

(A Component Unit of the State of New York)

**Financial Statements** 

March 31, 2015 and 2014

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

**Financial Statements** 

March 31, 2015 and 2014

# **Table of Contents**

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	3
Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	14
Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	15
Statements of Cash Flows	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17



**KPMG LLP** 515 Broadway Albany, NY 12207-2974

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Trustees New York State Higher Education Services Corporation:

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Operating Fund and Federal Fund of the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs of the New York State Higher Education Services Corporation (HESC), as of and for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise HESC's basic financial statements for the years then ended.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' Operating Fund and Federal Fund of the New York State Higher Education Services Corporation as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in net position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2015 on our consideration of HESC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering HESC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LIP

September 28, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This section of the New York State Higher Education Services Corporation (HESC) Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of its operations and financial performance during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. This analysis provides supplementary information on the operations and activities of HESC, and should be read in conjunction with the Operating and Federal Funds' financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Organization and Operations**

HESC is an agency of New York State (NYS) created in 1974 under Chapter 942 of the Laws of 1974 and is responsible for the administration of New York State's student financial aid programs, including the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) and State loan guarantee program. FFELP was established by Congress and is administered by the U.S. Department of Education (ED) through HESC and other guaranty agencies. As a result of the March 30, 2010 enactment of the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act (HCERA) (HR4872), new loan guarantees under the FFELP were eliminated effective July 1, 2010.

Under the FFELP, HESC was responsible for processing loans submitted for guarantee and issuing loan guarantees. HESC will continue providing collection assistance to lenders for delinquent loans, paying lender claims for loans in default, and collection activities on loans after purchase by HESC. In addition to FFELP, the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs (GSL) include the residual activity of the State guaranteed loan program under which no new loans have been guaranteed since 1984.

HESC has a Federal Student Loan Reserve Fund (Federal Fund) and an Operating Fund to account for FFELP activity. The Federal Fund assets, and earnings on those assets, are restricted in use and are considered property of ED. The Operating Fund is considered property of HESC, and its assets and earnings may be used generally for guaranty agency and other student financial aid related activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### 2015 Financial Highlights-Operating Fund

- Current assets decreased \$20.3 million or 22%.
- Current liabilities decreased \$5.0 million or 25%.
- Total operating revenue decreased \$27.3 million or 25%.
- Operating expenses decreased \$2.2 million or 4%.
- The Operating Fund provided \$8.4 million for the cost of administering the New York State grant and scholarship programs.
- The Operating Fund provided \$0.9 million for the cost of administering the federal Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) and the College Access Challenge Grant (CACG) for New York State.
- The Operating Fund transferred \$32.0 million to the New York State Tuition Assistance Program (TAP) to subsidize grant expenditures.

#### 2014 Financial Highlights-Operating Fund

- Current assets increased \$6.3 million or 7%.
- Current liabilities increased \$2.1 million or 12%.
- Total operating revenue decreased \$7.3 million or 6%.
- Operating expenses decreased \$5.1 million or 8%.
- The Operating Fund provided \$11.8 million for the cost of administering the New York State grant and scholarship programs.
- The Operating Fund provided \$1.1 million for the cost of administering the federal Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) and the College Access Challenge Grant (CACG) for New York State.
- The Operating Fund transferred \$32.0 million to the New York State Tuition Assistance Program (TAP) to subsidize grant expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

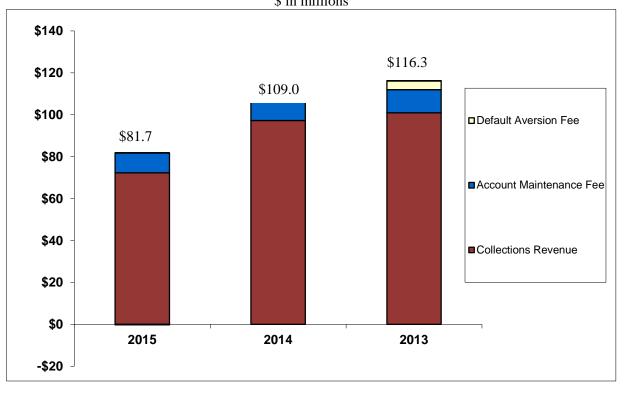
#### **Condensed Financial Information**

Operating Fund				Fed	eral Fund	
2015	2014	2013		2015	2014	2013
\$ 73,673	93,977	87,666		46,696	49,961	55,354
62	153	296		-	-	-
	-	-		2,395	2,905	3,629
73,735	94,130	87,962		49,091	52,866	58,983
14,602	19,575	17,520		4	1	-
2,395	2,904	3,629		-	-	10,300
16,997	22,479	21,149		4	1	10,300
62	153	296		-	-	-
56,676	71,498	66,517		49,087	52,865	48,683
\$ 56,738	71,651	66,813		49,087	52,865	48,683
	2015 \$ 73,673 62 73,735 14,602 2,395 16,997 62 56,676	2015         2014           \$         73,673         93,977           62         153           -         -           73,735         94,130           14,602         19,575           2,395         2,904           16,997         22,479           62         153           56,676         71,498	2015         2014         2013           \$         73,673         93,977         87,666           62         153         296           -         -         -           73,735         94,130         87,962           14,602         19,575         17,520           2,395         2,904         3,629           16,997         22,479         21,149           62         153         296           56,676         71,498         66,517	2015         2014         2013           \$         73,673         93,977         87,666           62         153         296           -         -         -           73,735         94,130         87,962           14,602         19,575         17,520           2,395         2,904         3,629           16,997         22,479         21,149           62         153         296           56,676         71,498         66,517	2015         2014         2013         2015           \$ 73,673         93,977         87,666         46,696         -           62         153         296         -         -         2,395           73,735         94,130         87,962         49,091         4           14,602         19,575         17,520         4         4           2,395         2,904         3,629         -         4           16,997         22,479         21,149         4         4           62         153         296         -         56,676         71,498         66,517         49,087	2015         2014         2013         2015         2014           \$         73,673         93,977         87,666         46,696         49,961           62         153         296         -         -         -           -         -         2,395         2,905         -         -           73,735         94,130         87,962         49,091         52,866           14,602         19,575         17,520         4         1           2,395         2,904         3,629         -         -           16,997         22,479         21,149         4         1           62         153         296         -         -           56,676         71,498         66,517         49,087         52,865

	Оре	rating Fur	d	Fed	deral Fund	
	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013
Operating Revenue:						
Default loan collections	\$ 72,288	97,260	100,900	254,507	249,347	275,146
Reimbursement of defaulted loans	-	-	-	421,649	450,119	526,379
Administrative and program fee	9,315	11,641	15,250	188	-	6
Other revenues	96	62	156	17	10,311	83
Total revenues	81,699	108,963	116,306	676,361	709,777	801,614
Operating expenses: Administrative Default Ioan purchases	55,137 -	57,327 -	62,419 -	- 437,827	- 468,131	- 547,660
Collection payments to U.S. Department of Education Fee subsidies	-	-	-	242,301 -	237,593 1,357	262,255 4,108
Other	91	143	195	10	13	6
Nonoperating expenses	41,383	45,155	45,154	-	-	-
Total expenses	96,611	102,625	107,768	680,138	707,094	814,029
Transfers	-	(1,500)	(5,496)	-	1,500	5,496
Change in net position	\$ (14,912)	4,838	3,042	(3,777)	4,183	(6,919)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014



#### **HESC Total Operating Fund Revenue** \$ in millions

# **Operating Fund Revenue Highlights for fiscal year ending March 31,**

#### 2015

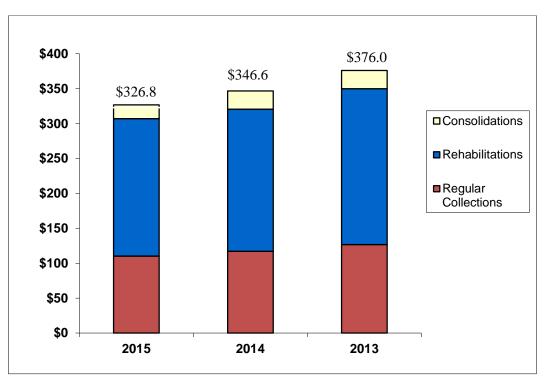
- Collections revenue represents 89% of total revenue consistent with 2013-2014.
- Account maintenance fee revenue decreased by \$0.8 million as a result of a decrease in outstanding principal balance of loans outstanding due to loans being paid by borrowers.
- Default aversion fee (DAF) revenue decreased \$1.5 million to \$0.2 million expense due back to the Federal Fund as a result of DAF refunds exceeding the DAF revenue for the year.

#### <u>2014</u>

- Collections revenue represents 89% of total revenue, an increase from last year as a result of a decrease in noncollections revenue.
- Account maintenance fee revenue decreased by \$0.8 million as a result of a decrease in outstanding principal balance of loans outstanding due to loans being paid by borrowers.
- Default aversion fee (DAF) revenue decreased \$2.4 million to \$1.4 million as a result of decreased DAF activity, in spite of a decrease in the estimated allowance for future default aversion fee refunds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014



**Total Default Collection Recoveries** \$ in millions

HESC's primary source of revenue continues to be from FFELP collection related activity. As a FFELP guarantor, HESC retains a percentage of collection recoveries determined by ED.

# Collection Recovery Highlights for the fiscal year ending March 31,

2015	

- Collections on rehabilitated loans decreased 3% to \$197 million from a total of \$203 million in 2013-2014.
- Total regular collections decreased \$7 million or 6% from \$117 million in 2014 to \$110 million in 2015, as a result of decreased vendor collection receipts received during the fiscal year.
- Federal direct default consolidation revenue decreased in 2015 to \$20 million or 23% from \$26 million in 2014.

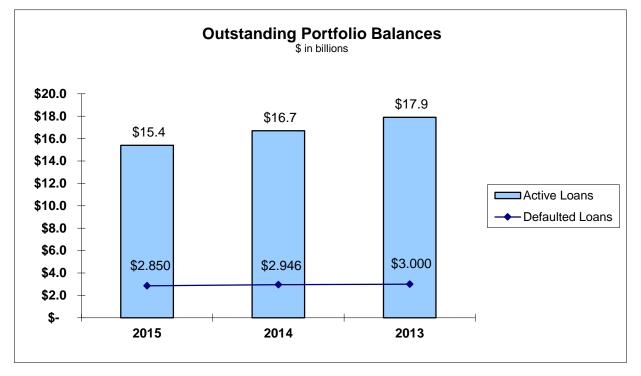
# <u>2014</u>

- Collections on rehabilitated loans decreased 9% to \$203 from a high collection year in 2012-13 of \$223 million.
- Total regular collections decreased \$9.6 million or 9% from \$126.6 million in 2013 to \$117 million in 2014, as a result of decreased vendor collection receipts and state tax offsets received during the fiscal year.
- Federal direct default consolidation revenue remained stable in 2014 at \$26.2 million, the same as 2013.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### **Operating Fund Administration Revenue on Guaranteed FFEL Loans**



Administrative Revenue Highlights for the fiscal year ending March 31,

#### <u>2015</u>

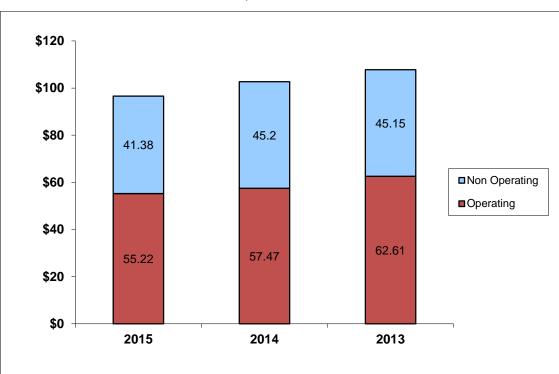
- HESC's outstanding active portfolio balance decreased by \$1.3 billion or 8% for the fiscal year as a result of active loans being paid in full during the year and no new loans being put into the portfolio, causing a decrease in account maintenance fee of \$0.8 million.
- Default aversion fee (DAF) revenue decreased \$1.5 million to a \$0.2 million expense due back to the Federal Fund as a result of DAF refunds exceeding the DAF revenue for the year.

# <u>2014</u>

- HESC's outstanding portfolio balance decreased by \$1.2 billion or 7% for the fiscal year as a result active loans being paid in full and no new loans being put into the portfolio, causing a decrease in account maintenance fee of \$0.8 million.
- Default aversion fee revenue, net of refunds, decreased \$2.4 million for the fiscal year as a result of a decrease in the default aversion fee revenue and in spite of a decrease in default aversion fee refunds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014



# **Total HESC Operating Fund Expenses** \$ in millions

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### HESC Operating Expense Highlights for fiscal year ending March 31,

# <u>2015</u>

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Outsourced vendor collection fees decreased \$4.6 million or 19.8% as a result of decreased collections attributable to outside collection agencies as HESC transitioned to a new vendor collection contract.
- Payroll and fringe benefit expense decreased by \$6.2 million or 24% due to a reduction in full time equivalent employees. The significant reduction in FTE's is a result of staff being transferred to the Office for Information Technology Services as part of the Governor's cost savings initiatives. A large portion of this reduction in personal service was offset by a charge back for NYS Servicing expense of \$9.6 which includes expenses for FFELP and Grant and Scholarship programs.
- Postage expense increased \$0.5 million as a result of an adjustment to the prepaid postage balance for a postage account that was not recorded in past periods.

# <u>2014</u>

#### **Operating Expenses**

- Outsourced vendor collection fees decreased \$1.0 million or 4% as a result of decreased collections attributable to outside collection agencies.
- Payroll and fringe benefit expense decreased by \$4.7 million or 15% due to a reduction in full time equivalent employees (FTE's) from 422 to 296. The significant reduction in FTE's is a result of staff being transferred to the Office for Information Technology Services as part of the Governor's cost savings initiatives. The transfer occurred in January 2014. In addition, DOB waived approximately \$700,000 of HESC's indirect benefits charges for the fiscal year
- Payments to OFT for equipment usage increased \$0.4 million from \$1.4 million to \$1.8 million.

#### <u>2015</u>

#### Nonoperating Expenses

- The Operating Fund contributed \$32.0 million to subsidize the Tuition Assistance Program.
- Grant and scholarship program expenses decreased \$3.4 million, primarily as a result of the transfer of IT employees to Office for Technology.
- HESC expenses related to NYHELPs decreased \$0.2 million, a 67% reduction from the prior year.
- Federal Grant administrative expenses decreased \$0.2 million or 17% as a result of staff reassignments.

#### <u>2014</u>

#### Nonoperating Expenses

- The Operating Fund contributed \$32.0 million to subsidize the Tuition Assistance Program.
- Grant and scholarship program expenses resulted in a decrease of \$0.2 million, increased personal service costs were offset by reduced non personal service expenses.
- HESC expenses related to NYHELPs decreased \$0.1 million, a 29% reduction from the prior year.
- Federal Grant administrative expenses increased \$0.3 million, or 40% as a result of staff reassignments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

**Operating Fund Assets and Liabilities** 

#### \$ in millions \$100 \$94.1 \$88.0 \$90 \$80 \$73.7 \$70 \$60 Total Assets \$50 Total Liabilities \$40 \$30 \$22.5 \$21.1 \$17.0 \$20 \$10 \$0 2015 2014 2013

# Assets

- Total operating fund assets are primarily current assets, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, receivables due from the U.S. Department of Education and the Federal Fund.
- Total assets decreased \$20.4 million or 22% in 2014-2015, primarily due to an increase in cash from operational activities of \$21.6 million offset by the cash out flow from noncapital financial activities of \$42.2 million.

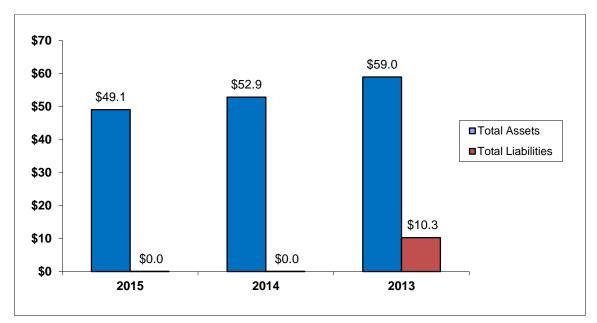
#### Liabilities

- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities represented 82% and 83% of total liabilities for the fiscal years ending March 31, 2015 and 2014 respectively.
- Accounts payable and accrued expenses decreased \$5.0 million during the 2015 state fiscal year.
- Noncurrent liabilities decreased \$0.5 million, as a result of the decrease in the allowance for default aversion fee refund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

March 31, 2015 and 2014

# **The Federal Student Loan Reserve Fund (Federal Fund)** \$ in millions



The Federal Fund assets are owned by the U.S. Department of Education and have restricted use, primarily to reimburse lender claims for defaulted student loans.

Assets	Liabilities
• The Federal Fund cash and cash equivalents increased \$8.6 million or 27% in fiscal year 2014-2015 as a result of cash provided by operations.	• HESC current liabilities include amounts payable to the Operating Fund for default aversion fees and to lenders for returned checks.
• Total assets decreased as a result of decreased receivables from U.S. Department of Education in the amount of \$11.7 million.	
• Noncurrent assets decreased \$0.5 million as a result of decreased default aversion fee revenue and estimated future returns.	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

March 31, 2015 and 2014 (Unaudited)

# Significant Known Facts, Decisions and Conditions

- As a result of an audit by the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Inspector General, guaranty agencies are required to include a provision for loan loss liability effective September 30, 2015. This will reduce the ending fund balance of the Federal Fund for the purpose of the minimum reserve requirement.
- The Operating Fund will continue to support the operational expenses of the grant and scholarship programs in the amount of approximately \$7.4 million for state fiscal year 2015-2016.
- The 2015-2016 New York State budget appropriated \$16.0 million of the Operating Fund balance for NYS Tuition Assistance Program.
- The sole lender utilized by HESC for its rehabilitation loan program exercised its 60 day contract cancellation clause, with the cessation effective October 31, 2015. HESC is actively working to finalize a contract with another lender, effective November 1, 2015, for its rehabilitation loan program.
- A dear colleague letter was issued July 10, 2015 (GEN-15-14) by the U.S. Department of Education stating collection costs could not be charged to borrowers rehabilitating their default loans who enter into an acceptable repayment agreement within 60 days of notification. HESC has determined that this will not have a significant financial impact on revenue.

# **Contacting Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, business partners and creditors with a general overview of the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' finances. For detailed information regarding the FFEL Program, you may also review our annual report on the web at www.hesc.ny.gov.

Questions about this report can be directed to HESC's Chief Financial Officer, Warren Wallin at (518) 486-7443 or Warren.Wallin@hesc.ny.gov.

# THE GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAMS' OPERATING FUND AND FEDERAL FUND OF THE NEW YORK STATE HIGHER EDUCATION SERVICES CORPORATION (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

Statements of Net Position

March 31, 2015 and 2014

Assets $\overrightarrow{Operating}$ FundFederal Fund $\overrightarrow{Operating}$ FundFederal FundCurrent assets: Cash and cash equivalents (note 4) Receivables due from U.S. Department of Education: Administrative fees (note 5)\$ 70,323,101 $40,418,719$ $90,912,474$ $31,771,128$ Receivables due from U.S. Department of Education: Administrative fees (note 5) $2,297,026$ $ 2,499,898$ $-$ Reinsurance Interfund balances (note 7) $ 564,425$ $ 803,526$ Prepaid expenses and other assets $1,053,369$ $117$ $565,041$ $-$ Total current assets: Interfund default aversion fee allowance (note 5) Capital assets, net (note 10) $ 2,395,167$ $ 2,904,516$ Total noncurrent assets $62,301$ $ 152,828$ $2,904,516$ Total assets $73,735,797$ $49,091,262$ $94,130,241$ $52,865,729$ Liabilities and Net Position		2015		2014		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)       \$ 70,323,101       40,418,719       90,912,474       31,771,128         Receivables due from U.S. Department of Education:       Administrative fees (note 5)       2,297,026       -       2,499,898       -         Reinsurance       -       5,712,834       -       17,386,559         Interfund balances (note 7)       -       564,425       -       803,526         Prepaid expenses and other assets       1,053,369       117       565,041       -         Total current assets       73,673,496       46,696,095       93,977,413       49,961,213         Noncurrent assets:       -       2,395,167       -       2,904,516         Capital assets, net (note 10)       -       62,301       -       152,828       -         Total noncurrent assets       62,301       2,395,167       152,828       2,904,516         Total assets       62,301       2,395,167       152,828       2,904,516         Total assets       73,735,797       49,091,262       94,130,241       52,865,729         Liabilities and Net Position       -       73,735,797       49,091,262       94,130,241       52,865,729	Assets	-	1 0		1 0	
Administrative fees (note 5)       2,297,026       —       2,499,898       —         Reinsurance       —       5,712,834       —       17,386,559         Interfund balances (note 7)       —       564,425       —       803,526         Prepaid expenses and other assets       1,053,369       117       565,041       —         Total current assets       1,053,369       117       565,041       —         Noncurrent assets:       1,053,369       46,696,095       93,977,413       49,961,213         Noncurrent assets:       1       —       2,395,167       —       2,904,516         Capital assets, net (note 10)       62,301       —       152,828	Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	\$	70,323,101	40,418,719	90,912,474	31,771,128
Total current assets       73,673,496       46,696,095       93,977,413       49,961,213         Noncurrent assets:       Interfund default aversion fee allowance (note 5)       -       2,395,167       -       2,904,516         Capital assets, net (note 10)       62,301       -       152,828       -         Total noncurrent assets       62,301       2,395,167       152,828       2,904,516         Total assets       73,735,797       49,091,262       94,130,241       52,865,729         Liabilities and Net Position       Current liabilities:       -       -	Administrative fees (note 5) Reinsurance Interfund balances (note 7)		_	564,425		· · ·
Interfund default aversion fee allowance (note 5)       —       2,395,167       —       2,904,516         Capital assets, net (note 10)       62,301       —       152,828       —         Total noncurrent assets       62,301       2,395,167       152,828       2,904,516         Total assets       73,735,797       49,091,262       94,130,241       52,865,729         Liabilities and Net Position         Current liabilities:		-	73,673,496	46,696,095	93,977,413	49,961,213
Total assets         73,735,797         49,091,262         94,130,241         52,865,729           Liabilities and Net Position         Current liabilities:         Current liabilities         Current liabilities         Current liabilities	Interfund default aversion fee allowance (note 5)	-	62,301	2,395,167	152,828	2,904,516
Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities:	Total noncurrent assets	_	62,301	2,395,167	152,828	2,904,516
Current liabilities:	Total assets	_	73,735,797	49,091,262	94,130,241	52,865,729
	Liabilities and Net Position					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       14,035,877       4,154       18,746,817       458         Interfund balances (note 7)       564,425        803,526          Amounts payable to lenders through EFT (note 4)       1,707        24,448	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interfund balances (note 7)		,	4,154	803,526	458 — —
Total current liabilities         14,602,009         4,154         19,574,791         458	Total current liabilities	_	14,602,009	4,154	19,574,791	458
Noncurrent liabilities:         Interfund default aversion fee allowance (note 5)       2,395,167       —       2,904,516       —		_	2,395,167		2,904,516	
Total noncurrent liabilities         2,395,167         —         2,904,516         —	Total noncurrent liabilities	_	2,395,167		2,904,516	
Total liabilities         16,997,176         4,154         22,479,307         458	Total liabilities	_	16,997,176	4,154	22,479,307	458
Net position: Invested in capital assets62,301152,828-Restricted – property of U.S. Department of Education Restricted – for student aid related activities-49,087,108-52,865,271Restricted – for student aid related activities56,676,320-71,498,106-	Invested in capital assets Restricted – property of U.S. Department of Education	_	_	49,087,108		52,865,271
Total net position         \$ 56,738,621         49,087,108         71,650,934         52,865,271	Total net position	\$	56,738,621	49,087,108	71,650,934	52,865,271

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# THE GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAMS' OPERATING FUND AND FEDERAL FUND OF THE NEW YORK STATE HIGHER EDUCATION SERVICES CORPORATION (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014		
	-	Operating Fund	Federal Fund	Operating Fund	Federal Fund	
Operating revenues: Defaulted loan collections (note 6) Administrative and program fee income (note 5) Reimbursement on purchases of default loans	\$	72,288,285 9,314,720	254,506,632 —	97,260,314 11,640,921	249,347,136 —	
from lenders (note 12) Default aversion fee subsidy Other revenue	_	35,345	421,649,007 187,962 —	34,352	450,118,727	
Total operating revenues	_	81,638,350	676,343,601	108,935,587	699,465,863	
Operating expenses: Salaries and employee benefits General and administrative Collection vendors NYS servicing NYS Office for Technology equipment usage charges Default aversion fee subsidy Purchases of default loans from lenders (note 12) Defaulted loan collections paid to U.S. Department of Education (note 6) Depreciation (note 10) Other expense	-	19,329,467 6,241,706 18,694,206 9,635,140 1,237,069 — 90,527 —		25,501,519 6,190,562 23,300,585 545,398 1,788,586 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1,356,769 468,131,362 237,593,150 13,247	
Total operating expenses	_	55,228,115	680,138,982	57,469,930	707,094,528	
Operating income (loss)	_	26,410,235	(3,795,381)	51,465,657	(7,628,665)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest income Reclassification of federal advance (note 11) Federal grant administrative expenses New York State initiatives (note 8)	_	60,980 	17,218 	27,756 (1,073,197) (44,082,052)	10,888 10,300,348 	
Total nonoperating (expenses) revenues		(41,322,548)	17,218	(45,127,493)	10,311,236	
Transfer (to) from Federal Fund (note 9)	_			(1,500,000)	1,500,000	
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(14,912,313)	(3,778,163)	4,838,164	4,182,571	
Net position, beginning	_	71,650,934	52,865,271	66,812,770	48,682,700	
Net position, ending	\$ _	56,738,621	49,087,108	71,650,934	52,865,271	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of New York)

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014	
	-	Operating Fund	Federal Fund	Operating Fund	Federal Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from:					
Collections	\$	70,722,785	254,726,011	98,824,828	248,658,706
Administrative fees Other sources		8,988,521 35,345	—	10,964,802 84,966	—
Reimbursement on purchases of default loan purchases		55,545	433,172,127	84,900 —	459,454,842
Federal default fee income from lenders		_		_	31,645
Payments for:					- ,
Salaries and employee benefits		(19,846,216)	—	(26,494,038)	—
Administrative fees		—	717,033		(492,616)
Purchases of default loans from lenders		—	(437,827,401)	_	(468,131,362)
Collections paid to U.S. Department of Education General, administrative and other expenses		(38,262,578)	(242,147,020) (10,260)	(30,539,836)	(237,643,059) (13,247)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	21,637,857	8,630,490	52,840,722	1,864,909
	-	21,037,037	8,030,490	52,840,722	1,004,909
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		(42.000.166)		(44.070.057)	
Payments to NYS – other student aid activities Interfund transfers		(42,288,166)	—	(44,870,257) (1,500,000)	1,500,000
	-			(1,300,000)	1,500,000
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital		(12 200 1 ( )			1 500 000
financing activities	-	(42,288,166)		(46,370,257)	1,500,000
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received	-	60,936	17,101	28,181	11,289
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	60,936	17,101	28,181	11,289
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,589,373)	8,647,591	6,498,646	3,376,198
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	_	90,912,474	31,771,128	84,413,828	28,394,930
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	70,323,101	40,418,719	90,912,474	31,771,128
Operating income (loss)	\$	26,410,235	(3,795,381)	51,465,657	(7,628,665)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		90,527	—	143,280	—
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables		202 972	11 672 705	188.034	0 295 749
Other assets		202,872 (488,284)	11,673,725	(1,199)	9,285,748 31,645
Interfund balances		(239,101)	239,101	549,209	(549,209)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,806,302)	3,696	1,206,660	458
Other liabilities		(22,741)	<i></i>	14,013	_
Allowance for default aversion refunds	_	(509,349)	509,349	(724,932)	724,932
Total adjustments	-	(4,772,378)	12,425,871	1,375,065	9,493,574
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	21,637,857	8,630,490	52,840,722	1,864,909

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (1) **Organization and Operations**

New York State Higher Education Services Corporation (HESC) is an agency of New York State (the State) created in 1974 under Chapter 942 of the Laws of 1974 and is responsible for the administration of the State's student financial aid programs, including the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) and State loan guarantee program.

FFELP was established by Congress and is administered by the U.S. Department of Education through HESC and other guaranty agencies. As a guaranty agency, HESC made loans available through lending institutions to students attending colleges, universities, and postsecondary educational and vocational schools. FFELP allows HESC to guarantee repayment of principal and accrued interest to lenders for eligible student loans. HESC has the responsibility of providing collection assistance to lenders for delinquent loans, paying lender claims for loans in default, and performing certain collection activities on loans after purchase by HESC. In addition to FFELP, the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs include the residual activity of the State guaranteed loan program under which no new loans have been guaranteed since 1984.

On March 30, 2010, the President signed into law H.R. 4872 – The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (HCERA), which terminated new loan originations in FFELP on June 30, 2010. Effective July 1, 2010, all new Stafford, PLUS or consolidated loans are originated under the U.S. Department of Education Direct Loan Program. Existing FFELP loans will continue to be eligible for program benefits. The Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' Operating Fund and Federal Fund of HESC continue to administer its existing FFELP portfolio of both active and default student loans.

The accompanying financial statements only reflect the Operating Fund and Federal Fund of the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs of HESC. The Federal Fund assets, and earnings on those assets, are restricted in use and are property of the U.S. Department of Education. The Operating Fund is property of HESC and its assets and earnings are restricted in use for student financial aid related activities as required by the Higher Education Amendments of 1998.

HESC also administers the Tuition Assistance Program, and State Scholarship Programs, under which students apply for payments to attend eligible educational institutions based on family income and/or academic achievement. In addition, HESC partners with colleges, universities, school districts and other educational organizations in administering the College Access and Challenge Grant program which is designed to increase the number of low income students who are prepared to enter and succeed in postsecondary education. These programs are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (2) Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' Operating Fund and Federal Fund follow U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' Operating Fund and Federal Fund follow fund accounting under which resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their purpose.

The Guaranteed Student Loan Programs' funds consist of the Federal Fund and the Operating Fund. The Federal Fund finances FFELP insurance activities, while the Operating Fund accounts for substantially all FFELP operational costs as well as financial aid awareness and related outreach activities. The two funds together constitute the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs and are accounted for as business-type activities using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the cost is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flow.

# (b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, consisting of United States Treasury Bills and collateralized short-term repurchase agreements with original maturities of 90 days or less, are carried at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. Investment income represents interest on deposits and gains and losses.

#### (c) Net Position

HESC's net position is classified in the following categories: invested in capital assets, consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation; restricted – property of U.S. Department of Education, consisting of restricted assets reduced by related liabilities belonging to the U.S. Department of Education; and restricted – for student aid related activities, consisting of assets reduced by related liabilities that are not classified as invested in capital assets or restricted – property of U.S. Department of Education.

# (d) Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses result generally from activities associated with FFELP, including collection on defaulted loans, default prevention, and default loan purchase activities. All revenues and expenses not derived from the administration of FFELP are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### (e) Income Taxes

HESC is a component unit of the State of New York and is generally exempt from Federal, State, and Local income taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (f) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Management estimates include default aversion fee refunds, carrying value of capital assets, and accrued expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Guaranteed Loans Outstanding and Respective Unpaid Balances

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Federal Fund was the guarantor of loans outstanding with original principal amounts of approximately \$15,372,000,000 and \$16,681,000,000, respectively, made to students by participating lending institutions. A substantial portion of that amount is guaranteed by the U.S. Department of Education, with an amount representing less than 1% guaranteed by the State. At March 31, 2015 and 2014, the unpaid balances were approximately \$12,121,000,000 and \$13,543,000,000, respectively.

HESC's management anticipates that a certain portion of the loans outstanding will go into default status, requiring the Federal Fund to purchase loans from lenders. Because the majority of these loans are federally guaranteed, the Federal Fund will be reimbursed by the U.S. Department of Education.

# (4) Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with HESC's investment policy, investments are made in low risk securities that are fully collateralized by the dealer. Cash equivalents are short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased and generally consist of short-term United States Treasury Bills and collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates the fair value at March 31, 2015 and 2014. Federal Fund amounts are restricted in use and are property of the U.S. Department of Education. HESC actively manages the investment of its cash balances to minimize its uninvested funds. Excess cash balances are generally invested in short-term repurchase agreements until such time that HESC anticipates the funds will be required for operational needs. Cash balances in an administrative account in the Operating Fund are invested in the New York State Comptroller's short-term investment pool. These cash balances are available to HESC upon demand.

Custodial credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, HESC will not be able to recover the value of cash and cash equivalents that are in the possession of an outside party. In order to manage this risk, HESC requires collateral consisting of Federal government obligations or agency instruments guaranteed by the Federal government pursuant to its investments in repurchase agreements and delivery to its Trustee (agent) of all securities purchased and collateral for repurchase agreements, regardless of the seller institution. To manage custodial credit risk on deposits, HESC requires that its depository banks pledge collateral based on available bank balances. Additionally, HESC's investment policy limits the amount of funds which may be invested at any given dealer to \$125 million.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2015 and 2014

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of a cash equivalent. HESC's policy for managing this risk is to hold cash equivalents to maturity, at which time the fair value of the investment is equal to its stated maturity value.

Included in Operating Fund bank balances are \$1,707 and \$24,448 at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which were deposited by lenders, to be forwarded to schools generally within one business day under an electronic funds transfer program (EFT). The offsetting liability is shown as amounts due to lenders, which are held by HESC for future disbursement.

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31 were as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Operating Fund: Repurchase agreements Cash in State Comptroller's short-term investment pool	\$	60,594,726	85,693,730
and cash in bank		9,728,375	5,218,744
Operating Fund cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,323,101	90,912,474
Federal Fund:			
Repurchase agreements Cash-net of outstanding bank checks	\$	46,968,815 (6,550,096)	42,759,880 (10,988,752)
Federal Fund cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,418,719	31,771,128

# (5) **Operating Administrative Fees**

The 1998 Amendments established two fees recorded in the Operating Fund for administering the loan program on behalf of the Federal Government based on performance as a guaranty agency.

A Default Aversion Fee is recognized for default aversion activities on delinquent loans at the time the lenders request aversion assistance between the 60th and 120th days of a borrower's delinquency. A fee of 1% of principal and interest on the loan may be charged to the Federal Fund at the time the guaranty agency receives a request from a lender for preclaim assistance. However, the fee must be refunded by the Operating Fund to the Federal Fund in the event the loan is later paid as a default claim. Accordingly, an estimate of default aversion fee refunds of \$2,395,167 and \$2,904,516 at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, are reported as a liability in the Operating Fund and a receivable in the Federal Fund. The net default aversion fee is transferred from the Federal Fund to the Operating Fund on a monthly basis.

An Account Maintenance Fee is calculated on the original principal amount of loans outstanding at a rate of 0.06%. This fee is paid to the Operating Fund either directly by the U.S. Department of Education or as an authorized transfer from the Federal Fund on a quarterly basis.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

For the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the administrative fees receivable from U.S. Department of Education consisted of the following:

		2015	2014
Operating Fund:	¢		• 400 000
Account maintenance fee receivable	\$	2,297,026	2,499,898
	\$	2,297,026	2,499,898

For years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, administrative fee income is as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Operating Fund: Default aversion fee, net of estimated refunds Account maintenance fee	\$	(187,962) 9,502,682	1,356,769 10,284,152
	\$	9,314,720	11,640,921

Gross default aversion fee income for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$3,070,726 and \$4,840,860, respectively. The estimated reserve for default aversion fee refunds is netted against default aversion fee income. In 2015 and 2014, the default aversion fee allowance estimate was 78% and 60% of default aversion fee income, respectively. The estimate of the refunds for 2015 is based on the current year's refunds to revenue, which reflects actual experience.

# (6) Collections on Defaulted Loans

HESC management is required by Federal statutes to pursue collections on loans upon default claim payment. Collections on defaulted loans and related complements are recorded at the time such collections are received. All collection receipts are initially deposited in the Operating Fund and daily estimated collection transfers are made to the Federal Fund. The Operating Fund retained 16% of borrower payments and 10% of principal and interest at the time of consolidation. The Operating Fund retained approximately 37% of rehabilitation collections through June 30, 2014. The Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013 reduced the rehabilitation retention for the Operating Fund effective July 1, 2014 to 16% of the principle and interest balance at the time of the rehabilitation.

# (7) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances are monies due to and/or due from the Federal Fund to the Operating Fund and includes collection transfer balances and default aversion fees pending transfer. A daily transfer between funds is made based on an estimate of U.S. Department of Education's equitable share of daily collections. A final settlement for the actual amount of collections due to the Federal Fund is made at month end.

At March 31, 2015, the Operating Fund had a net interfund payable balance of \$564,425 consisting of a payable to the Federal Fund for underpayment of collections for the month of \$599,403 and an interfund

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

default aversion payable of \$34,978. At March 31, 2014, the interfund payable consisted of an underpayment of collections activity of \$818,782 and a default aversion fee payable of \$15,256.

#### (8) New York State Initiatives

The New York State budget required the Operating Fund to pay the operational expenses related to the administration of the State's grant and scholarship programs, which amounted to \$8,351,702 and \$11,753,226 in 2014-2015 and 2013-2014, respectively. The reduction is a result of the transfer of information technology staff to ITS and reclassifying the personal service costs associated with these individuals to a separate cost category within NYS Servicing Expense.

The 2014-2015 and 2013-2014 New York State budgets appropriated \$32,000,000 of operating funds to subsidize the Tuition Assistance Program (TAP).

In fiscal years 2014-2015 and 2013-2014, HESC's Operating Fund incurred costs of \$83,027 and \$251,817, respectively, for costs associated with administering the NYHELPs.

HESC's Operating Fund incurred costs for the administration of the college savings program during state fiscal years 2014-2015 and 2013-2014 in the amounts of \$26,684 and \$77,009, respectively.

The activities of these State programs are excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

# (9) Transfer from (to) Federal Fund

In September 2013, HESC transferred from the Operating Fund to the Federal Fund approximately \$1,500,000 to ensure HESC met the Federal Fund minimum reserve balance requirement.

#### (10) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Capital assets are defined as assets with initial, individual costs exceeding a capitalization threshold of \$40,000. Depreciation for Operating Fund assets is based on an estimated five year useful life, using an accelerated depreciation method. The majority of the Federal and Operating Funds' capital assets consists of computer equipment, while a small part of these assets are office equipment.

Capital asset activity in the Operating Fund for the year ended March 31, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance April 1, 2014	Additions	Disposals	Balance March 31, 2015
Office and computer equipment Less accumulated	\$	2,145,831	—	—	2,145,831
depreciation	_	(1,993,003)	(90,527)		(2,083,530)
Net capital assets	\$	152,828	(90,527)		62,301

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

Capital asset activity in the Operating Fund for the year ended March 31, 2014 is as follows:

	_	Balance April 1, 2013	_	Additions	Disposals	Balance March 31, 2014
Office and computer equipment Less accumulated	\$	2,145,831				2,145,831
depreciation	_	(1,849,723)	_	(143,280)		(1,993,003)
Net capital assets	\$	296,108	_	(143,280)		152,828

At March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Federal Fund had capitalized equipment with a book value of \$294,255 which was fully depreciated.

#### (11) Federal Reserve Recall and Federal Advances

HESC received, in prior years, noninterest-bearing advances from the U.S. Department of Education totaling \$10,300,348, for the purpose of helping to strengthen FFELP through the infusion of additional working capital. In January 2014, HESC was notified by the U.S. Department of Education that this liability was absolved as part of the 1997 reserve recall requirement. HESC removed this liability during 2013-2014.

#### (12) Purchase of Defaulted Federal Loans

Purchases of defaulted loans and amounts repurchased by lenders are recorded as Federal Fund activity. The reinsurance reimbursement results in a net reduction to the Federal Fund, due to reduced reinsurance rates of 98% and 95% as a result of various amendments to the Higher Education Act.

All FFELP claims are paid at 97% of the claim value. As of March 2015, HESC was processing claims for 7 servicers and 5 lenders.

# (13) Pension Benefits

Substantially all employees working for the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs are members of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and provide benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the State Comptroller serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the System. The Comptroller promulgates rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the System and for the custody and control of their monies. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information which may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12236.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after five years of accredited service. Retirement benefits are established by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. Retirement benefits and contributory requirements depend upon the point in time at which an employee last joined the system. Most members of the System who joined before July 27, 1976 are enrolled in a noncontributory plan. The Operating Fund contributes the entire amount determined to be payable to the system for these employees. Personnel who joined the System after July 27, 1976 are required by law to contribute some percentage of their gross salary for the first ten years of employment. The Operating Fund contributes the balance payable to the System for these employees.

Under Chapter 49 of the Law of 2003, the annual contribution rates are based on the value of the States Common Retirement Funds as of the preceding April, with a minimum contribution of 4.5%. The Operating Fund paid to the System \$2,866,458 for 2015, \$3,879,924 for 2014, and \$3,534,079 for 2013, to cover 100% of the required employer contributions for retirement benefits. These payments, made through application of the pension benefit rate within the New York State Fringe Benefit rate calculated by the State's Division of the Budget, represent 17.52%, 15.59%, and 13.14% of covered payroll for each of the years, respectively.

#### (14) **Postretirement Benefits**

As a State agency, HESC participates in the New York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP), which is administered by the State as an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. The plan under the State provides certain healthcare benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents under a single employer noncontributory healthcare plan. Article XI of the New York State Civil Service Law assigns the authority to NYSHIP to establish and amend the benefit provision of the plan and to establish maximum obligations of the plan members to contribute to the plan. The State's plan states that employees and/or their dependents become eligible for these benefits at 55 years of age when the employee has 10 years of State service. In calculating the 10 year service requirement, all of the employee's service need not be with the State, but may be a composite of State service and service in other qualified sectors. Employees with no prior State service must work a minimum of 10 years before they and their dependents are eligible for the retirement medical benefits. Eligible retirees are required to contribute to the cost of coverage for health insurance benefits, and the rates are based on the negotiated contract rates effective for single or dependent coverage at the time of retirement. NYSHIP does not issue a stand-alone financial report and NYSHIP's agent activities are included within the financial statements of the State.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, NYSHIP provided health insurance coverage through the Empire Plan, an indemnity health insurance plan with managed care components; 10 Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs); and through the Student Employee Health Plan (SEHP). Generally, these include hospital, medical, mental health and substance abuse benefits, and prescription drug benefits.

HESC's policy regarding retiree healthcare benefits is to pay the amounts billed through the State's fringe benefit rate on a pay-as-you-go basis. HESC has no obligation beyond the payment of the State's fringe benefit rate for retiree healthcare benefits. The State's policy is that the State is responsible for recording the annual required contribution and the actuarial accrued liability under GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting* 

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits, Other Than Pensions, for HESC's retiree health care benefits in the State's governmental-wide financial statements.

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, HESC had approximately 513 and 480 retired and/or spouses of retired employees, receiving retiree health care benefits with an annual pay-as-you-go cost of approximately \$4.5 million and \$4.4 million, respectively.

# (15) Employees' Vacation Pay Benefits

Under the terms of HESC management's personnel policies and its union agreements, vacation pay benefits may be paid upon termination up to a combined maximum of 30 days. The Operating Fund recognizes employees' vacation pay benefits when earned. The liability for employees' vacation pay benefits is \$968,853 and \$1,063,324 as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Operating Fund.

#### (16) Deferred Compensation

The State offers its employees, including HESC employees, a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan are placed in trust for participants and their beneficiaries.

# (17) Leases

HESC leases office and storage space under noncancelable operating leases effective through 2018. Total rental expense recorded in the Operating Fund, which includes utilities for HESC's one significant lease, for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, was \$1,470,031 and \$1,680,622, respectively. The following is a summary of total future minimum rental commitments under noncancelable leases with terms exceeding one year:

Year ending March 31:	
2016	\$ 1,622,221
2017	1,616,662
2018	 537,961
	\$ 3,776,844

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015 and 2014

#### (18) Contingencies

The Operating Fund and the Federal Fund are subject to U.S. Department of Education oversight and audit that at times may result in program issues and potential liabilities. The issues relate to possible violations of the rules and regulations established by the U.S. Department of Education to administer the federal loan programs. Management diligently attempts to interpret the FFELP rules and regulations, and believes that its implementation of policies and procedures properly adheres to those rules and regulations, and that any resulting liabilities would not be material.

During the normal course of business the Guaranteed Student Loan Programs are involved in various legal proceedings and investigations, pertaining to matters relating to the Programs' operations and activities. While these proceedings and investigations may lead to a possible liability, in the opinion of HESC management, after considering all relevant facts, these possible liabilities will not in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Operating Fund or Federal Fund as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of the financial issuance date, HESC was working to verify the collections process performed in relation to certain classes of student loans purchased by the agency. There is the potential for a liability resulting from the activities being performed that cannot reasonably be determined at this time. Management believes, however, that the resolution of the verification and any resulting liability will not likely materially affect the financial position or operations of HESC.

HESC is exposed to various risks of loss related to damage and destruction of assets, injuries to employees, or noncompliance with Federal requirements and other natural and other unforeseen disasters. HESC in general does not insure its buildings, contents or related risks and does not insure its assets for claims and assessments arising from bodily injury, property damages, and other perils. Unfavorable judgments, claims, or losses incurred by HESC are covered by the State on a self-insured basis. The State does have fidelity insurance on State employees.