 1, 1989, the Agency shall prepare an annual report on the scope and implementation of this prompt payment policy. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. a listing of the types or categories of contracts which the Agency entered into during the twelve-month period of the report with an indication whether each such contract was subject to the prompt payment requirements, and if not, why not;
- b. the number and amount of interest payments made for contracts, arranged according to each such type or category;
- c. the number of interest chargeable days, and the total number of days taken to process each late contract payment; and
- d. a summary of the principal reasons why such late payments had to be made.

Copies of this report shall be filed with the State Comptroller, the State Director of the Budget, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and the Chairman of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

ARTICLE V

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

501. Statement Amendment. The Agency shall have the power to amend this policy statement by promulgating amended rules and regulations at any time.

502. Contract Incorporation. The policy statement in effect at the time of the creation of a contract is hereby incorporated into and made a part of that contract.

503. Public Access. The Agency shall make copies of this policy statement, as well as the annual report, available to the public upon reasonable request at the Agency's main office.

In addition, the Agency shall provide a copy of this policy statement to each contractor.

504. Inapplicability of Statute. The statute authorizing this statement is not applicable to the Agency's contracts with other governmental agencies, to interest on judgments rendered by a court against the Agency pursuant to any other statute, or in situations where the Agency exercises a legally authorized set-off against all or part of a payment due a contractor.

505. Legal Processes. The Agency is under no liability to pay interest pursuant to the statute after a contractor has filed a claim or given notice of an intention to file a claim or commenced legal action for payment of interest.

TAB 6

AHC's Prompt Payment Policy Report



KATHY HOCHUL
Governor

Homes and Community Renewal

RUTHANNE VISNAUSKAS
Commissioner/CEO

May 5, 2022

The Honorable
Thomas P. DiNapoli
State Comptroller
Office of the State Comptroller
110 State Street - 15th Floor
Albany, NY 12236

Robert F. Mujica Jr.
Budget Director
Division of the Budget
State Capitol - Room 113
Albany, NY 12224

The Honorable
Helene E. Weinstein
Chairperson
Assembly Ways & Means Committee
State Capitol - Room 410
Albany, NY 12248

The Honorable
Catharine Young
Chairperson
Senate Finance Committee
Legislative Office Building
State Capitol - Room 416
Albany, NY 12247

Pursuant to Section 2880 of the Public Authorities Law, transmitted herewith is the Corporation's Annual Report on Prompt Payment for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

Enclosed as Exhibit 1 is the Corporation's Prompt Payment Policy Statement; as Exhibit 2, a list of the categories of contracts entered into during the reporting period; and as Exhibit 3, an explanation of how the Corporation's bills are paid.

Very truly yours,

Darryl Johnson
Deputy Chief Financial Officer

New York State Affordable Housing Corporation

Enclosure

**THE PROMPT PAYMENT POLICY STATEMENT OF THE
New York State Affordable Housing Corporation**

Article 1

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

101. This Policy Statement is adopted pursuant to Section 2880 of the Public Authorities Law.

Article II

DEFINITION OF TERMS

201. Definitions. For the purpose of this policy statement, the following terms shall have the following meanings unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise:

"Agency" shall mean the New York State Affordable Housing Corporation.

"Contract" shall mean an enforceable agreement entered into by the Agency and a contractor, including purchase orders. Bond Resolutions and Purchase Agreements are not contracts within the meaning of this Section.

"Contractor" shall mean any persons or organizations providing goods, property or services to the Agency pursuant to a contract.

"Designated Payment Department" shall mean that department within the Agency to which a proper invoice is to be submitted by a contractor.

"Prompt Payment" shall mean payment of a debt due and owing by the Agency before interest accrues thereon pursuant to the specifications herein.

"Proper Invoice" shall mean a written request for contract payment setting forth the description, price and quantity of goods, property or services provided by a contractor in such form, and supported by such other substantiating documentation, as the Agency may reasonably require.

"Receipt of Invoice" shall mean either (a) the date on which a proper invoice is received by the designated payment department, or (b) the date on which the Agency receives the purchased goods, property or services covered by the proper invoice, whichever is later. "Set-off" shall mean the reduction by the Agency of a payment due to a contractor by an amount equal to the amount of an unpaid legally enforceable debt owed by the contractor to the Agency.

Article III

RULES AND REGULATIONS

301. Payment Request Procedure. Most contractors who are owed money by the Agency shall send a proper invoice to the attention of Accounts Payable, the designated payment department of the Agency. Accounts Payable will log the reception date of the invoice, and send the document to the unit within the Agency that received the purchased goods, property or services from the contractor for review and verification.

A small group of contractors will not have to request payment because their contracts provide for automatic payment at predetermined intervals without the necessity of an invoice. Accordingly, review and verification of the work of these contractors will take place prior to each scheduled payment date.

302. Schedule for Prompt Payment. The Agency will adhere to the following schedule for prompt payment:

- a. For invoices received between April 29, 1988, and July 1, 1989, payment will be made within 45 calendar days after receipt of a proper invoice.
- b. For invoices received after July 1, 1989, payment will be made within 30 calendar days, excluding legal holidays, after receipt of a proper invoice.
- c. For contracts with predetermined payment dates, payment will be made on each such date.

This schedule will not apply in those instances where payment is being delayed for any of the exceptions listed in section 305 or tolled for any of the reasons listed in section 306 of this policy statement.

303. Interest Computation. If the Agency fails to meet the prompt payment schedule set out above, the Agency will pay interest to the affected contractors at the rate equal to that set by the State Tax Commission for corporate taxes.

304. Funds Available to Pay Interest Penalties. The Agency will pay penalties with monies drawn from earnings on investments, and Agency fees and charges, for both personal services contracts and non-personal services contracts, the two types of contracts entered into by the Agency.

305. Situations Which Justify Extension of Payment Time for Proper Invoices. The following facts or conditions constitute exceptions to the prompt payment schedule set forth in section 302:

- a. statutory or contract provisions requiring an inspection or an audit prior to payment.

- b. a requirement for state appropriation to authorize payment.
- c. a requirement for federal government examination of a proper invoice prior to payment.
- d. extraordinary delay between the provision of goods, property or services by a contractor and the receipt of a proper invoice by the Agency.
- e. failure by a contractor to submit documents required by agreement prior to payment.

In addition, the Agency is not responsible for the processing time taken by the State Department of Taxation and Finance, the State Division of the Budget, the Office of the State Comptroller, or any other external entity that is required by statute or regulation to approve or process Agency payments.

306. Reasons Which Justify the Tolling of Payment Time for Invoices. The following facts or conditions toll the prompt payment schedule set forth in section 302:

- (1) the existence of defects in the goods, property or services delivered.
- (2) the existence of defects in the invoice.
- (3) suspected improprieties of any kind.

307. Tolling Regulations. In order to toll the prompt payment schedule without penalty, the Agency has fifteen days after receipt of an invoice to send a contractor notification of defects or improprieties. Agency notification shall be in the form of a standardized letter. In the event that the Agency fails to act within fifteen days, once the defect or impropriety is corrected, the number of days allowed for payment is reduced by the number of days between the fifteenth day and the date of notification. In the event that the Agency's contentions are proved unreasonable, the date by

which contract payment shall be made is calculated from the date of receipt of invoice.

For those contracts which provide for scheduled payments without an invoice the same fifteen day regulations apply as above.

Article IV

REPORTS

401. Statement Filing. Within thirty days of the adoption of this statement, and of any amendments hereto, the Agency shall file copies with the State Comptroller, the State Director of the Budget, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and the Chairman of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

402. Annual Report. Within ninety days after the end of each fiscal year following January 1, 1989, the Agency shall prepare an annual report on the scope and implementation of this prompt payment policy. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a. a listing of the types or categories of contracts which the Agency entered into during the twelve-month period of the report with an indication whether each such contract was subject to the prompt payment requirements, and if not, why not;
- b. the number and amount of interest payments made for contracts, arranged according to each such type or category;
- c. the number of interest chargeable days, and the total number of days taken to process each late contract payment; and
- d. a summary of the principal reasons why such late payments had to be made.

Copies of this report shall be filed with the State Comptroller, the State Director of the

Budget, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and the Chairman of the Assembly Ways and Means Committee.

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MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

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505. Legal Processes. The Agency is under no liability to pay interest pursuant to the statute after a contractor has filed a claim or given notice of an intention to file a claim or commenced legal action for payment of interest.

EXHIBIT 2

The Corporation entered into the following categories of contracts during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022

1. Other than Personal Services Contracts
2. Personal Services Contracts
3. Grant Agreements

Grant Agreements are not subject to the Corporation's Prompt Payment Policy because they are specifically excluded from the definition of contracts which are covered by the Policy.

New York State
Affordable Housing Corporation

Late Payments

April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022

All New York State Affordable Housing Corporation bills are paid through the New York State Housing Finance Agency ("HFA") disbursement account. Therefore, all late payments for this Corporation are reported in the HFA Annual Report on Prompt Payment.