Financial Report

March 31, 2018 and 2017

## Financial Report

March 31, 2018 and 2017

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Housing Trust Fund Corporation Albany, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Trust Fund Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the State of New York, as of and for the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in its net position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors Housing Trust Fund Corporation Page 2

#### Emphasis of Matter

The Corporation is the administrator of the New York State Disaster Recovery Program and is subject to regular audits by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). As discussed in Note 10d, HUD's Office of Inspector General (HUD IG) has issued five audit reports. The HUD IG has deemed approximately \$375 million in expenses as unsupported and subject to future follow-up. HUD also required the Corporation to begin a Recapture Program, in which amounts disbursed to beneficiaries are requested back due to duplication of benefits or ineligible use of benefits. Management of the Corporation believes it is possible that HUD will enforce repayments on disallowed costs; however, that amount is currently not estimable. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matter

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6, the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios last ten fiscal years on page 26, the schedule of pension contributions on page 27, and the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2018, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BST & CO. CPAS, LLP

Albany, New York June 27, 2018



(a Component Unit of the State of New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis
March 31, 2018 and 2017

The Housing Trust Fund Corporation (Corporation), a component unit of the State of New York, follows professional guidelines for government financial reporting by including in its annual financial report this discussion of management's views on its financial condition. No new guidelines or reporting methods have been adopted this year that resulted in significant changes to the financial statements. Therefore, management is presenting its discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018, in a manner similar to last year's presentation.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Corporation's net position increased by approximately \$111.29 million, or 35.18%, from 2018 as a result of the current year's operations.
- During the year, the Corporation's revenue from State and Federal appropriations and contracts totaled \$2.88 billion, and it expended just over \$2.77 billion to provide decent and affordable housing, improve community infrastructure and facilities, provide economic opportunities, and to aid in the recovery from the impact of Hurricanes Sandy and Irene and Tropical Storm Lee, to the citizens of New York State.
- Federal program appropriations and fees accounted for approximately 89.1% of the Corporation's revenue and approximately 92.43% of its expenses, while New York State appropriations were responsible for approximately 10.75% of revenues and approximately 7.20% of expenses.
- Investment revenue increased by approximately \$983,300, or approximately 144%, from 2018. This was primarily due to an increase in total funds invested.
- The Federal Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program reached its peak during fiscal year 2016. As a result, revenues decreased by \$134 million, or 21%, and expenses decreased by \$78 million, or 13%.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

This annual report consists of three financial statements: statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Corporation as a whole. They tell how the Corporation's programs were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Immediately following the financial statements are a series of notes to the financial statements that provide additional information about some specific references in the financial statements. The notes also provide other important information about the Corporation.

#### Reporting on the Corporation

One of the most important questions asked about the Corporation's finances is, "Is the Corporation, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows report information about the Corporation in a way that helps answer this question. These financial statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues, and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the procedures followed by most private sector companies.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### **Using This Annual Report - Continued**

Reporting on the Corporation - Continued

These three statements report the Corporation's net position and changes in it, and the flow of cash into and out of the Corporation from its activities and investments. You can think of the Corporation's net position, the difference between its assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, as one way to measure its financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Corporation's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or getting worse. The information in these statements helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Corporation's programs.

All of the Corporation's activities are presented as an enterprise fund, which essentially means that the Corporation reports its activities as most businesses would. While the bottom line is not expressed in terms of profit, but in terms of funds available to provide services to the citizens of New York State, this reporting method presents the Corporation's activities more clearly to its audience. The Corporation's activities consist primarily of providing housing construction and rehabilitation funding, rental and homebuyer subsidies to low income individuals and families and to senior citizens, as well as funding for public facilities improvements and economic development activities from State and Federal appropriations and fees earned from the operation of its Federal Programs.

#### The Corporation's Overall Financial Condition

The Corporation's combined net position increased from one year ago, increasing overall by approximately \$111.29 million this year, or approximately 35.18%. This increase was primarily attributable to the appropriations from New York State. These awards are on a several-year cycle, and the fiscal year ended 2018 was the beginning of the cycle for several New York State programs and as such, the Corporation received a large amount of funding in advance. Although the funds were committed to specific projects, the Corporation had not spent all of the released funds causing a surplus. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and the changes in net position (Table 2) from the Corporation's activities.

Table 1
Net Position (in millions)

	March 31,					
	20	18		2017		2016
Cash, investments and assets held in escrow	\$	492.63	\$	373.50	\$	338.46
Cash held for beneficiaries		5.89		8.55		18.84
Receivable from U.S. HUD		13.17		6.90		6.83
Other assets		3.69		0.26		0.02
Notes and interest receivable, net		4.92		4.46		5.72
Property held for resale		6.64		19.40		14.33
Security deposits		0.01		0.01		0.12
Deferred outflows		3.74		5.90		0.34
Total assets and deferred outflows		530.69		418.99		384.66
Accounts and awards payable		56.29		55.30		73.49
Unearned revenue		21.32		22.56		28.28
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		6.56		4.91		3.62
Net pension liability		4.86		6.30		0.86
Other liabilities		13.00		12.86		13.55
Deferred inflows		1.06		0.75		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		103.09		102.68		119.80
Net position						
Restricted		342.43		242.23		200.89
Unrestricted		85.17		74.08		63.97
Total net position	\$	427.60	\$	316.31	\$	264.86

(a Component Unit of the State of New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis
March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### **Using This Annual Report - Continued**

The Corporation's Overall Financial Condition - Continued

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - represents program funds from Federal and State programs on hand at the end of the fiscal year. This description reflects a recognition that all funds generated by federal and state appropriations and contracts are considered earmarked for the purposes of that appropriation or contract unless specifically available for discretionary use. Restricted net position this year reflects an increase from 2017 of approximately \$100.10 million, or 38%.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - represents the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day administrative expenses or additional program awards beyond appropriated levels. Unrestricted net position increased from 2017 by approximately \$11.09 million, or 15%.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position (in millions)

	Years Ended March 31,								
		2018		2017		2016			
Revenues									
Program revenue									
Federal programs	\$	2,573.15	\$	2,623.54	\$	2,667.49			
State programs		310.20		232.70		192.31			
Other revenue									
Investments		1.66		0.68		0.30			
Other		2.12		0.96		0.73			
Total revenues		2,887.13		2,857.88		2,860.83			
Expenses									
Federal programs		2,565.17		2,568.68		2,694.61			
State programs		199.97		226.96		140.27			
Administrative and other expenses		10.70		10.79		7.92			
Total expenses		2,775.84		2,806.43		2,842.80			
Increase in net position	\$	111.29	\$	51.45	\$	18.03			

The Corporation's total revenues increased from last year by approximately 1.02%, or \$29.24 million, while the total cost of all programs and administration decreased by approximately 1.09%, or \$30.60 million. These figures show that the Corporation received approximately \$111.29 million more than it spent this year, or approximately 4.00%.

Revenue from federal programs decreased overall by approximately \$50.40million due primarily to a decrease in funding for the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program, which began during the fiscal year ended 2014. The Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program has reached its maturity and has begun winding down. The decrease in federal revenue was offset by several other federal programs receiving increases in funding. The Corporation received one-time funding from a program related to Disaster Recovery for approximately \$4 million in 2017.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### **Using This Annual Report - Continued**

The Corporation's Overall Financial Condition - Continued

The Corporation experienced an overall decrease in expenses this year by approximately \$30.60 million, or approximately 1.09%, due primarily to a decrease in funding for the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program, which began during the fiscal year ended 2014. Programs funded though New York State spent significantly less in 2018. The decrease in expenditures was offset by several other federal programs spending additional amounts. Expenses of the Corporation's federally-funded programs experienced a decrease of approximately \$3.10 million, or .12%, from the previous year, while expenses of State-funded programs decreased by approximately \$26.99 million, or approximately 12%, from the previous year. The Corporation's expenses for administration and other expenses were essentially flat year over year.

#### **Economic Factors on Future Operations**

The Corporation's ability to accomplish its mission to provide decent and affordable housing to the citizens of New York State, from an economic standpoint, depends almost exclusively on the appropriations and contracts it receives from the Federal and New York State governments. For the April 1, 2018 through March 31, 2019 fiscal year, the Corporation is expecting to receive funding from New York State at approximately the same level as in previous years. A slight increase in Federal appropriations was provided to the Corporation for federal fiscal year October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2019. For the upcoming federal fiscal year, it is anticipated that funding will revert to the prior year levels. CDBG-DR funding related to Hurricanes Sandy and Irene, and Tropical Storm Lee is expected to continue for the foreseeable future with expenditures expected to remain roughly consistent with current levels due to the continued disaster recovery efforts.

#### **Contacting the Corporation's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of New York State, banks, developers, and contractors with whom we do business, and Federal and New York State legislators, regulators, and other government officials with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to show the Corporation's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Corporation's Treasurer at the Housing Trust Fund Corporation, 38-40 State Street, Albany, New York 12207, by phone at (518) 457-3538, or via e-mail at HTFFinanceUnit@nyshcr.org.

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Mar	rch 31,
	2018	2017
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
ASSETS		
Cash, unrestricted	\$ 13,926,050	\$ 12,895,421
Cash, federal restricted	22,694,538	36,673,666
Cash, state restricted	111,614,739	138,520,805
Cash, donor restricted	1,623,368	1,623,368
Cash, held in escrow	8,890,956	7,246,173
Total	158,749,651	196,959,433
Cash held for beneficiaries	5,886,757	8,551,990
Investments, unrestricted	70,395,090	59,464,467
Investments, federal restricted	62,092,975	52,816,117
Investments, state restricted	187,780,399	49,851,235
Investments, held in escrow	13,613,072	14,408,960
Total investments	333,881,536	176,540,779
Due from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	13,168,926	6,902,409
Other current assets	3,689,167	264,502
Total current assets	515,376,037	389,219,113
Mortgage notes receivable, net	1,438,522	2,070,810
Accrued interest receivable, net	3,478,639	2,389,476
Properties held for sale	6,643,186	19,399,426
Security deposits	13,667	13,667
Total long-term assets	11,574,014	23,873,379
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	3,739,511	5,895,468
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 530,689,562	\$ 418,987,960
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 48,521,256	\$ 27,308,184
Awards payable  Awards payable	7,765,202	27,991,098
Unearned revenue	21,322,677	22,560,985
Due to other governments	12,999,910	12,832,565
Total current liabilities	90,609,045	90,692,832
LONG TERM LIABILITIES		
Due to developers	-	25,000
Other postemployment benefits	6,561,286	4,913,246
Net pension liability	4,862,035	6,299,695
Total long term liabilities	11,423,321	11,237,941
DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,057,319	746,724
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	103,089,685	102,677,497
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Federal Programs	41,642,138	52,838,240
Restricted for State Programs	299,159,969	187,767,158
Restricted by donor	1,623,368	1,623,368
Unrestricted	85,174,402	74,081,697
Total net position	427,599,877	316,310,463
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$ 530,689,562	\$ 418,987,960

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Years Ended March 31,			
	2018	2017		
REVENUES				
Federal Section 8 Project - Based Contract Administration Program	\$ 1,501,839,730	\$ 1,427,347,758		
Federal Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery	489,531,663	623,228,141		
Federal Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher and related programs	508,713,937	486,974,222		
Federal Community Development Block Grant Program	44,636,692	42,462,446		
Federal Home Investments Partnerships Program	18,425,912	28,988,880		
Federal Social Services Block Grant	10,000,000	10,644,384		
Federal National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Program	-	3,898,349		
State of New York Programs	310,198,925	232,703,526		
Investment income	1,663,748	680,407		
Other	2,117,422	956,226		
Total revenues	2,887,128,029	2,857,884,339		
EXPENSES				
Federal Section 8 Project - Based Contract Administration Program	1,482,437,789	1,409,244,340		
Federal Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery	510,148,131	588,491,071		
Federal Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher and related programs	498,925,258	480,090,580		
Federal Community Development Block Grant Program	44,636,692	42,462,446		
Federal Home Investments Partnerships Program	18,425,911	28,988,879		
Post T-CAP Funds	599,950	4,863,519		
Federal Social Services Block Grant	10,000,000	10,644,384		
Federal National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Program	-	3,898,349		
State of New York programs	199,968,528	226,959,047		
Change in provision for contingent loans, net	(456,876)	1,259,206		
Administrative	10,743,609	9,532,470		
Other	409,623	-		
Total expenses	2,775,838,615	2,806,434,291		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	111,289,414	51,450,048		
NET POSITION, beginning of year	316,310,463	264,860,415		
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 427,599,877	\$ 316,310,463		

## Statements of Cash Flows

	Years Ended March 31,			
	2018	2017		
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from				
Federal programs	\$ 2,606,847,784	\$ 2,626,030,288		
New York State programs	310,954,078	232,703,526		
Other programs	8,334,069	1,390,159		
Total sources of cash	2,926,135,931	2,860,123,973		
Payments for				
Federal programs	(2,596,518,391)	(2,587,199,408)		
New York State programs	(200,970,529)	(227,296,786)		
Other programs	(12,181,269)	(20,874,494)		
Total uses of cash	(2,809,670,189)	(2,835,370,688)		
	116,465,742	24,753,285		
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of investments	(336,968,630)	(237,942,982)		
Proceeds from the sale of investments	179,627,873	249,514,957		
	(157,340,757)	11,571,975		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(40,875,015)	36,325,260		
CASH, beginning of year	205,511,423	169,186,163		
CASH, end of year	\$ 164,636,408	\$ 205,511,423		
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net position	\$ 111,289,414	\$ 51,450,048		
Changes in				
Due from U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development	(6,266,517)	(67,913)		
Other assets	(3,424,665)	(246,474)		
Mortgage notes and accrued interest receivables	(456,875)	1,259,206		
Properties held for sale	12,756,240	(5,073,434)		
Security deposits	-	108,940		
Deferred outflows	2,155,957	(5,557,038)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	21,213,072	(41,023,165)		
Awards payable	(20,225,896)	22,834,278		
Unearned revenue	(1,238,308)	(5,722,200)		
Due to developers	(25,000)	(567,785)		
Due to other governments	167,345	(124,511)		
Other postemployment benefits	1,648,040	1,294,815		
Net pension liability	(1,437,660)	5,441,794		
Deferred inflows	310,595	746,724		
	\$ 116,465,742	\$ 24,753,285		

(a Component Unit of the State of New York)

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Organization

The Housing Trust Fund Corporation (Corporation) was established on February 13, 1985, by the Legislature of the State of New York. The Corporation is a component unit of the State of New York and is included in the State's financial statements. The Corporation was initially created to administer low income housing programs within New York State. The Corporation's Board of Directors is comprised of the Commissioner of the Division of Housing and Community Renewal (DHCR), the Chairman of the Housing Finance Agency, and one additional person appointed by the Commissioner. The Board is chaired by the Commissioner of DHCR. The Corporation administers the following significant programs:

#### Federal

- Section 8 Project-based Contract Administration Program to provide low income housing rental subsidy to qualified landlords (previously identified as the Housing Assistance Payment Program).
- Community Development Block Grant Program Disaster Recovery in response to Hurricane Sandy, funding was appropriated to rebuild the affected areas and provide crucial seed money to start the recovery process.
- Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) and Related Programs to provide low income housing rental subsidy to qualified individuals. Related programs are the five-year mainstream program and the moderate rehabilitation program.
- Home Investments Partnerships Program (HOME) to provide funds for the construction and rehabilitation of low income housing.
- Community Development Block Grant Program to provide various housing and economic development activities to municipalities in New York State.

#### **State**

- Low Income Trust Fund Housing Program to provide funds for the construction and rehabilitation of low income housing.
- Public Housing Modernization and Drug Elimination Programs to provide funds to rehabilitate state run public housing authorities and reduce drug and crime activities.
- Homes for Working Families Program to provide funds to finance affordable housing for low income families and senior citizens by accessing tax exempt bond financing and low-income housing credits.
- Medicaid Redesign Team Program to create new supportive housing opportunities through leveraging other public and private investments to maximize potential Medicaid savings.

(a Component Unit of the State of New York)

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### b. Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements follows.

#### c. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### d. Mortgage Notes and Accrued Interest Receivables

The Corporation considers the collection of the majority of its mortgage notes and accrued interest receivable to be contingent upon certain economic and compliance matters at the mortgagor level, and therefore, collection is not reasonably assured. Accordingly, the Corporation generally reserves all balances, with the exception of certain loans that have specific repayment requirements not contingent upon economic and compliance matters or, balances which based on a review of current and prior payments, indicate that a full allowance is not necessary.

#### e. Investments

The investment policy of the Corporation follows the guidance of New York State Law and stipulates that the Corporation may invest in obligations of the State of New York, the United States government, repurchase agreements, or money market deposit accounts. Repurchase agreements must be collateralized by obligations guaranteed by the United States government, which are equal in value to the repurchase agreement. The agreements may not exceed sixty days, and payment may be made only upon delivery of collateral to the Corporation's agent. All investments and related collateral are held by the Corporation's agent in the Corporation's name. All investments have a maturity less than one year from the date of acquisition and are reported at amortized cost.

#### f. Property Acquisition Programs

During the fiscal years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation acquired various properties under the Disaster Recovery Buyout program totaling \$16,234,422 and \$23,867,325, respectively. As these properties will not be used for service delivery, the Corporation has valued them at net realizable value. The properties acquired under the Buyout program cannot be redeveloped, and it is anticipated that they will be transferred to the State of New York or local governments to aid in environmental preservation. Accordingly, the Corporation has not included the value of Buyout properties in the statement of net position.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### f. Property Acquisition Programs - Continued

Properties acquired under the Disaster Recovery Acquisition program may be resold for development purposes. The Corporation disposes of Acquisition properties to qualified bidders under an auction process. The Corporation values these properties at the lower of cost or net realizable value. However, due to the nature of the program, net realizable value is generally lower than cost. The net realizable value of properties held under the Disaster Recovery Acquisition program totaled \$6,643,186 and \$19,399,426 as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Corporation estimates net realizable value on a non-recurring basis utilizing the most recent property dispositions sold through an auction process.

#### g. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the Corporation recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### h. Deferred Outflow and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources consists of changes in assumptions related to the net pension liability (Note 8) and postemployment benefits other than pensions liability (Note 9) and are as follows:

	Marc	n 31, 2018	March :	31, 2017
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Net pension liability related Postemployment benefits other than pensions related	\$ 3,485,481 254,030	\$ 1,057,319 -	\$ 5,895,468	\$ 746,724
Total	\$ 3,739,511	\$ 1,057,319	\$ 5,895,468	\$ 746,724

#### i. Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position of the Corporation at March 31, 2018 and 2017, consists of the following:

#### (a) Restricted Net Position - Federal

Results from funds that accumulate over time from all of the Corporation's federal programs primarily from the sale of properties, mortgage collections, interest on restricted cash accounts, and surplus rental assistance payments accumulated during the current fiscal year. These funds are restricted for allowable program expenses.

#### (b) Restricted Net Position - State

Results from funds that accumulate over time from all of the Corporation's state programs primarily from mortgage collections, interest on restricted cash accounts, and as yet unexpended but committed program funds. These funds are restricted for allowable program expenses.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### i. Restricted Net Position - Continued

#### (c) Restricted Net Position - Donors

Results from funds that accumulate over time from various programs requiring escrow reserves. These funds are restricted for allowable program expenses.

#### j. Revenue Recognition

Federal awards are recognized as revenue at the time the approval of availability of funds is issued by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) or other departments and, when applicable, expenses are incurred. The Corporation recognizes appropriations from the State of New York as revenue at the time a certificate of approval of availability of funds is issued by the Division of the Budget of the State of New York and when the applicable expenses are incurred. Investment and other income are recognized as revenue when earned.

All revenue earned by the Corporation is considered operating revenue in support of the programs administered by the Corporation.

#### k. State of New York Programs

State of New York programs consist of awards primarily to fund the construction of new properties, or the rehabilitation of vacant or under-utilized property, technical assistance expenses, and foreclosure prevention education. Disbursements are made upon approval of certified vouchers. Awards which have approved certified vouchers and are not paid as of March 31 are recorded as awards payable. Technical assistance expenses are primarily construction monitoring, planning, designing, and engineering consulting fees associated with the award contracts, as well as consulting fees for training award applicants.

#### I. Tax Status

The Corporation is exempt from all federal and state income taxes under the provisions of the enabling legislation.

#### m. Subsequent Events

The Corporation has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition or disclosure through June 27, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2 - Cash, Restricted and Unrestricted

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation's bank balances with M&T Bank, Bank of America, and JPMorgan Chase were fully insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Corporation's agent in the Corporation's name.

Certain cash balances are restricted for programmatic purposes.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 3 - Investments, Restricted and Unrestricted

The Corporation's investments are comprised of United States Treasury bills, United States Treasury strips, and agency securities. These investments are carried at amortized cost. All investments mature within one year, and related collateral is held by the Corporation's agent for repurchase agreements in the Corporation's name.

Certain investment balances are restricted for programmatic purposes.

#### Note 4 - Cash Held for Beneficiaries

Under the Federal Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program, the Corporation held federally-funded cash intended for potential beneficiaries. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation held \$5,886,757 and \$8,551,990, respectively, of cash intended for beneficiaries that had not yet been expended for the program.

#### Note 5 - Assets Held in Escrow

Assets held in escrow were held for the following purposes and programs:

	March 31,					
		2018		2017		
Future Post TCap Programs	\$	1,675,115	\$	1,474,182		
NYS Divison of Housing and Community Renewal						
Administration		10,669,751		11,074,615		
Family Self Sufficieny Program payments		4,112,052		3,864,705		
Ppostemployment benefits other than pensions		4,626,005		3,118,841		
Disaster Recovery owner escrow payments		1,185,555		1,876,345		
Other assets held in escrow		235,550		246,445		
	\$	22,504,028	\$	21,655,133		

#### Note 6 - Mortgage Notes and Accrued Interest Receivable

The Corporation administers numerous loan programs as described below. The collections of these mortgages are based upon payment terms contingent with the related underlying debt and regulatory agreements with the Corporation's mortgagors. These agreements call for repayments based upon available cash flows, noncompliance with the regulatory agreement with the Corporation, and other contingent events, such as upon the sale of the underlying real property. The underlying agreements generally require that each mortgagor have an annual audit of its financial statements, including a review of compliance with the regulatory agreement. The Corporation's loans and related allowances for contingent collections are as follows:

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### Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

Note 6 - Mortgage Notes and Accrued Interest Receivable - Continued

						March 31,	2018					
				Allowance		Net				Allowance		Net
		Mortgage		for		Mortgage		Accrued	for			Accrued
		Notes	Contingent			Notes		Interest		Contingent	_	Interest
Program		Receivable		Loans		Receivable		Receivable		Loans	F	Receivable
HOME	\$	226,957,180	\$	(226,957,180)	\$	-	\$	7,183,935	\$	(6,475,358)	\$	708,577
Housing Assistance Fund		2,000,000		(2,000,000)		-		41,320		(41,320)		-
Housing Trust Fund		785,218,764		(783,832,821)		1,385,943		34,480,332		(32,309,510)		2,170,822
Homes for Working Families		184,317,366		(184,268,953)		48,413		7,994,313		(7,738,569)		255,744
Medicaid Redesign Team Program		73,577,049		(73,574,408)		2,641		3,712,679		(3,692,938)		19,741
Subsidy		24,369,472		(24,369,472)		-		2,702,952		(2,680,952)		22,000
Tax Credit Assistance		89,138,331		(89, 138, 331)		-		1,566,153		(1,426,369)		139,784
Turnkey		94,542,785		(94,542,785)		-		398,753		(256,393)		142,360
Community Development Block Grant												
Disaster Recovery		62,518,386		(62,518,386)		-		2,720,357		(2,720,357)		-
PIP		7,768,048		(7,768,048)		-		-		-		-
Preventative Trouble Asset Program		1,888,410		(1,888,410)				-		-		
Rural Community Investment Fund		11,139,619		(11, 139, 619)		-		73,717		(67,162)		6,555
Urban Community Investment Fund		8,377,360		(8,377,360)		-		12,742		(11,541)		1,201
New York State Tech and Development		3,000,000		(3,000,000)		-		262,475		(262,475)		
Office of Persons with Development Disability		2,135,400		(2,135,400)		-				-		-
Middle Income Housing		4,564,500		(4,564,500)		-		_		_		
New York Housing Plan Funds		75,144,543		(75,143,018)		1,525		318,207		(310,086)		8,121
Mitchell Lama		11,579,314		(11,579,314)		-,020		3,734		(0.0,000)		3,734
	-	,	_	( , , )		-		-,,-,-	_			
	\$	1,668,236,527	\$	(1,666,798,005)	\$	1,438,522	\$	61,471,669	\$	(57,993,030)	\$	3,478,639
						March 31,	2017					
				Allowance		Net				Allowance		Net
		Mortgage		for		Mortgage		Accrued		for		Accrued
		Notes		Contingent		Notes		Interest		Contingent		Interest
Program		Receivable	_	Loans	F	Receivable		Receivable	_	Loans	F	Receivable
HOME	\$	217,335,742	\$	(217,335,742)	\$		\$	6,472,905	\$	(5,952,117)	\$	520.788
Housing Assistance Fund	Ψ	2,000,000	Ψ	(2,000,000)	Ψ	_	Ψ	35,856	Ψ	(35,856)	Ψ	020,700
Housing Trust Fund		748,541,832		(746,522,936)		2,018,896		32,600,718		(31,199,285)		1,401,433
Homes for Working Families		171,004,321		(170,952,407)		51,914		6,970,347		(6,619,073)		351,274
Medicaid Redesign Team Program		72,871,274		(72,871,274)		51,514		3,220,672		(3,215,997)		4,675
Subsidy		24,369,472		(24,369,472)		_		2,592,651		(2,553,651)		39,000
Tax Credit Assistance		89,138,331		(89,138,331)		-		1,308,824		(1,236,518)		72,306
						-		477,118				12,300
Turnkey		94,542,785		(94,542,785)		-		4//,110		(477,118)		-
Community Development Block Grant		44 440 070		(44, 440, 070)				4 040 574		(4.040.574)		
Disaster Recovery		41,412,272		(41,412,272)		-		1,212,574		(1,212,574)		-
PIP		5,970,734		(5,970,734)		-		199		(100)		-
Rural Community Investment Fund		10,064,949		(10,064,949)		-				(199)		-
Urban Community Investment Fund New York State Tech and Development		5,232,901		(5,232,901)		-		1,389 82,475		(1,389)		-
Office of Persons with Development Disability		3,000,000 2,135,400		(3,000,000) (2,135,400)		-		02,475		(82,475)		-
Middle Income Housing		664,500		(664,500)		-		-		-		-
New York Housing Plan Funds		18,888,076		(18,888,076)			_	106,979		(106,979)		
-	•		•	<u> </u>	•	0.070.040	•		_		•	0.000.470
	\$	1,507,172,589	\$	(1,505,101,779)	\$	2,070,810	\$	55,082,707	\$	(52,693,231)	\$	2,389,476

#### Note 7 - Unearned Revenue

The Corporation's unearned revenue is as follows:

	 March 31,					
	2017		2016			
Housing Choice Voucher	\$ 4,112,052	\$	3,879,358			
Community Block Grant Disaster Recovery	6,937,103		10,424,135			
Program Income	 10,273,522		8,257,492			
	\$ 21,322,677	\$	22,560,985			

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 7 - Unearned Revenue - Continued

The Corporation administers Federal Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher and Related Programs. The Corporation holds Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) funds on behalf of Section 8 participants. The Corporation is required to disburse the funds to the participants upon completion of certain goals approved by the Corporation, or if the participant fails to complete the program, funds are recognized as additional revenue subject to the restrictions of these programs. The amount of funds held by the Corporation for the Federal Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher and FSS programs is included in restricted cash and restricted investments.

Under the Federal Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery Program, the Corporation held federally-funded cash intended for potential beneficiaries (see Note 4).

The Corporation receives program income under various programs, which is required to be used for that program. Unearned revenue from program income represents amounts collected and not yet disbursed.

#### Note 8 - Retirement Plan

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Corporation participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS), which is administered by the Office of the New York State Comptroller. The net position of ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to ERS. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the Trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of ERS. ERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) provides death benefits in the form of life insurance.

ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements, expanded disclosures, and required supplementary information for ERS. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York, 12244-0001 or at www.osc.state.ny.us/pension/cafr.htm.

#### Plan Benefits

ERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Retirement benefits are established by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) and are dependent upon the point in time at which the employees last joined ERS. The RSSL has established distinct classes of membership. ERS uses a tier concept as follows:

- Tier 1 Those persons who last became members before July 1, 1973.
- Tier 2 Those persons who last became members on or after July 1, 1973, but before July 27, 1976.
- Tier 3 Generally, those persons who are State correction officers who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, but before January 1, 2010, and all others who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, but before September 1, 1983.
- Tier 4 Generally, except for correction officers, those persons who last became members on or after September 1, 1983, but before January 1, 2010.
- Tier 5 Those persons who last became members on or after January 1, 2010, but before April 1, 2012.
- Tier 6 Those persons who first became members on or after April 1, 2012.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

### Note 8 - Retirement Plan - Continued

Plan Benefits - Continued

Generally, members of ERS may retire at age 55; however, members of Tiers 2, 3, and 4 will receive a reduced benefit if they retire before age 62 with less than 30 years of service. Tier 5 members must be 62 years of age with at least 10 years of service credit to retire with full benefits. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members. Tier 6 members with 10 years of service or more can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. A member with less than five years of service may withdraw and obtain a refund, including interest, of the accumulated employee contributions. Members who joined ERS prior to January 1, 2010, generally need five years of service to be 100 percent vested. Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 need 10 years of service credit to be 100 percent vested.

Typically, the benefit for members in all Tiers within ERS is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a Tier 1 or 2 member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a Tier 3, 4, or 5 member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a Tier 3, 4, or 5 member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Final average salary for Tiers 1 through 5 is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. Each year used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year (Tier 1) or no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years (Tier 2). For Tier 3, 4, and 5 members, each year used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years. The benefit for Tier 6 members who retire with 20 years of service is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a Tier 6 member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied to each year of service over 20 years. The final average salary for a Tier 6 member is computed as the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. Each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

An automatic post-employment benefit is provided annually to pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; to pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for ten years; to all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; to ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years; and the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost- of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor but cannot be less than 1 percent or greater than 3 percent.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 8 - Retirement Plan - Continued

#### Contributions

Employee contribution requirements depend upon the point in time at which an employee last joined ERS. Most Tier 1 and Tier 2 members are not required to make employee contributions. Employees in Tiers 3, 4, and 5 are required to contribute 3 percent of their salary, however, as a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees who have ten or more years of membership or credited service within ERS are not required to contribute. The Tier 6 contribution rate varies from 3 percent to 6 percent depending on salary. Tiers 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service. Members cannot be required to begin contributing or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when their memberships began.

Participating employers are required under the RSSL to contribute to ERS at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Comptroller. The average contribution rate for ERS for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018 was approximately 18.2 percent of payroll.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

2018	\$ 1,596,862
2017	1,645,019
2016	1,740,780

The Corporation's contributions made to ERS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation reported liabilities of \$4,862,035 and \$6,299,695 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, respectively. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Corporation's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Corporation's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation's proportion was 0.0517446% and 0.0392498%, respectively.

For the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation recognized pension expense of \$2,879,784 and \$631,480, respectively.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 8 - Retirement Plan - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		March 3	31, 201	8	March 31, 2017				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		eferred	
	0	Outflows of Inflows of			Inflows of Outflows			flows of	
	Resources		F	Resources	F	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	121,838	\$	1,057,319	\$	31,834	\$	746,724	
Change of assumptions		1,661,049		-		1,679,939		-	
Net difference between projected and actual investment									
earnings on pension plan investments		971,145		-		3,737,325		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer									
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		731,449		-		446,370			
Total	\$	3,485,481	\$	1,057,319	\$	5,895,468	\$	746,724	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the year ending December 31,	
2018	\$ 1,063,142
2019	1,063,142
2020	932,758
2021	(630,880)
	\$ 2,428,162

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2017 and 2016 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016 and 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2017 and 2016.

The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions. The assumptions are consistent from year to year, except as noted:

Inflation Rate	2.5 percent
Salary Scale	3.8 percent, index by service
Investment rate of return, including inflation	7.00 percent compounded annually, net of expenses
Decrement 2017 2016	Based on FY 2011-2015 experience Based on FY 2010-2014 experience
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Mortality improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2014

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 8 - Retirement Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2017 are summarized below:

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Domestic equity	36.00%	4.55%
International equity	14.00%	6.35%
Private equity	10.00%	7.75%
Real estate	10.00%	5.80%
Absolute return strategies	2.00%	4.00%
Opportunistic portfolio	3.00%	5.89%
Real assets	3.00%	5.54%
Bonds and mortgages	17.00%	1.31%
Cash	1.00%	-0.25%
Inflation-Indexed bonds	4.00%	1.50%
	100.00%	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of March 31, 2018 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount (7.00%)		% Increase (8.00%)
Corporation's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	15,528,376	\$	4,862,035	\$	(4, 156, 336)

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 8 - Retirement Plan - Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the Employees' Retirement System as of March 31, 2017 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 March 31,			
	 2017		2016	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 177,400,286	\$	172,303,544	
Plan net position	 (168,004,363)		(156,253,265)	
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 9,395,923		16,050,279	
Ratio of plan net position to the				
employers' total pension liability	94.7%		90.7%	

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

*Plan Description:* The Corporation administers a single-employer defined-benefit postemployment healthcare plan. Spouses are eligible for coverage under the plan and benefits may continue to the surviving spouses.

*Benefits Provided:* Retirees eligible for a retirement benefit under New York State Health Insurance Plan (NYSHIP) may elect to continue participating in Corporation health plans. The Corporation pays 90% of member premiums and 75% of dependent premiums.

*Employees covered by benefits terms*: At March 31, 2018 (the census date), the following employees were covered by the benefits terms:

Inactive employees or beneticiaries currently receiving benetit payments	4
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	180
Total	184

Assets: The Corporation has not accumulated plan assets in an irrevocable trust designated for plan participants.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The Corporation's net OPEB liability was measured as of March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Continued

#### **Net OPEB Liability - Continued**

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the March 31, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Aggregate salary increases 3 percent

Discount rate, based on 20 year, tax exempt,
high quality municipal bond rate
2018 4.50 percent
2017 4.75 percent

Individual salary increases based on
NYERS assumptions 3.80 percent

Mortality rates RPH- 2014 with the MP 2016 projection scale

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	March 31,				
		2018		2017	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,913,246	\$	3,618,431	
Changes for the year					
Service cost		1,196,150		1,161,311	
Interest		287,590		170,985	
Change in assumptions		274,032		-	
Benefit payments		(92,574)		(37,481)	
Implicit subsidy fulfilled		(17,158)		-	
Net change		1,648,040		1,294,815	
Balance, end of year	\$	6,561,286	\$	4,913,246	

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Corporation at March 31, 2018, as well as what the Corporation's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.50%) or one percentage point higher (5.50%) than the current discount rate:

		Current				
	1%	6 Decrease		Discount	19	% Increase
		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,018,322	\$	6,561,286	\$	5,425,533

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Continued

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability - Continued

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Corporation at March 31, 2018, as well as what the Corporation's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		rend Rate	1	% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,078,828	\$	6,561,286	\$	8,621,762

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation recognized an OPEB expense of \$1,486,584 and \$1,276,526, respectively. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	March 3	1, 2018	March 31, 2017			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of		Outflows of Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change of assumptions	254,030		<u>-</u>			
Total	\$ 254,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for the next five years as follows:

For the year ending December 31,	
2019	\$ 20,002
2020	20,002
2021	20,002
2022	20,002
2023	20,002
Remaining	154,020
	\$ 254,030

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 10 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### a. Remaining Unexpended Commitments

Since its inception in 1985, the Corporation has provided funding under various Federal and State programs.

	March 31,				
	2018	2017			
Obligated agreements Expended	\$ 27,188,088,030 26,353,759,711	\$ 24,638,619,776 24,151,066,457			
Remaining unexpended commitments	\$ 834,328,319	\$ 487,553,319			

#### b. Disaster Recovery Buyout and Acquisition Program

The Corporation's administration of Buyout and Acquisition properties will require additional costs, including demolition and removal of existing structures, site remediation, infrastructure improvements, general property maintenance, and costs associated with disposition. The Corporation has not estimated the future costs that will be incurred associated with Buyout and Acquisition properties; however, the Corporation believes these costs will be reimbursed by the Federal government under the Disaster Recovery program.

#### c. Litigation

Like most large organizations, the Corporation is periodically involved in litigation as part of the normal course of operations. Provision in the financial statements is made when litigation and claims are determined to be probable and estimable. No provision is made for early stage litigation, for which counsel and management cannot express opinions on the probable outcome.

#### d. Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation receives significant grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting Corporation or the Office of the New York State Comptroller, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Substantially all Federal grants are subject to either the Federal Single Audit Act or to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies of the Federal government, or their designee.

Since 2015, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Office of Inspector General (HUD IG) has issued five audit reports. The HUD IG has deemed approximately \$375 million in expenses as unsupported and subject to future follow-up. Management of the Corporation has responded to these audit reports and in many cases disagreed with the findings.

As a result of the audits, HUD required the Corporation to begin a Recapture Program, in which amounts disbursed to beneficiaries are requested back due to duplication of benefits or ineligible use of benefits. The Corporation has requested approximately \$34 million in costs due back from beneficiaries. Of the requests that have been sent, signed repayment agreements have been received from beneficiaries, totaling approximately \$3.2 million, which has been recorded as an other current asset on the statement of net position.

Management of the Corporation believes it is possible that HUD will enforce repayments on disallowed costs; however, that amount is currently not estimable.

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Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2018 and 2017

#### Note 11 - Transactions with DHCR

The Corporation generally reimburses the New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal (DHCR) for administrative expenses (principally payroll) incurred in the various Federal and State programs to the extent permitted by the Division of the Budget of New York State. The Corporation's total liability to DHCR for administrative expenses at March 31, 2018 and 2017, was \$12,979,751 and \$12,832,565, respectively, and is included within Due to Other Governments on the accompanying statements of net position.

### Note 12 - Project Based Contract Administration Program

The administration of the Project Based Contract Administration Program contract is currently in a request for proposal stage. The Corporation is expecting to administer this program for the foreseeable future. This program is the primary source of revenue for the Corporation.

#### Note 13 - Accounting Pronouncement Issued But Not Yet Implemented

GASB Statement No 82, *Pension Issues* (GASB 82). GASB 82 addresses practice issues raised during implementation of the GASB's pension accounting and financial reporting standards for state and local governments. The requirements of GASB 82 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus* (GASB 85). GASB 85 addresses practice issues identified during the implementation and application for certain GASB statements. The requirements of GASB 85 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Management has not estimated the extent of the potential impact, if any, of these statements on the Corporation's financial statements.

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## Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2018		2017		
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,196,150	\$	1,161,311		
Interest	287,590		170,985		
Changes in assumptions	274,032		-		
Benefit payments	(92,574)		(37,481)		
Implicit subsidy fulfilled	 (17,158)		_		
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,648,040		1,294,815		
Total OPEB liability, beginning	4,913,246		3,618,431		
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 6,561,286	\$_	4,913,246		
Covered, employee payroll	15,921,187		15,457,463		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	41.21%		31.79%		

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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# Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Pension Contributions

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,596,862	\$ 1,645,019	\$ 1,740,780	\$ 1,444,987	\$ 677,026	\$ 683,989	\$ 449,129	\$ 179,212	\$ 117,466	\$ 85,781
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,596,862	1,645,019	1,740,780	1,444,987	677,026	683,989	449,129	179,212	117,466	85,781
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporation's covered-employee payroll	15,921,187	15,457,463	8,946,583	6,395,198	3,444,888	3,626,507	2,193,703	1,501,469	1,374,342	1,100,496
Contribution as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	10.03%	10.64%	19.46%	22.59%	19.65%	18.86%	20.47%	11.94%	8.55%	7.79%

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# Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	 2018		2017		2016	
Corporation's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0517446%		0.0392498%		0.0253949%	
Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,862,035	\$	6,299,695	\$	857,901	
Corporation's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,921,187	\$	15,457,463	\$	8,946,583	
Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	30.54%		40.76%		9.59%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.70%		90.7%		97.95%	

Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.