

# GMS Flash Alert



2019-030 | February 19, 2019

# Singapore - Budget 2019 Contains Measures on NOR Status, Income Tax Rebate

In his 2019 Budget Statement delivered on 18 February 2019, the finance minister for Singapore announced key changes to personal tax for the income tax rebate for Year of Assessment (YA) 2019 and the withdrawal of the Not Ordinarily Resident (NOR) scheme. In addition, there will be a reduction in foreign workforce quota for the services sector.<sup>1</sup>

We discuss these measures in more detail in this GMS Flash Alert.

### WHY THIS MATTERS

- Non-Singapore citizens who have ceased Singapore employment, and who are eligible for the 50-percent income tax rebate (capped at S\$200), should make sure the Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore (IRAS) has a current mailing address on file in order to receive the amended Notice of Assessment (NOA) and refund cheque. Otherwise, the IRAS will send the amended NOA and refund cheque to the individual's last known address.
- The lapse in the NOR scheme will mean the loss of the following two tax concessions under the scheme:
  - 1 Time apportionment of Singapore employment income; and
  - 2 Tax exemption of employer's contributions to non-mandatory pension fund or social security scheme.
- With the planned reduction in foreign worker quotas, companies will need to look to automation to become more productive and less reliant on foreign workers. In addition, companies will need to create attractive employment opportunities for Singapore citizens and permanent residents in a tighter labor environment.

# **Personal Tax Changes**

# Income Tax Rebate for Year of Assessment (YA) 2019

Resident individuals who earned income in the year 2018 will receive a rebate of 50 percent of the tax payable, capped at \$200.

# **KPMG NOTE**

Where a tax equalisation policy is applied, employers will have to take certain steps if they are requesting a refund on behalf of their employees eligible for the rebate. Nevertheless, in view of the nominal sum, employers may not wish to pursue.

## Lapse of the Not Ordinarily Resident (NOR) scheme after Year of Assessment 2020

The final NOR status will be granted for YA 2020 and expire in YA 2024, where relevant conditions are satisfied. Individuals currently accorded NOR status will continue to be granted NOR tax concessions until expiry of their NOR status.

# **KPMG NOTE**

The NOR scheme was introduced in 2002 with a view of attracting talent with regional and global responsibilities to relocate to Singapore. The planned withdrawal of the NOR scheme implies that Singapore's foreign talent pool may be adequate for now. Nonetheless, given the competitive tax regime and stable political and economic environment, Singapore should be able to continue to attract and retain highly-skilled individuals.

#### **Foreign Workforce Adjustments**

In addition, the Finance Minister has announced measures to reduce the foreign workforce quota for the services sector of Singapore's economy. The intention is to manage the growth in foreign workers in that sector, sustain the impetus for restructuring, and support good employment outcomes. The services sector includes any company if it has registered any of the following as its principal business activity:

- Financial, insurance, real estate, and business services.
- Transport, storage, and communications services.
- Commerce (retail and wholesale trade).
- Community, social, and personal services (excluding domestic workers).
- Hotels.
- Restaurants, coffee shops, food courts, and other approved food establishments (excluding food stalls or hawker stalls).

© 2019 KPMG Tax Services Pte Ltd., a Singapore corporation and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative.. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A. NDPPS 530159

To ease the transition, the measures will be implemented in two steps as follows:

- 1. Reduce the foreign workforce quota, i.e., Dependency Ratio Ceiling (DRC) in two steps, from 40 percent of the total workforce to 38 percent from 1 January 2020, and then to 35 percent from 1 January 2021.
- 2. Reduce the Sub-DRC for S-Pass holders in two steps, from 15 percent to 13 percent from 1 January 2020, and then to 10 percent from 1 January 2021.

# **FOOTNOTES:**

- 1 See the <u>budget speech</u> and related documentation on the Singapore Ministry of Finance website.
- 2 S-Pass is the work pass for mid-level skilled staff. Candidates need to earn at least S\$2,300 a month and meet the assessment criteria.

\* \* \* \*

S\$1 = US\$0.7141

S\$1 = £0.575

S\$1 = €0.67

S\$1 = \$80.02

S\$1 = A\$1.03

#### Contact us

For additional information or assistance, please contact your local GMS or People Services professional or one of the following professionals with the KPMG International member firm in Singapore:



**Dennis McEvoy Partner** Tel. + 65 6213 2645 dennismcevoy@kpmg.com.sg



**Anna Low Partner** Tel. + 65 6213 2547 alow@kpmg.com.sg

The information contained in this newsletter was submitted by the KPMG International member firm in Singapore.

© 2019 KPMG Tax Services Pte Ltd., a Singapore corporation and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International, a Swiss cooperative. All rights reserved.

#### www.kpmg.com

### kpmg.com/socialmedia













© 2019 KPMG LLP, a Delaware limited liability partnership and the U.S. member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG") International"), a Swiss entity. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A. NDPPS 530159

The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International

The KPMG logo and name are trademarks of KPMG International. KPMG International is a Swiss cooperative that serves as a coordinating entity for a network of independent member firms. KPMG International provides no audit or other client services. Such services are provided solely by member firms in their respective geographic areas. KPMG International and its member firms are legally distinct and separate entities. They are not and nothing contained herein shall be construed to place these entities in the relationship of parents, subsidiaries, agents, partners, or joint venturers. No member firm has any authority (actual, apparent, implied or otherwise) to obligate or bind KPMG International or any member firm in any manner whatsoever. The information contained in herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

Flash Alert is a GMS publication of KPMG LLP's Washington National Tax practice. To view this publication or recent prior issues online, please click here. To learn more about our GMS practice, please visit us on the Internet: click here or go to http://www.kpmg.com.